BOURCHIER AND HIGGINS
Real Estate Brokers.

The Daily Colonist.

CHEAP LOTS.
BOURCHIER & HIGGINS
SEE ADV.

VOL. LXI---NO. 115. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1889. THIRTY-FIRST YEAR.

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

NOW LANDING, EX "NORCROSS," FROM LONDON:

PAINTS, OILS, SHOT, CARPETS, HESSENS, BLANKETS, FIRE BRICKS, ETC.

—AND—

Further supplies to arrive per "DOCHRA," now due.

—ALSO ON HAND—

Full Stocks of Wines and Groceries.

aug9-1y

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd

THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY S. MASON,
CUYLER A. HOLLAND } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet St, LONDON, ENGLAND.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.

MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.

Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.

Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. o24-tf-dw

WAGONS AND PLOWS.

DEMPSTER, BEEK & CO.

Have just received a consignment of superior Farm Wagons and Sulky Plows, which they offer to retail at low figures.

BEFORE PURCHASING

A Lumber or Farm Wagon, Call and Examine this Stock.

CORNER BROUGHTON AND BROAD.

aug14-6mo

VICE-REGAL VISIT.

GLOVES, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, LACES, HOSIERY, FEATHERS,

—AND—

FANCY WOOL SHAWLS,

In endless variety, for Ball and Reception use.

LATEST NOVELTIES

—IN—

Gauze and Feather Fans.

SPECIAL DISPLAY IN SHOW WINDOWS.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

THE WHITE HOUSE

To Arrive at "Cheapside," October 21,

CAR LOAD GURNEY'S

CELEBRATED

HEATING STOVES.

my21

SPECIAL.

FOUR CASES

MEN'S FINE SHOES

Just Arrived!

—AT—

ERSKINE'S Boot & Shoe EMPORIUM

132 Government Street, Cor. Johnson.

mar23-d&w-1yr.

WHATCOM AND SEHOME
ONE CITY.

The Most Flourishing and Rapidly Growing City on Puget Sound.

Great Sale at Bed Rock Prices

Fifty blocks of level land right in the city. The blocks are divided into lots 40 feet front by 120 feet deep to an alley.

Prices from $3 to $12 per front foot.

Sale will commence on 18th day of October, 1889

After each fifteen days five per cent. will be added to the price. Now is the time for a Fortune! Come and see and don't say you did not have a chance!

M. L. STANGROOM, Gen'l Agent.

EDWARD FISCHER, Land Agent.

oct 1-1m.

WANTS.

WANTED—A nurse girl. Apply at 49 Birdcage Walk. oc26

WANTED—A girl for general house work. Apply between 12 and 1 o'clock, or after 6 o'clock, to Mrs. V. A. Le Prince, next Bank of B. C. No washing and no children. oc26-3t

WANTED—A girl to do general house work. Wages, $18.00 per month. Apply to Mrs. John Cameron, 23 Douglas street. oct25

WANTED—A row boat or small sail boat, stating the price and place where to be seen. Address Arthur Pauzi. oc25-3t

LOST—Hair Bracelet, with gold clasp. Reward will be given for its return to 220 Cook street. oc23-3t

WANTED.—We are desirous of securing a good agent to sell our goods. Salary and commission will be paid a good man.—WM. BARRON & Co., 90 King street West, Toronto, Ont. oc23

WANTED—Employment by a thoroughly domesticated lady from the Old Country. Address "A. Z.," this office. oc19-1w

WANTED—A young man for the wholesale dry-goods. Address "P," care COLONIST Office. oc19 3t

WANTED—situation by young man; good business abilities, sharp and energetic; first-class penman. References, or security if a position of trust. Address: B. C., care COLONIST office. oc21-3t

WANTED—A housemaid to do light work. Apply to No. 42 Superior st., between 11 a. m. and 12 noon. oc24-2t

WANTED—10 good canvassers, at 97 Yates street. Good position to right parties. oc24-1w

AMUSEMENTS.

TICKETS
FOR THE
CITIZEN'S BALL

To their Excellencies

The Governor-General and the Lady Stanley of Preston, and for the Banquet to His Excellency the Governor-General, may be obtained from any of the following Committee: Mayor Grant, H. E. Crossdaile, Capt. A. W. Jones, H. K. Prior, Joshua Davies.

The BALL will be held at Assembly Rooms, Fort Street, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 5th. Tickets $10.

The BANQUET at the same place, on Thursday evening, October 31st. Tickets $5.

JAMES L. RAYMUR, Hon. Sec.

oc23-1w

THE
Grand Display of Fireworks
IN THE
CALEDONIAN GROUNDS
Will be given This Week.

The following Pyrotechnical Illuminations will be displayed:

No. 1—Pyramidical Images, each set containing five different motions.
No. 2—Beautiful Flower Pyramid, with three beautiful motions.
No. 3—Representing Gold Fish, changing into Serpents and Ducks swimming in water; also introducing numerous others.

The fireworks will continue for two hours.

GRAND BALL

To take place immediately after fireworks. Music supplied by Queen City Brass Band.

BRING YOUR FAMILIES.

Admission 50c. Children 25c.

☞ Tickets purchased for Saturday night still hold good. oct25-td

HALLOWEEN CONCERT

Under the auspices of the Young People's Literary Society of the First Presbyterian Church,

On Tuesday Evening, Oct. 29,

IN THE SCHOOLROOM OF THE CHURCH.

Concert to begin at 8 p.m. prompt. Doors open at 7:30.

Admission 50 cents.

Ticket-holders will have seats reserved until 7:50.

The following ladies and gentlemen have kindly consented to assist: Misses O'Neil, Jamieson, Russell, Hyams, Stephens; Messrs Rhodes, Loseby, Sharpe, Moir, Kinnaird, Mellon, Begg, Brown and choir. oc23-td

MATCH RACE

A MATCH RUNNING RACE, FOR A Purse of $1,000, between E. Gowdy's "Maud," of Ladner's Landing, and A. Castle's "Royal," of Nanaimo, will take place on Tuesday, 29th inst., at 3 p. m., at the Victoria Driving Park.

Judges to be appointed by the Victoria Jockey Club Association. oc23-1w

VOTERS.

Any persons wishing to have their names added to the Provincial Voters' List, can have the same done free of expense by applying to W. DALBY, Office, Duck's Building, Johnson street. oct27

PUBLIC MEETING
AT PHILHARMONIC HALL,
This Friday Ev'g, 25th inst

To discuss the attitude of the Dominion Government towards the City of Victoria.

1st. A special invitation to all opposed to the further introduction of Chinese labor, by any change in the Restriction Act.

2nd. A special invitation to all opposed to the duty on mining machinery, and the crippling of our great prospective mining industry.

3rd. A special invitation to all opposed to the building up a rival city with money taken from the Dominion Treasury.

4th. A special invitation to all in favor of a Free Port, or free unshackled trade with our southern neighbors.

5th. A special invitation to all in favor of the Canadian Western, the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railways, and the extension of the E. & N. and any other railways conducive to the prosperity and growth of the city.

6th. A special invitation to all in favor of the calling of the China steamers.

7th. All those in favor of demanding for Victoria "a fair field and no favors."

N.B.—E. G. Prior, M. P., and Thos. Earle invited to seats on the platform.

ALDERMAN W. WILSON, Chairman of Meeting.

Trouble to commence at 8 o'clock. oc25

VICTORIA NURSERY
AND SEED ESTABLISHMENT.

P. T. JOHNSTON & CO.,

Successors to Mitchell & Johnston, Will have for sale during the coming season a large and varied assortment of

Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs,

Evergreens, Herbaceous Plants, Bulbs,

And other nursery stock of all descriptions, suitable to the climate, including many novelties from Japan, at prices far lower than they can be imported from Canada or the east.

☞ Clover and grass seeds and all other seeds at greatly reduced prices.

For further particulars see our price catalogues, which will be forwarded post free on application. oc5

SEED STORE. No. 23 Fort Street. NURSERY. Cadboro Bay Road.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOARD for three gentlemen in private family. Apply 149 Chatham st. oc6

173 Government Street. 173

SUGAR

TOOK ANOTHER TUMBLE.

Sugar	12 lbs. for	$1 00
Oat Meal, Rolled	18 " "	1 00
Oat Meal, Saanich	10 " "	45
Corn Meal	10 " "	40
Flour, Choice, per bbl.		5 50
Sago and Tapioca	10 lbs. for	1 00
Rice	20 " "	1 00
Beans	20 " "	1 00
Currants	10 " "	1 00
Peel, Citron, Lemon & Orange, per lb	30 to	40
Hams, Fidelity, per lb.		18
Bacon per lb		16
Coffee, Choice Mocha and Java, "		40
" My Own Blend "		30
Tea, M. M., per 5 lbs.		1 50
" My Own Blend, per 5 lbs.		2 00
" Y. S., per lb		40
T. & B. Tobacco, 5 plugs		1 00
Peas, Beans, Corn and Tomatoes, 7 tins		1 00
Oysters, Salmon, Lobsters, Milk, 5 tins		1 00
Soap, by the arm full		1 00

These are all First Class Goods, And Don't You Forget It.

Before buying elsewhere call and get price list at 173 Government Street.

oct27-dw WM. ECKHART

FOR SALE,
IN LOTS,

The Choice Building Sites, comprising the

WHOLE FRONTAGE OF

The Nesbitt Property,

ON

Cadboro Bay Road and Pemberton Streets,

(ON THE ELECTRIC CAR ROUTE.)

For particulars, price lists, etc., apply to

JNO. J. AUSTIN, Real Estate Agent,

oc27-tf 57 Government st., Victoria.

---Victoria---

JOCKEY CLUB

RACES

Under the Patronage of His Honor

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR

Saturday and Monday

Nov. 2nd and 4th.

—AT—

Victoria Driving Park,

OF THE OCCASION OF THE VISIT OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE

GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Purses aggregating $1,600

Particulars to be had from the Secretary,

D. E. CAMPBELL,
P. O. Box 260,
oct27 VICTORIA.

Eureka Silver Mining Company, Ld.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following described shares in the Capital Stock of the above-named Company, have been forfeited according to law, and that the certificates therefor and relating thereto, have been and now remain cancelled, namely:—Certificate No. 106, William Dalby, 20 shares, Nos. 1600 to 1604 and 2323 to 2337; certificate No. 148, William Dalby, 20 shares, Nos. 2363 to 2382, and relating thereto; certificate No. 105, William Robertson, 20 shares, Nos. 2293 to 2322; certificate No. 80, Hugh Stalker, 10 shares, Nos. 1507 to 1516; certificate No. 100, Hugh Stalker, 17 shares, Nos. 1240 to 1256; certificate No. 71, John A. Webster, 15 shares, Nos. 1021 to 1035; certificate No. 77, John A. Webster, 5 shares, Nos. 1331 to 1333, 1455, 1456; certificate No. 81, John A. Webster, 5 shares, Nos. 2234 to 2238.

All persons are cautioned not to negotiate or deal with the said certificates or shares or any of them.

Victoria, B. C., 26th October, 1889.

GEO. A. SARGISON, Secretary.

oc27-1w

CARD OF THANKS.

THE HON. SECRETARY OF THE Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital begs to return thanks to the following ladies and gentlemen who so kindly volunteered their services at the Victoria Theatre concert on Tuesday last, the 22nd instant:

Mrs. McNaughton-Jones, Miss Boddington, Miss Mathews, Miss Mouat, Miss Shaw, Captain Hulton, R. N., Lieut. Chads, R. N., Mr. Floyd, R. N., Mr. Boyle, R. N., Mr. Deacon, R. N., Mr. Teed, R. N., Mr. Treglohan, R. N., Mr. G. G. Purches, R. N.

Likewise the band of H. M. S. Swiftsure, under the direction of their talented leader, Mr. Loseby, and to Messrs. M. W. Waitt & Co., for the kind loan of a piano. The result of the proceeds ($27.30) though not quite so large as might have been anticipated, is nevertheless fully appreciated by the Hospital Committee.

Victoria, B. C., 26th October, 1889.

oc27-1t

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointment:—

22nd October, 1889.

CHARLES A. COLDWELL, of the City of Vancouver, Esquire, to be Deputy Registrar of the County Court of New Westminster, holden at Vancouver; Registrar under and to carry out the "Marriage Ordinance, 1867," and the "Marriage Ordinance Amendment Act, 1872;" District Registrar of births, deaths and marriages, for Burrard Inlet District; and Collector of Voters for the Burrard Inlet Polling Division of the Electoral District of New Westminster, *vice* C. Gardiner Johnson, Esquire, resigned.

oct27-1t

MISS MACNAMARA,
TRAINED MEDICAL AND SURGICAL NURSE,
15 Blanchard st., cor. Kane. o20-1m

PERFORATED
Stamping Patterns
For the Latest Styles of
EMBROIDERY
At reasonable rates.
Apply:
ROOM 30, CLARENCE HOTEL.
On Monday and Tuesday. o13

THE CRONIN TRIAL.

Exciting Episode During Yesterday's Proceedings.

Forrest, Counsel for Defense, Raises a Little Breeze.

He Wanted Evidence Stricken Off the Record Because a Witness Read the Reports in the Newspapers.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—When the Cronin trial was resumed this morning the court-room was again densely crowded. The first witness called to the stand was Dr. Moore, whose evidence was about the same as that of Dr. Egbert's yesterday afternoon.

An exciting episode occurred during Moore's evidence. Witness was asked by attorney Forrest if he had not been in the court-room while Drs. Egbert and Perkins were testifying yesterday, and if he had not read the testimony which they had given. The replies to these questions were in the affirmative. Witness adding he knew of no rule of court that forbade him to read the testimony. Thereupon counsel for the defendants moved that the whole of Dr. Moore's testimony be stricken from the record on the ground that it was given in direct violation of a rule of court.

After a moment's pause, Judge McConnell replied, "I think this is a violation of the rules. The testimony of the witness is orderded stricken off."

Intense excitement ensued. Counsel for state were on their feet in an instant. W. J. Hynes was the first to speak. "If that rule is to obtain your honor," he shouted in a voice that could be heard out in the corridor, "we might as well adjourn the case now. It is impossible for us to keep our witnesses from reading the newspapers."

Hon. Luther Laflin Mills interrupted at this point. "The rule of this court," he ejaculated, with arm and finger outstretched toward the bench, is definite and clear cut. It was that witnesses would be excluded from the court-room. We have obeyed the rule in the most strict sense, and, if this new ruling is to prevail, we may as well, as my colleagues say, stop the case here and now."

A lively verbal warfollowed, in which Forrest, Mills and Hymes participated. Forrest insisted on the strict legal interpretation of the rule. Hymes retorted that if witnesses were not to be permitted to read the papers the result would be to bring two classes to the stand. Honest men would come there and admit they had read the testimony, while others would lie about it, and the advantage would be with the liars and perjurers.

"Then don't bring perjurers here to testify," shouted Judge Wing at the top of his voice.

When the commotion had subsided, Judge McConnell, in a calm and deliberate manner, announced that he had reversed his decision, and that Doctor Moore's testimony was admitted to record.

The defence took exception.

Patrick Dinen, of the North Side Livery, was called to the stand. He testified that Detective Coughlan on the day of Dr. Cronin's disappearance had engaged a rig for a friend. Witness described how the mysterious stranger had called; how the now celebrated white horse had been hitched up, and other details which were made public shortly after the discovery of the body of the physician in the Lake View man hole. Forest wanted all this testimony stricken out, but the motion was peremptorily denied. Cross-examination failed to shake the liveryman's story. He said the first person that took out the white horse after May 4th was Captain Shack. Witness went on to say that after he had told his story to Capt. Schack, he met Coughlin. The detective said to him, "Well, I hope you are satisfied now." Dinen replied he had done the only thing he could do.

"Well," said counsel, "I'd hate to put anything dirty in your way, you're a clear case of a weakener."

To which witness responded, "Well, if you put anything wrong before me I'll weaken mighty quick, as quick as a bay steer.

Further cross-examination failed to weaken the liveryman's testimony, and when he was released from the stand recess was taken.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Scarcity of Water.

MONCTON, N. B., Oct. 26.—Owing to the drought, there is at present not more than ten pounds pressure of water in any part of the City waterworks mains.

New Shoe Markets.

QUEBEC, Oct. 26.—Quebec shoe manufacturers are looking for new markets for their wares, and are about invading British Columbia and Australia.

French Canadians Indignant.

OTTAWA, Oct. 26.—Considerable indignation is expressed in French Canadian circles here at the fact that Lieut.-Governor Royal, in opening the Northwest Council, did not repeat his speech from the Throne in French.

A Missing Music Teacher.

WINNIPEG, Man., Oct. 26.—Andre Rohmea, a music teacher who has been resident in Winnipeg for a few months, has been absent from the city since Tuesday last, and his absence is causing some anxiety among his friends.

Business Failure.

HAMILTON, Ont. Oct. 26.—Brown, Balfour & Co., wholesale groceries, suspended this morning. Business circles are excited over it. Allan Brown, M.P., has been senior partner of the firm since 1872.

$20,000 Fire in Paisley.

PAISLEY, Oct. 26.—A fire broke out in the store of W. H. McFarlane early this morning, spread and destroyed or damaged the following: The Panna House, John Claxton; dry goods and groceries, James Anderson; book store and Stark's building; Forbes McCalder's building; Wm. Barnett, tailor, the Misses McTavish, millinery and dressmakers; and McFarlane's dry goods store. The loss will be nearly $20,000, about half of which is covered by insurance. Miss McTavish, after letting her sister down from an upstairs window by means of two blankets tied, when the building was ablaze, jumped headlong to the street and was badly injured.

Mysterious Fires in a Church.

QUEBEC, Oct. 26.—The parishioners of the adjacent parish of St. Catharines, Port Neuf, are greatly excited over the mysterious happenings in connection with the recent fire at the Presbytery church. It seems flames would suddenly and without any apparent cause burst out in the most unexpected places; among the surplices, in bags of clothing, in brooms, in front of the altar, in carpets on the floor, and it is even asserted that a table cloth was consumed on the table at which the cure was sitting. At the request of the church authorities the Cardinal has sent up Mgr. Hamel and a couple of his other household clergy to investigate the matter.

Stormy Liberal Meeting.

MONTREAL, Oct. 26.—The Club National of the Liberals, held the stormiest meeting of their history last evening, several prominent members nearly coming to blows. It was largely attended by leading men of the party, and there was a wordy war of three hours duration between two factions, one made up of irreconcilables of the old Rogue Liberal school, and the other of Nationalists friendly to the Mercier government. There was an organized effort made to oust C. Lebouf, president, for having condemned Mercier's alliance with the Castors, and it succeeded.

A Smallpox Alarm.

WINDSOR, Oct. 26. — King's Mill, Gosfield Leamfield, and Mersea have issued a proclamation calling upon the ratepayers to get vaccinated. Several cases of smallpox have broken out and there seems to be an apprehension that it will spread to places on the lake front.

A Montreal Fire.

MONTREAL, Oct. 26.—The three story stone building occupied by R. R. Buchanan & Co. as a machinery depot, the Montreal Truss Co., Charles S. Aspinall's machine shop, the Dominion Steam Laundry and Dominion Lye Works, was damaged, together with contents, by fire early this morning to the extent of $25,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

ENDED IN A DRAW.

The Lacrosse Match Between Vancouver and Westminster.

McGregor, of the Vancouver Team, Ruled off the Field for Fighting—A Hardly Contested Game.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

NEW WESTMINSTER, Oct. 26.—The great championship lacrosse match today ended in a draw but the championship justly belongs to Westminster. The grounds were crowded with people and fully four hundred Vancouverites were on the field. It was a grand match, and the best and most scientific one ever played in the province. E. W. Mathews, of Victoria, was referee, and too much praise cannot be given to him for the just and equitable manner in which he settled all disputed points.

The first game was well contested, but there was a lack of team play on both sides. Westminster had by far the best of the play and did pretty much as they liked with the ball for twelve minutes, when Stewart took it out of the scrimmage and passed it to Cambridge, who shot it between the flags.

The second game only lasted two minutes. After a little field play Cambridge got the rubber passed to Ryall, who dropped it in front of the flags, where Hill picked it up and sent it through, winning the second game for Westminster.

The third game was stubbornly contested and Vancouver showed some excellent field play, but the Westminster's defence was always on hand. W. H. Cullin, as goal keeper, did beautiful work, and won the plaudits of the immense throng time and again. After 26 minutes' play, Simpson got a shot on the Westminster flags. Cullen put up his stick to stop it, but the ball was sent with such force that the gut was broken and the rubber went through, winning the game for Vancouver.

The fourth game lasted longer than any of the others, owing to several disputes and a fight between McGregor, Stewart and several others. For a moment it looked as if a riot would be the outcome. The referee ruled McGregor off the field for striking Stewart, and the game proceeded. It was getting dark, and Umpire Morrow called time, and said he could not see the ball and therefore could not give a decision if one was required. There were still nine minutes wanting before time was up, and the Vancouver men made a demand to continue the game, which was done, Mr. Morrow, however, protesting that he could not give a positive decision. A shot was made on the Westminster goal and the Vancouver men called game, which Mr. Morrow, would not dispute, although he was not certain. This made two goals for each side and the matter ended in a draw. The Vancouverites simply howled with delight when the result was announced.

The teams were composed as follows: Westminster—Cullen, Whyte, McDonald, McBean, Campbell, McMartin, Gow, Stewart, Lewis, Ryall, Hill, and Cambridge. Vancouver—Finch, Suckling, Quigley, Bigham, Smith, Rankin, D. Smith, Law, Simpson, McGregor, McLean, and Woods.

VANCOUVER AGAIN CHALLENGED.

After the game, Westminster issued a challenge to Vancouver to play any day next week for any amount with the same teams as played to-day.

The Standard Life Assurance Co.

Have a local board of directors in Victoria who are empowered to accept risks and settle claims without reference to the Head office.

Funds invested in Canada, $4,500,000. Funds deposited in Ottawa with government for Canadian policy holders, $1,180,000. Robt. Ward & Co., agents.

o-o-d*

A Strong Following.

MANY diseases result from neglected constipation, such as sick headache, bad blood, foul humors, heartburn, dizziness and general ill health. From one to three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters is guaranteed to cure constipation and all diseases caused by irregularity of the bowels.

Fresh Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. New England Bakery, Government street. YOUNG BROS.,

o4 Telephone call No. 161.

If the Sufferers from Consumption, Scrofula and General Debility will try Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, they will find immediate relief and a permanent benefit. Dr. H. V. Mott, Brentwood, Cal., writes: "I have used Scott's Emulsion with great advantage in cases of Phthisis, Scrofula and Wasting Diseases. It is very palatable." Sold by Druggists, at 50c. and $1.00.

She Gave Them Castoria.
When she had Children.
She clung to Castoria.
When she became Miss.
She cried for Castoria.
When she was a Child.
We gave her Castoria.
When Baby was sick.

T. N. HIBBEN & Co. are agents for the Admiralty Charts.

Made from prime selected tobacco; Sweet Caporals.

CAPITAL NOTES.

The Negotiations for Trade With Australia.

Amount of Free Newspapers Carried Through the Mails.

Government Knows Nothing About the Pope Being Arbitrator in the Behring's Sea Difficulty.

From our own Correspondent.

OTTAWA, Oct. 26.—Hon. Mr. Abbott has returned from England, and it is understood he will now proceed to Australia and in March open negotiations for increasing trade between Canada and the Antipodean colonies.

The amount of free newspaper matter carried by the mails during the first fourteen days in September was 379,000 pounds, or nearly ten million pounds in a year. At the old rate of one per cent. per pound this would represent an income of $100,000.

Sir John Thompson informed THE COLONIST correspondent to-night that the government knew absolutely nothing about the report of the Pope being asked to act as arbitrator in the Behring's Sea difficulty.

EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

Funeral of the Late King of Portugal.

The Emperor and Empress of Germany at Athens.

Mr. Gladstone Addresses a Large Meeting at Chester on the Condition of English Workmen.

GLADSTONE AT CHESTER.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Mr. Gladstone addressed a large meeting at Chester to-night. In the course of his speech he contrasted the condition of the English workman of to-day with that of fifty years ago, showing there had been within the last half-century an increase of fifty per cent. on their wages, and the workmen of to-day enjoyed better and cheaper food and clothing. He urged his hearers, and workingmen generally, to study the history of the American revolution. The system of government in America combined that love of freedom and respect for the law, which formed the surest element of national greatness. The revolutionary statesmen of America, he declared, were the greatest of any epoch.

THE KAISER AT ATHENS.

The German Imperial yacht Hohenzollern, with the Emperor and Empress on board, arrived at Piracus this afternoon. The weather was very stormy and the landing of the Imperial party was delayed two hours owing to the seasickness of the Empress. The King, Queen and Crown Prince of Greece met the Emperor and Empress at the entrance to the harbor. Immediately after landing the party took a special train for Athens, where they were welcomed by the Greek minister, foreign diplomats and others. Alighting from the train, the party entered state carriages and were driven to the palace. The route was lined with troops, behind which were immense crowds of people who cheered the visitors enthusiastically.

CONCESSIONS TO THE VATICAN.

The Russian government has conceded most of the demands of the Vatican, and as a result of the settlement of the differences seven Catholic bishops in Russia will shortly be appointed.

FUNERAL OF KING LOUIS.

The funeral services over the body of the late Louis I., King of Portugal, took place at Lisbon to-day. A large number of notable persons, including foreign diplomats and cabinet ministers, were present. Among the floral offerings was a wreath placed upon the coffin by the widowed Queen, bearing the inscription, "A souvenir of the soul, heart and eternal love of thy inconsolable wife in death and life—Maria."

The cortege started at 9:30 a. m. Immediately behind the funeral car followed representatives of Germany, England, France and Turkey. Then came the royal mourners. The last carriage was occupied by the new king, Carlos I., in company with the Duke of Montpensir and the Duke of Aosta. The cortege arrived at the Pantheon at 4:30 p.m. The procession was met by Mgr. Vounetelli, papal nuncio, the diplomatic corps and members of the royal household, who awaited its arrival in St. Stevens' church. The patriarch of Lisbon, Cardinal Neto, blessed the remains, and the body was consigned to the tomb. The firing of 101 guns announced the lowering the corpse. The Duke of Edinburgh was too ill to attend the funeral and sent an officer to represent him.

ELECTRIC LIGHT ASSOCIATION.

Among the resolutions passed by the executive committee of the National Electric Light Association at a meeting in London to-day was the following: "That the currents now in use in this and other cities of the country are absolutely necessary for the successful and economical distribution of electricity for arc and incandescent lighting purposes, and that the accidents which have recently occurred in this city have been due to faulty construction and defective insulation, coupled with restrictive legislation and divided responsibility which for years has prevented such comprehensive repairs and reconstruction as would have insured safety and good services."

THE PRINCE OF WALES' HEALTH.

A London special from Athens says: The Prince of Wales stood the journey to Athens so badly and his failing health was so obvious that it was suddenly arranged two days ago that he should set sail for Egypt on a man-of-war on Monday, accompanied by his two sons. This breaks up a whole series of festivity arrangements, beginning with a grand concert ball on Tuesday, as far as English participatoes goes, and it would evidently not have been decided upon without serious cause.

YESTERDAY'S GYMKHANA.

The Second Meeting Fully Equal to the First—A Sure Cure for the Blues.

The second gymkhana meeting held yesterday afternoon at the Victoria Driving Park was, if possible, productive of more solid fun than the first. With favorable weather, a large list of entries, and a fair attendance of fashion, everything passed off smoothly and to the satisfaction of all.

CHANGE NUMBER RACE.

Event No. 1 on the programme yesterday was called at 2:30 o'clock sharp, and brought out six starters: Lt. Thynne, R. N.; Lt. Warrender, R. N.; Capt. Annesley, R. N.; Mr. Cecil Ward, Mr. Paine and Mr. Blanchard. Mr. Jervis, R. N., was also in the race—that is when his dancing and baulking pony felt like it. The race was termed a "change number race." Both horses and riders were numbered—odds and evens—and bore distinguishing marks. Mounting, bare-backed, at the fall of the flag, the competitors were required to ride over two hurdles to a post 150 yards distant, dismount, odds and evens to change horses and ride home over the hurdles.

The fun commenced at the first hurdle, where all the horses baulked. Mr. Blanchard was the first to force his "Kitty" over, and Mr. Cecil Ward followed close behind, both taking the second hurdle together in splendid style. On the return Mr. Blanchard took the lead, and would have had the race without a doubt had not his change mount refused the first hurdle. Here Mr. Cecil Ward got the lead which he kept to the finish. Mr. Blanchard came in second, with a straggling following. Great amusement was caused by a misunderstanding between one of the riders and his horse, which instead of taking the hurdle coming home, deliberately climbed over the fence at the side of the track and started for home, serenely unconscious of the laughing crowd.

POSTILLION.

"Once around the course, taking four hurdles; each competitor to ride one horse and lead another, and come in with his led horse;" so the postillion race was set down on the programme. Lt. Thynne, with Tommy and Little Lady; Lt. Warrender, Buffalo Bill and Brer Rabbit; and Dr. Duncan, Croughpatric and Irish Maid, drew up in line for the start, and were sent away well together. The doctor took the pole and the lead right from the wire, and drew away from his rivals with every bound of his team. Fatal to his hopes of winning, his led horse refused the first hurdle and finally pulled away from him, throwing him out of the race. Lt. Warrender, his horses running neck and neck, took the hurdle in fine form, closely followed by Lt. Thynne. Riding no less well, Lt. Thynne gave his opponent a break-neck race around the course, but failed to decrease the daylight between himself and the leader who passed under the wire winner by four good lengths.

HALF-MILE RUN.

Two representatives of the navy, Messrs. Tremaine and Schafter, and two "C" Battery men, Messrs. Brimstone and Kirkpatrick, were the starters in the half-mile flat race, open only to men of the services.

Brimstone, at the start, took the lead, apparently having things all his own way. At the quarter, Tremaine pushed him close, while Kirkpatrick quietly forged to the fore. At the half, Schafter had practically gone out of the race, and Tremaine and Brimstone were running together, with Kirkpatrick close behind. At the three-quarter the trio spurted, and came up the homestretch in splendid style, Kirkpatrick finally passing the leaders and coming past the grand stand ahead, with Tremaine second. Time, 2.18.

BALL AND BUCKET.

In the fourth event the riders entering galloped singly to a post 100 yards from the start, upon which was placed a wooden ball. To win the race they were required to pick up the ball without slackening their speed and drop it into a bucket twenty yards further on. Four or five tries were allowed each contestant, but although many good attempts were made it was a case of "so near and yet so far" to pick up the ball. Mr. Fisher, whose riding was the admiration of everyone on the ground, finally secured the ball and won the race. Several times while the trials were being made Mr. Fisher astonished the crowd by leaning from his saddle, and without checking his horse picking the ball off the ground in the regulation Wild West style.

TANDEM RACE.

Another keenly contested event was the tandem race, in which there were four starters. Dr. Duncan led from the drop of the flag, but lost his companion horse at the quarter-pole, and the race became an exciting one between teams in charge of Lt Thynne, Mr. Fisher and Mr. Pemberton. Mr. Pemberton won, with Lt. Thynne second, and Mr. Fisher third. Lt. Warrender was distanced owing to a misunderstanding of affairs by his leader.

SIDE-SADDLES.

6. "Side saddle race—Ladies nomination. Once round the course over four hurdles; skirt and bonnet to be worn; each competitor to give the name of the lady he is nominated by to the secretary with his entry." In this race the fun became fast and furious. Each of the seven starters looked charming in female attire, and the grand stand was very much divided as to who was the prettiest. Mr. E. B. Drummond won the race.

BALACLAVA MELEE.

Two teams of four men each took opposite ends of the straight course for this event. Each rider wore a plumed helmet, and carried a single-stick. At the word "Go!" the opposing "troops" dashed down on each other and engaged in a singlestick battle, the object in which was to beat down the rival plumes. The red feathers appeared strongest from the start and in the first charge all but Mr. W. A. Ward who wore white plumes lost them to the conquering reds. Mr. Ward was left to battle for the honor of his troop against three enemies, and he fought like a veteran. Only after a hard fight did his plume go down to a stroke from behind. In the second dash Mr. Fisher acquitted himself nobly for the red knights, vanquishing three opponents amid the applause of the grand stand.

HURDLE RACE.

Last on the programme came the hurdle race, once around the course, over four flights of hurdles, well brushed. Dr. Duncan, on Croaghpatrick, rode a splendid race to win, and came under the wire with a four-length lead. On the homestretch a mishap occurred, which, for a moment, caused the onlookers to hold their breath. Mr. Drummond's horse was crowded too close to the fence at the last hurdle and fell, bringing with it the horse running at its side and dismounting both riders. The others were close behind, and it looked as though men and horses would be trampled under foot. Mr. Fisher, who was following, was too near the fallen horses to turn, so he put spurs to his horse and cleared the men and their mounts in a long, flying leap, that would have been a credit to any equestrian. His presence of mind averted what would otherwise have been a serious accident.

Like the first gymkhana, yesterday's meeting was an almost inexhaustible supply of fun—an excellent prescription for those anxious to grow fat, in accordance with the old adage, "Laugh and grow fat," and one very easily taken.

From Bad to Worse.

SCROFULA leads to consumption. From three to six bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters will cure scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas, boils, pimples, blotches, tetter, shingles, scald head, sore eyes, and all skin affections, by cleansing the system and removing all impure matter that causes bad blood. swf

A fine assortment of Teachers' Bibles.

T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

Sweet Caporals draw more and last longer than any other brand.

CANADA'S VICEROY

Receives an Enthusiastic Welcome at Vancouver.

Their Excellencies the Guests of Bishop Sillitoe To-day.

Full Text of the Addresses Presented by Vancouver and the Municipality of Langley.

VANCOUVER, Oct. 26.—Precisely at 1.30 o'clock the vice-regal party arrived at the depot. Long before that hour an immense throng had congregated in the vicinity. The bluffs in the neighborhood of the station were crowded, as were also the streets and sidewalks. The locomotive was gaily decorated with bunting, evergreens and mottoes. The mayor, aldermen, and reception committee were in waiting, and as soon as the train stopped His Worship stepped on board and was introduced to His Excellency by Mr. Abbott. The party on leaving the train took seats in carriages which had been assigned them. That containing His Excellency, Lady Stanley, Hon. Edward Stanley, and the Mayor was drawn by four beautiful dapple grey horses. Sergeant McLaren and a posse of police headed the procession, which was marshalled by Mr. George Black and Sergeant McMurphy, both in Highland uniform. A number of Knights of Pythias, uniformed and on horseback, formed a guard of honor. At the Hotel Vancouver addresses were delivered by the mayor, school children and the municipality of Langley. His Excellency, in reply, said he could not find words sufficient to thank the mayor and council and people of Vancouver for the warm and magnificent welcome they had given him. After these ceremonies were over the party left for New Westminster at 3:35 p. m., to return again on Monday.

The address presented by Mayor Oppenheimer was as follows:

To the Right Honorable Lord Stanley, Governor-General of Canada:

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,—We, the citizens of Vancouver, desire to express the gratification which we feel at the arrival in our midst of the representative of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen, and we beg to tender you and Lady Stanley a hearty welcome.

The first occasion on which a Viceroy of Canada has visited this, the youngest city in the Dominion, we hail the arrival in Vancouver of your Excellency, as the official recognition of the completion of that great national work, the Canadian Pacific Railway, an undertaking to which Vancouver owes its existence, and of which it is the western terminus. From that circumstance and from the favorable geographical situation which our city occupies, we believe Your Excellency will realize the important part which Vancouver is destined to take in the future commercial development of the Dominion.

It was with the highest feelings of satisfaction that we learned that Your Excellency's Government, in conjunction with the Imperial Government, had decided to subsidize a line of mail steamships between our city and the ports of the Orient, whereby the trade of the Dominion will be enlarged, her commercial relations with the teeming populations of China and Japan be extended, a new field be opened for Canadian manufactures and the sources of employment for our artisans be widened.

We have heard with much interest that Your Excellency's Government, imbued with the patriotic idea that the various parts of the Empire should be drawn closely together by commercial ties, has decided to send one of your most trusty ministers to visit the government of our sister colonies in Australia, with the view of making such mutually satisfactory arrangements as shall fulfill the purpose of his mission. We trust that his labors will be crowned with such success that before long we will have direct mail and telegraphic communication with our cousins at the Antipodes, so that the Dominion of Canada will form the central position in a

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1889.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, BY

W. H. ELLIS. A. G. SARGISON. } ELLIS & CO.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOV'T ST.

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THE DAILY COLONIST

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY

Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate 25
Per week (if delivered) .....

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

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REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

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Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.
☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

THE TIMBER SUPPLY.

There are people in the United States who view with alarm the rapid disappearance of the forests of the country. Not only is the consumption of timber very great, but the destruction of the forests by fires is most deplorable. It has been calculated that more timber is wasted than is used. And a very great quantity is used. It is computed that the forests of the States cover 450,000,000 acres. The area denuded of trees every year is 25,000,000 acres. At this rate, making no allowance for new growth, the forests of the Republic will be exhausted in about eighteen years. It is, however, calculated that growth is at the rate of 12,000,000,000 feet a year, but twice this amount is cut without considering what is destroyed by fire. The people or the United States, therefore, have good reason to consider how their forests can be preserved and what can be done in the way of economising the consumption of timber. The exhaustion of their timber supply is, within a distance of time, easily measurable, and the worst of it is that the consumption of the products of the forest goes on at a continuously increasing ratio. Would it not be well if the people of Canada were to take stock of their timber resources. Most lamentable waste has been going on in all parts of the Dominion since its settlement. The time has come when measures for forest preservation are a necessity. In view of the rapid disappearance of the American forests it does not require a mathematician or a political economist to see that every acre of timber land in the Dominion is increasing in value each year. All that is required is to allow it to stand and in a very few years its value will be increased at least one hundred per cent. It is not very hard to imagine what Canadian lumber will be worth when the forests of the country south of us are nearly exhausted. Canada's timber is one of her richest resources and one which it is well worth her while, from every point of view, to husband with the utmost care.

EDUCATION—A NECESSITY.

The necessity of educating the masses of the people is every year becoming more and more apparent. Education is no longer a luxury to be enjoyed by the few, but a necessity which the well-being, and even the safety of society demand, should be extended to the great body of the people. By education we do not mean merely the ability to read, write and cipher which may be used or not used, as circumstances require and taste inclines, but sound mental discipline which teaches the pupil how to think, and gives him, if he possesses any capacity, the desire to acquire knowledge. The men of the rising generation must learn how to distinguish the false from the true, what is sound from the merely specious. They must not only get knowledge, but they must learn how to put it to a practical use. If their minds are not really cultivated, if they grow up ignorant and incapable of reasoning, society will be in a bad way.

The reason of this is that the masses possess political power. We have seen great extensions of the franchise in our day, and the prospect is that it will be extended still further in the near future. In this country nearly every man who has come to years of discretion possesses the privilege of voting for those who make the laws. It will not be very long before the same privilege is possessed by almost every woman. The tendency is in that direction. And now that the work of enfranchisement has begun it will not stop as long as there are any left to enfranchise.

It is of the very first importance that the franchise in the future be exercised wisely and intelligently—more important in the future than in the past. The questions of the past have been important but they affected the surface of society, so to speak. Responsible government, electoral reform, free trade, protection, the construction of great public works, municipal reform, immigration were all important subjects, and the legislation in regard to them, to a greater or less extent, affected the welfare of the country. But the questions which are coming to the surface now and on which action must be taken by our children if not by ourselves, strike at the framework—at the very foundation of the social fabric. The nationalization of land is already freely talked about in many countries. A reform by legal enactment of the relations between capital and labor is agitated for by many in this and the mother land. Society is in a ferment. We find men in every land propounding schemes for the cure of the evils with which society is afflicted. Socialism is no longer the theory of a few harmless enthusiasts of little influence. It is now a power in many lands, believed in by many and having a recognized status. A little reflection must show every intelligent person capable of thinking that our children will have more difficult problems to solve than either we or our fathers had to grapple with. Is it not, then, of the very first importance that they be qualified for the work they will have to do?

The uneducated man, unless he is especially favored by nature, and the badly educated man, are the prey of the social quacks whose name in these days is legion. They flatter their uninstructed fellow-citizen by reminding him of the powers he possesses. They do their best to persuade him that he has been badly used by governments, that laws have been made for the special purpose of putting him down and keeping him down. The social regenerator then expounds his scheme for mending the world that has been so long out of joint, taking good care to make it appear that in the new system which he with the help of the electors would establish, the men whom he addresses would be infinitely better off than their class had ever been since the world began.

It requires thought and information and acuteness of intellect to be able to see through the sophistry of the plausible agitator, who may be himself an earnest and a sincere believer in the doctrine he promulgates. It is of the very first importance that a majority of the electors should see that the agitator is promising what cannot be performed, that he overlooks difficulties of many kinds which can never be surmounted, and that if his theory were stripped of the fine-sounding phrases which conceal its real nature it would appear to the unsuspicious and credulous hearer both impracticable and shockingly wicked. But to be able to discern the hollowness of the fine scheme of social regeneration presented to him, and its dangerous nature, requires in the hearer a mind trained to distinguish sound reasoning from empty declamation and insidious fallacy. If he does not possess this the chances are that he will become a convert to the false doctrine and will do what in him lies to spread it among his acquaintance.

Education, too, is required to understand and appreciate what is said and written to convince men of the unsoundness and dangerous tendency of foolish and mischevious schemes of social reform. The speaker who addresses an unintelligent audience which is perhaps prejudiced against him labors in vain. To produce any good result his hearers must be able to follow his reasoning, and must be well enough informed to know whether the facts he adduces warrant the conclusions at which he arrives. The elector of the future must be sufficiently well educated both to reject what is false and illogical and to accept what is true and reasonable.

If he is not able to do this it is hard to see what is in store not only for this country but for civilized society everywhere. If men under the influence of enthusiastic visionaries and scheming, self-seeking agitators, elect members to the legislatures who will give the sanction of law to impracticable and immoral theories, any amount of mischief may be done before the failure of the rash social experiments becomes manifest. Society may be shaken to its foundations while the attempt is being made to work out new theories. It is altogether improbable that the changes proposed can be carried out without bloodshed and suffering to millions. If this is to be averted, if the reforms of the future are to be both practicable and beneficial, and if they are to be effected peacefully, the people must be educated and well educated. To place political power in the hands of ignorant men was never safe. To do so now is more dangerous than ever. Political power is in the hands of the masses. It is for rulers to see to it that they know how to use it for their own benefit and for the well being of society.

NOT ALL-AMERICAN.

The Pan-American Conference does not include the whole of America or anything like it. Some very important American communities are not represented in it. One of these is Canada. The Dominion of Canada is, most people will conclude, almost as important as any of the South American republics represented at the conference. It is besides a very near neighbor with which the United States has large dealings and most probably will have larger still. A good understanding between the United States and Canada is of more importance to the United States than a treaty arrangement between the United States and Venezuela. Of course as Canada is not an independent nation it was not invited to take part in what is called the Pan-American Conference. But although it is a dependency of Great Britain it is a part of America, and a by no means unimportant part, and some may say that the assemblage does not exactly deserve the title of "All-American" when so large a part of the continent has no place in it.

Mexico, too, is not represented in this so-called Pan-American Conference. Why the other nearest neighbor of the United States declined to send a representative to the Conference we do not know, but there is no law to prevent our guessing. It may be that the United States has not been so good a neighbor commercially that the Republic of Mexico feels attracted to it and wishes to enter into closer relations with it. We have read of certain rather aggravating acts done by the United States customs authorities which were not calculated to make the relations between the two countries, as far as trade and commerce are concerned, very cordial. At any rate, there is the fact that Mexico is not represented at this All-American Conference. It was invited. It is an independent nation and was free to accept or decline the invitation, and it declined. So that the two nearest neighbors of the United States, north and south, take no part in the conference; still it is called "Pan-American."

There is still another important American nation unrepresented at this All-American Conference—that is Chili. Chili is one of the richest, the most enterprising and the most powerful of the South American republics. Its commerce is extensive and its population is intelligent and industrious. Why is Chili not represented at this All-American Conference? Has the United States pursued such a policy towards that State as to cause it to care very little about the conference or the conclusions at which its members may arrive. We see then that the title, "Pan-American," or "All-American," which has been given the conference is a misnomer. A conference of American nations, which does not include the Dominion of Canada, Mexico and Chili, can hardly be called All-American.

A REFORM NEEDED.

It is greatly to be regretted that there were disputes and unpleasantnesses at the lacrosse match played in New Westminster yesterday. Such disturbances are not creditable to the players, and are sure to make the game unpopular. We do not know who were to blame, but the spirit in which the match was carried on was not the one in which a friendly game should be played. If lacrosse is to be continued as a game in which gentlemen can take part radical reforms must be effected. The rules of the game should be strictly enforced, and no unfairness or ungentlemanly conduct should be tolerated for a single moment. The decision of the referee should be respected and enforced without a word of dispute. The unseemly squabbling which yesterday took from the match all the appearance of a game should be frowned down both by the clubs and by the spectators. The habit which the spectators have of interfering and expressing approval or disapproval by cries calculated to raise excitement and to provoke ill-feeling should not be permitted. Those who cannot behave themselves in a seemly manner should be escorted off the grounds by stalwart committeemen and muscular policemen. There should be a determination to preserve order at all hazards, and if the bystanders cannot be prevailed upon to keep order the game should be discontinued. It is a reproach not only to the parties engaged in the match but to the whole province that a game cannot be played without quarrelling and violence. We have heard of unfair practices which have become common which should be put an end to at once. Lacrosse is a pastime and not an excuse for reckless gambling. It is supposed to be conducted honorably. Victors are not expected to make any offensive exhibition of triumph, and the beaten team should take their defeat good-humoredly. If lacrosse and other games are not played in a gentlemanly way, if such scenes as were witnessed in Westminster yesterday become common, no decent man will take a part in public games. If the time comes when no one but "sports" and professional players can be prevailed upon to engage in championship matches lacrosse will fall into disrepute and the young men of Canada lose a healthy and manly means of recreation. A reform in the manner of playing public matches has taken place in the East; cannot a similar one be effected in the West?

Wrapping paper for sale by the quire, ream, wagon or car load.
T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS

ARTHUR CHURTON,
SKIN AND FUR DRESSER
No. 1 CHURCHWAY, HUMBOLDT STREET.
mar20-1y VICTORIA, B. C.

Agricultural -:- Association

A MEETING

Of the friends of the British Columbia Agricultural Association will be held in the CITY HALL, in the City of Victoria, on Thursday evening, NOV. 7, at 7:30.

Business: Election of officers for ensuing year.

17th October, 1889. oc18w

Under New Management.

SAMUEL HANSON,
(QUALIFIED PHARMACIST,)
Begs leave to announce that he has purchased BLANCHARD & Co.'s interest in the Drug Store, Government st., near Johnson, and proposes to carry on the business in the style to warrant a share of public favor, which he respectfully solicits.
Prescriptions copied and dispensed with the greatest care, being made a distinct department of the business and under the immediate superintendence of Mr. Hanson. Prices will be moderate, and every drug, chemical and pharmaceutical preparation, warranted of the utmost degree of purity and genuineness.
Especial care will be taken to keep the stock complete in every particular.
New stock of Toilet Articles, Perfumery, etc., just received. oc19-3mo

Perry Creek Gold Mining Company
(LIMITED LIABILITY.)

There is delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment levied September 11th, 1889, and of previous assessments, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, viz.:

Certificate.	Name.	Shares.	Amt.
No. 90	H. W. Otton	50	$25.00
" 101	R. Barker	50	32.50
" 107	J. B. Ferguson	200	20.00

and in accordance with law so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary will be sold by public auction at the office of the Company, 41 Government street, on the 29th October, 1889, at the hour of 11 a. m., to pay said delinquent assessments, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.
HENRY JACOBY, Secretary.
oct19-10t

Notice of Removal

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
Real Estate Agent, Notary, &c.
HAS REMOVED
To No. 57 Government street, two doors north of Morison's Drug Store. my7

ARTISTIC DRESSMAKING.

MISS McLEOD,
LATE FROM SAN FRANCISCO,
Over Jackson & Co.'s Drug Store, Craft & Norris' Block, Douglas st.
Where she will be pleased to meet the ladies of Victoria and exhibit her art of Dressmaking. Perfect fit and artistic draping guaranteed. Tailor-made and Evening dresses a specialty. sep28-1m

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.

I am instructed by Price Brothers, of Parson's Bridge, to sell by Public Auction,

At the Parson's Bridge Hotel,
—ON—
Saturday, the 26th Instant,
The sale to commence at 1 o'clock.

20 First-Class Milch Cows,
Two Wagons,
Harness,
And Two Teams of Horses.

The terms are cash, to the highest bidder.
W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.
oct15

BUSINESS CARDS.

EDWARD S. WILKINSON,
MINING-:-ENGINEER-:-AND-:-SURVEYOR.
Office—No. 5, Second Floor, Bank of British Columbia.
PLANS CAREFULLY PREPARED, ETC.
oct9-1m

MR. S. C. BURRIS
Architect,
HAS REMOVED TO COR. YATES and Quadra streets, where he may be consulted until the works now on hand are finished.
sep8-1m

☞ BEFORE BUILDING, CALL ON
T. B. NORGATE,
ARCHITECT & MECHANICAL ENGINEER.
DRAWINGS FOR PATENT OFFICE.
Office, - Moody's Block, - 76 Yates st.,
feb14-tf VICTORIA, B. C.

W. RIDGWAY-WILSON,
ARCHITECT.
VICTORIA, B. C.
(Successor to FISHER & WILSON.)
Office.—Spencer's Arcade, P. O. Box, 474.
Mar31-6m.

DR. LEWIS HALL,
DENTIST,
GRADUATE OF PHILA. DENTAL COLLEGE.
CRAFT & NORRIS BLOCK, DOUGLAS ST.
Residence, No. 15 Second st., Work Estate.
Office hours, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. ap21

W. H. DANBY,
Real-:-Estate-:-Agent,
57 GOVERNMENT STREET
☞ Accounts Collected. jly16

JOHN BOYD
---Wholesale and Retail---
WINE AND TEA MERCHANT
Yates street, Victoria, B. C. my4

CHARLES GREEN & CO.
HAVE REMOVED
To temporary offices lately occupied by E. & N. Railway Co., Redfern's Block.
August 28, 1889. aug29-1mo

A. W. JONES,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
GOVERNMENT STREET,
VICTORIA, B. C.
my9-1yr

DECORATIVE -:- ART.
JOHN R. GILMER,
FRESCO ARTIST,
P. O. Box 301, Victoria, B. C. au28

MRS. A. J. CLYDE
HAS OPENED
Dress & MantleMaking Parlors,
DENNY'S BLOCK, OVER VICTORIA HOUSE,
Where she is prepared to fill orders in all the latest and most improved styles.
Dresses cut by ROOD'S MAGIC SCALE, which guarantees a perfect fit.
P. O. Box 475. sep17-2w

DANCING ACADEMY.
MRS. EDWARD DICKINSON'S DANCING class for young people will re-open Saturday, October 5th next, at Harmony Hall, at 2 p. m. Private classes formed when desired. Also private lessons given.
sep17-1m

FOR GOOD VENTILATION
OR SMOKEY CHIMNEYS,
—USE THE—
"COLUMBIA" COWL, or VENTILATOR.
It is always sure in effect, requires no attention after once fixed.
S. L. KELLY & SON,
je6-tf Manufacturers

WANTED TO EXCHANGE
Choice California Real Estate, for a good business, or Real Estate in British Columbia.
Apply T. G. RAYNER,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE BROKER,
59 Wharf Street,
Or P. O. Box 56. mar10-6mo

China and Japan Fancy Goods.
We have just received a large consignment of all kinds of
CELEBRATED TEA,
Embroidered Silk Goods, Shawls, Screens, Etc.
—ALSO—
PORCELAIN, SATSUMA, CLOISANNE, BRONZE, IVORY, SANDALWOOD,
And Curios of every description, imported by every Steamer direct from China and Japan.
Hoping that you will honor us with your visit, we remain very respectfully yours,
HANG WO HING KEE,
Victoria, B. C. Cormorant street.
nov23-1yr

PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES
WOODARD, CLARKE & CO
PORTLAND, OREGON.
my14-6m

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,
WHARF STREET,
Highest Cash Prices Paid for Furs and Deer Skins.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

EIGHT CASES
New Goods to-day.

Kid Gloves for Evening wear.
Ribbons and Laces.
Flowers and Fancy Feathers.
Silks, Plushes and Dress Robes.
Jerseys, Silk and Cashmere Hose.
Wool Underwear.
Flannels and Meltons.

D. SPENCER,
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NOTICE.
Re Estate of GEORGE FRYE, Deceased.
ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the above Estate are requested to present the same to the undersigned within thirty days from date. No accounts will be entertained unless properly vouched.
A. R. MILNE, Executor.
Victoria, B. C., Oct. 21st, 1889. oct22-1m

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The B. C. SOAP WORKS are now ready for the Spring trade, with a large stock of their
UNRIVALLED LAUNDRY AND TOILET SOAPS,
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NOTICES.

REQUISITION

To Thomas Earle, Esq.

DEAR SIR:

As E. CROW BAKER, Esq., M. P., has resigned his seat in the Dominion House of Commons, we, the undersigned electors of Victoria City and District, beg you to allow yourself to be placed in nomination as a candidate for the vacant seat.

We do this because we feel that at the present time it is imperative that Victoria should have the best men that can possibly be got to look after her interests; and as your business capacity, your large interests here, and your general fitness for the position, are so well known to us we hereby pledge you our hearty support if an election is necessary.

J S Helmcken,	A J McLellan,
E G Prior,	G Byrnes,
J R Todd,	D R Harris,
C F Todd,	R B McMicking,
J H Turner,	Geo Crowthe,
Chas E Pooley,	Sam H Goodwin,
J Braden,	Chas Braund,
R P Rithet,	Alex McDonald,
E B Marvin,	E E Kaye,
Thos B Hall,	B E Olsen,
Fred Norris,	J L Levy,
Wm McKay,	Robt McIntosh,
S Perry Mills,	John Wenzer,
Chas Hayward,	D Campbell,
N Pointer,	L Grahame,
L. Goodacre,	D H Phillips,
S L Kelly,	C E Mallette,
Wm Harrison,	Geo Jeeves,
Gronow G Gwynn,	Isaac Walker,
Frank C Wolfenden,	Robt H Swinerton,
Theodore Davie,	T J Jones,
E W Spencer,	Edw Mailandaine,
Jas T Fraser,	Thos Storey,
Samuel Reid,	James Hasten,
B Williams,	Charles Pagden,
Chas A Vernon,	C Minckler,
Robt E Jackson,	C G Wylby,
A Carmichael,	Geo Morrison,
Henry Gribbles,	R W Fawcett,
M Elvin,	J D Warren,
R Sinclair,	W J Anderson,
James Eckersly,	T Roskamp,
Chas Marston,	D Banfield,
E Garnett,	J Christensen,
Henry Lawson,	John S Fullarton,
W R Higgins,	W B Matthews,
J Hutcheson,	A J Smith,
F S Machure,	D Driscol,
W H Routledge,	A R Langley,
Thos W Fletcher,	Joseph Sommers,
T Cowdy,	Wm. Christie,
G A Cooper,	T. H. Pamphlet,
J N Harrison,	T. Carson,
G C Sauer,	F Kroeger,
F Carne, sen'r,	J C Blackett,
Thos Elewin,	C P Bloomfield,
R J Plummer,	Jas L Raymen,
C B McCluskey,	Peter Steele,
M Strouss,	James Johnstone,
F Caselton,	W D McKillican,
John McPowell,	Wm Scott,
Victor Jensen,	Frank Yorke,
E H Hiscocks,	J N Henderson,
Donald MacKay,	W V Brown,
Phil J Hall,	Edward Abel,
Geo Cicero,	Geo A Sargison,
Robt Jamieson	R P McLennan,
Wm Buckett,	E A McQuade,
L G McQuade,	Simo Leiser, pr C G
Chas Hearn,	Thos Gorrie,
Willis Bond,	W C Robinson,
W C Winsby,	H D Helmcken,
Jim Holdness,	J J Wilson,
A J Smith,	F T Sherbourne,
John Partridge,	A E Wescott,
J Haughton,	Thos Cotterall,
T L Irving,	Joseph Sears
T W Pierre,	C H Lambkin,
C N Gowen	George Stelly,
W Savory	W J Mable
Wm Cawburg,	F Bargonia,
John Jones,	Wm Jackson jr,
G L Simpson,	N Portman,
D Disher	Geo Connor,
David C Heal	W T Williams,
C T Penwill,	M Bantly,
H Richardson,	Wm Lang,
S Cooness,	John Switzer,
James D Robinson,	F W H Wright,
Wm Hodge,	A Aaronson,
Wm Munsie,	D G Hooper,
S Duck,	G Mason,
Robt Scott,	Joseph Garnell,
W Batchelor,	Wm Grimm
Robt Porter,	Jas Bakewell,
L Dickinson,	R Riter,
Jno D Chantrell,	Jno C Davie,
Henry F W Behnsen,	J Holland,
John Johnston,	Wm W Northcott,
Wm Wilson,	Squire Hilton,
C A Lombard,	Henry B Young,
Henry Young,	Jno Teague,
David Spencer,	Francis Page,
Walter Shears,	Skene Lowe,
H Brown,	Geo H Maynard,
J C Leask,	W J Quinlan,
Geo S Langley,	M Salmon,
W H Pennock,	A A Clayton,
H K Prior,	J Dudgeon,
Henry Croasdaile,	Geo A Cooper,
Wm Whyte	W K Bull,
E Crow Baker,	Jas A White,
Charles Conley,	John Jessop,
P R Brown,	John J Austin,
A M Yates,	R J Russell,
John P Elford,	John Coughlan,
Redon & Hartnagel,	John B Lovell,
Rich'd Morrison, M D,	J E Stamford,
M W Waitt,	John Boyd,
F G Richards, jr,	J Turner,
A Beswick,	W J Smith,
W G Bowman,	C E Renouf,
W Walker,	Steve O'Brien,
J H Baker,	R McCallum,
Geo Lyall,	T F Hecker,
Joseph Wilson,	T N Hibben,
E M Johnson,	John Aulc,
D R Kerr,	John Barnsley,
F P Watson,	A A Humber,
J Paterson,	W G Stevenson,
John Teague, Jr,	W W Evans,
Richard Hilbert,	A Holmes,
B Golding,	J H King,
Fred Carne, Jr,	W Whittaker,
R Finlayson,	A Porter,
S Whittaker,	John Cameron,
S Kirschberg,	W G Cameron,
Thos Shotbolt,	A M Carpenter,
Jacob Isaacs,	T H Sader,
W McN Jones, M D,	Jno J Hunt,
R L Leary,	C J King,
Peter Oakes,	Richard Hall,
W R Clarke,	H Mansell,
Alex Frank,	Morris Moss,
John Dodd,	Wm Jensen,
Sam Macartney,	T H Tye,
James Peat,	R W Savage,
A Phillips,	H Findley,
Daniel McLachlin,	Oliver Jackson,
Edward White,	John Wilson,
Jos Clearihue,	Ernest A Pauline,
W J McKeon,	Wm McKeon,
A Gregg & Son,	A StG Flint,
A Lewis,	P McDonald,
A W Henson,	H Paxton,
H L Salmon,	F Sehl,
M Willis,	John Stevens, P R W,
H Saunders,	Wm Grant,
W J Goepel,	J G Mann,
L Willie,	G Bossi,
John Gullekson,	S A Phillips,
James Larman,	A Laing,
Herbert Beckwith,	Richard Brodrick,
James McIntosh,	John McLean,
M Baker,	Thos H Baker,
S J Pitts,	P A Phillips,
James Crawford,	F Curry,
Alex Clearihue,	Arthur Vipond,
W H Smith,	E B Carmichael,
Jas J Sangison,	R A Cunningham,
Lewis Lewis,	George P Carter,
Geo White,	Geo Steiz,
D Hart,	Wm Andean,
P J Davies,	J A McNeill,
John Begg,	R Bray,
E J Salmon,	Geo Powell,
R J Etheridge,	Geo Phillips,
William Jordan,	D Lindsay,
James March,	John Frank,
Andrew Townsley,	James Townsley,
W J Stephens,	Wm Atkins,
J Alameyra,	P A Babington,
Geo W R Leo,	Alfred Bland,
Jas K Bennett,	Jacob Sherk,
David H Biddell,	John Back,
W H Coates,	W H Wood,
Thos Shaw,	John Irving,
W F Bullen,	Geo M Clyde,
N Basso,	J H Buckett,
Thomas Fish,	John Robertson,
A G McCandless,	Thos T Minor,
Michael Hart,	Jos Mennier,
Joseph H Brown,	H Knight,
M McCahill,	G Lomas,
T W Carter,	F T Stevens,
W C Grant,	W F McDowell,
Wm Lorimer,	J Madden,
Robert Sempel,	Jasper Fowler,
Thos Bamford,	Rowland Brittain,
John Allan,	Andrew Kirk,
James Lyon,	Edward Coly,
James Mansell,	Robert K Law,
Robert Chadwick,	Edward Williams,
Alexander McLaren,	William Lodge,
Alfred Blake,	Robert Clarke,
George Mann,	John M Read,
Matt F Johnston,	Robert Heron,
H T Mann,	T Harman,
Wm Renwick,	John Colbert,
Hy Jewell,	Hugh Calwelt,
J B Sere,	Stephen Jones,
W Harrison,	D D Moses,
Wm Croft,	H B Rendell,
J J Randolah,	W F Archibald,
Geo Kirshopp,	James Doughty, jr
G Doughty,	Geo Jaques,
Geo Thomson,	J Hawkins,
G Bishop,	George Jay,
W C Bynt,	Wm Dalby,
F B Pemberton,	J D Pemberton
R Littell,	J Stewart,
W A Ward,	T S Burnes
P T Donaston,	C Steers,
J F Beck,	C Spencer,
Alex Monat,	F G Richards, sr
W H Brooks,	W J Bendray,
W H Bond,	Thos Garvin,
John Joshua Russell,	E B C Hinnington
Samuel Clay,	James Russell,
H A Lilly,	A E Shore,
G W Anderson,	D Green,
A J Rowbotham,	R L Clayton,
A Dallery,	Wm Field,
James Baker,	James Maynard,
H A Rudge,	W J Ledingham,
Geo T Ledingham,	F C Jones,
DF Fee, Jr,	John Cox,
Hy Noble,	A Croghan,
Frank Sylvester,	H Courtney,
W Millington,	R H Walker,
A W Barnett,	P Hansen,
A C Howe,	J R Collister,
John Carson,	Joseph Dwyer,
Wm J Whitmark,	James Ferguson,
R Seabrook,	Munroe Miller,
John Ross,	W H Snider,

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN:—I thank you most heartily for your very numerously signed requisition asking me to allow myself to be placed in nomination as a candidate to represent you in the Dominion House of Commons, and also for your expressions of confidence as to my fitness for the position.

I have much pleasure in acceding to your request and can assure you that if elected I will do my utmost in the interests of this constituency and Province, according to the present Dominion administration a generous but independent support.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS EARLE.

Victoria, September 25, 1889.

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Total Invested Funds, over £1,600,000
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To Sportsmen looking for good hunting and fishing grounds this Hotel offers unrivalled attractions.
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FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY APPOINTment. Centrally located; coaches to and from every steamer; the comfort of guests closely cared for; prices to suit; a fine restaurant in the building.
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MRS. O'BRIAN.
Victoria, May 14, 1889. my15

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Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Langley Street, Victoria.
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And an endless variety of Vases and House Decorations.
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"YELLOW OIL"
Cures Rheumatism.
Freeman's Worm Powders
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

SUNDAY SUPPLEMENT.

The Daily Colonist.

VICTORIA DAILY COLONIST, SUNDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1889.

BISMARCK AS AN OLD MAN

Simplicity of His Life—The Pleasure of His old Age.

More Feeble than His Contemporaries, and Filled with the Fear that His End is Near—A Visit to Friedrichsruh.

I had the advantage the other day of a long talk with an English public man who has just returned from a visit to Prince Bismarck at his favorite residence of Friedrichsruh, says Harold Frederick in a letter to the New York *Times*, some of the points of which may be confided to the gossip type. Friedrichsruh is an estate of some 25,000 acres, lying on the outer edge of Hamburg's ring of suburbs, much as Versaillies does on that of Paris. But the comparsion would err if it suggested any idea of palaces or the elegance or stateliness of princely life at Friedrichsruh. When the estate was presented to the chancellor by the old emperor, some fifteen years ago, there were standing upon it two or three farmhouses and a hotel, but no mansion fit for the home of its new and distinguished owner. The assumption was that he would build a house, but instead Bismarck concluded to convert the hotel into a residence. He erected a new hotel to accomodate the commercial travellers and others passing between Hamburg and Denmark, and moved into the old one himself. The simplicity of the life he leads there and of his notions of domestic surroundings is whimsically illustrated by the fact that, after all this lapse of years, the painted numbers still remain on the bed-room doors of the prince's mansion just as they were in the hotel days.

Here the prince by choice spends the larger part of the year—all the time, in fact, that he can manage to put in away from Berlin. When the reichstag meets, or great state business presses, he moves to his Berlin town house on Wilhelm strasse, and thence it is easy for him to steal little vacation trips out to his other country place—Varzin. But this latter he uses chiefly as a rural adjunct to his Berlin residence. His real country home is Friedrichsruh. Here, as as at Varzin

THERE ARE SPLENDID WOODS

and from these he used gradually to extract great enjoyment. Now he no longer shoots, and increasing infirmity renders it difficult for him to walk about in the forests. But, as he cannot go to the woods, it is the pleasure of his old age to make them come to him. By this I mean that he is one of the most enthusiastic tree planters in Europe. Th other great old man of our time has famous passion for cutting down trees. Bismarck differs from Gladstone in that his preference is for planting them and watch them grow. He has in his young plantation many rare species of firs and pines, among them numerous varieties of American origin, including the Colorado redwood, the magnifica, and some of our giant cypresses. These young trees he watches over with great solicitude. Last year there came a bad kind of beetle, which ate off the leaders of some of the promising rare spruce saplings, and Bismarck worried a good deal more about the malevolent tricks of this beetle than he did about the doings of Boulanger.

Prince Bismarck is in appearance now a feeble old gentleman. Measured by that of some of his great contemporaries, he is not so very advanced in age. He will not be 75 until next April Fool's day, which means that he is nearly fifteen years younger than Count von Moltke, who is still hale and vigorous. Bismarck, too, is still six years younger than Gladstone, seven younger than Cardinal Manning, five younger than Leo XII., and ten years younger than Gortchakoff was when he died. But he is not robust at all, and I believe that he frets a good deal over the fear that he may not last much longer. His face is waxen and flabby, and his hands are those of a very old man—yellow and swollen in the joints, and marked with unnaturally big blue veins. He is once more becoming very fat abdominally, and Dr. Schweninger is at his wit's end to keep this flesh down this time, for Bismarck is no longer able to walk much. To please his physician he tries from time to time, but his legs hurt him too much to make this form of exercise possible. All this tends to depress him, and the further fact that his family have not been a long-lived race serves to deepen his conviction that his days are numbered.

This gloom, which has colored his mind for years, but now increases almost by months turns of course, upon his forebodings for Germany's future. All that lay within a man of his aristrocratic—I had almost said mediaeval—limitations to do, he has done to avert the catastrophe which he fears may come after his death. Especially he has trained his son Herbert in all the inner

MYSTERIES AND TRADITIONS

of the German foreign office, and secured to him as well as he could the succession to the chancellorship. Herbert is not a great man, but he is intelligent and plodding, and has so throughly imbibed the spirit of his illustrious father's policy that he fairly exudes it at the pores. So far as he can be seen now there would be no opposition to his succeeding his father, should the latter die unexpectedly, if only for the reason that nobody else knows anything about the inside workings of the German foreign office. But there are no signs that he would exert any marked personal influence upon the kaiser and his courts, and there are in that court many covert, and some few avowed, enemies of the Bismarck "dynasty" idea. How the young kaiser himself stands on this question is not known. But it is evident enough that those closest to him are least in sympathy with the Bismarckian circle. And this is what the old chancellor fears above all else.

"After me, the deluge" had its origin as a phrase in circumstances totally different, but it reflects Bismarck's apprehensions very clearly none the less. He has made a great and powerful empire in the heart of Europe, and now that he faces the illness and warnings of old age he sees that this empire has still got to justify its existence by force of arms. Its friends of to-day may not be its friends and allies to-morrow; but its two fierce enemies on either side will abate no jot or tittle of their hate. With immense labor and at much sacrifice of personal inclinations he has preserved peace all these years. I am sure that Bismarck thinks of himself primarily as one who has kept the peace of Europe, and of his policy as having all along had that end chiefly in view. Now he begins to fear actually that his own end is near, and it seems to him that then there will be nobody to keep the peace. The two great enemies to eastward and westward grow stronger every year, and if he feels that it is due to his own matchless work that they have remained quiescent so long who can blame him?

And it is natural, too, that he should look with foreboding upon his death as the probable signal for preparations for war. A young emperor who thinks of nothing but machine guns and smokeless powder is on the throne. The jingle of spurs and

THE RATTLE OF MUSKETRY

are in this young man's ears all day long and echo in his dreams at night. He cultivates the habit of shortening hours of sleeps in imitation of Frederick the Great, and in his bluff camaraderice with the soldiers, his efforts at philiosophical epigrams with the peasantry and his attention toward his courtiers he shows at every step how bitten through and through he is with the idea of modeling himself upon that founder of Prussia's power. Everybody in Europe knows that William counts on approving himself the foremost captain of his century before he dies. It has become equally evident to the outside world that he is surrounding himself with soldier courtiers who are also longing for a war. Nobody else realizes so well the dangers that this young, hot-blooded camp court in Berlin would be swept away into swiftly drawing the sword of the empire if anything which even looked like a provocation were offered. And what would come then?

The unwieldy, decrepit old gentleman pottering about among his trees, or limping slowly ahead of his mastiffs along the forest paths of Friederichsruh, does not know what would come then. The terror lest the splendid imperial structure he has reared and maintained in peace so long should topple and fall in the crash of war after his death is gloomily persistent in his thoughts.

Bismarck looks eastward, not westward, for the opening trouble. He has not believed at any time since April that Boulanger had a chance of overthrowing the republic. He thinks Jules Ferry to be a real statesman and patriot, and he expects no open aggression or intrigue from the republic. But he hates the Russians, root and branch, the present czar most of all, just as he always hated them even when, to preserve peace and please his old master, he went most of his way to be civil to them. But even more than he hates he fears them and the day when at last they are ready to strike.

TROUBLESOME SHIPS.

The British are having bad luck with some of their new ships. The new cruiser Archer, only five months out of England, is reported to be quite a lame duck. She arrived in Loando not long time ago with two hundred of her boiler tubes leaking, some of them being split. Some of the rivets had to be taken out and new ones put in their places. Her distillers, used for making drinking water, had also given out, and the cruiser was in such a deplorable condition when she arrived in Loando that she could not have proceeded much further under steam. It is stated that the Brisk's and Pheasant's distillers are in an equally bad condition. The Archer class, it is contended, are not good sea boats. It is reported that in going to the Cape from St. Helena, some time ago, the Brisk met with strong head winds and sea; her speed had to be reduced to five knots, as the ship was simply being buried in water forward. The forecastle on this occasion bent down three or four inches with the weight of water on it. On another occasion the Brisk was steaming before a strong wind and taking in so much water on the poop that she had to be turned round and steamed against the wind and sea for thirty hours until the weather moderated. Both the Brisk and Archer have been bothered so with barnacles as to have their speed lessened by two knots. The orders of the Admiralty are that these ships dock every six months, but they find themselves unable to do so oftener than once in every eight or ten months. As a result both propeller shafts and hull are badly corroded.—*N. Y. Times.*

PROF. JOHN STUART BLACKIE.

"Prof. John Stuart Blackie," says the *Pall Mall Gazette*, "who attains his eightieth birthday this year, outrivals in striking personality his two illustrious friends and contemporaries in age, the ex-Premier and the Poet Laureate. Buoyant and vivacious in spirit, erect, sprightly, and nimble-footed as a youth in his teens, a sight of the picturesque figure of the versatile Grecian proceeding along Princes street, Edinburgh, or descending the Mound with his close friend, Dr. Walter C. Smith, poet and preacher, remains with one as a stimulating memory. No man understands the Highland character better than this champion of the crofters' cause.'

ENGLISH SOCIAL CUSTOMS.

From a Chinese Journalist's Point of View.

As Observed by Him During a Visit to London—The Theatres, Public Parks, Etc.

A Chinese journalist has been writing in a native paper an account of Western customs as observed by him in the course of a visit to England. Speaking of the meals taken by Englishmen, he explains that tea and comfits are taken twice a day, and a heavy meal twice; or tea and comfits once and the heavy meal twice. About the time for the latter a bell is rung once to let people know, so they may change their clothes and wash their hands; when the bell is again rung they assemble together in the dining-room. They also sound a gong. At tea time they take cow's milk and white sugar mixed with coffee or tea. Either is taken with bread accompanied by butter or cooked delicacies such as ham. The meal is in fact what is called in the Middle Kingdom *tienhsin* ("stay the stomach"). Their green meat is exceedingly tender. It is the custom to eat uncooked, rinsed in water and dried, then mixed with sesamum oil, salt and vinegar. Clean, fresh and sweet to munich, it is exceedingly delicious, and may be described as extremely superior. Men and women (continues the Eastern gossip) are seated indiscriminately round the same dish and at the same table. Even a man and his daughter-in-law, a woman and her brother-in-law do not avoid each other's company. Besides invitations to dinner there are invitations to tea-gatherings, such as are occasionally given by wealthy merchants or distinguished officials. When the time comes, invitations are sent to an equal number of men and women, and after they all are assembled, tea, and sugar, milk, bread, and the like, are set out as aids to conversation. More particularly are there invitations to skip and posture, when the hosts decides what man is to be the partner of what woman, and what woman of what man. Then with both arms grasping each other they leave the table in pairs, and leap, skip, posture and prance, for their mutual gratification. A man and a woman previously unknown to one another may take part in it. They call this skipping *tanshen* (dancing). Tea, which is pronounced *tee*, is always black tea; but it must be mixed with milk and white sugar. They dare not drink it neat alleging that it would corrode, and so injure the drinker. In large dining halls it is not permitted to smoke, neither is it in first-class railway carriages; offenders are fined £1. In preparing dishes the time required for cooking is fixed by the clock. For instance, to boil an egg three minutes are allowed; for roasting a fowl, an hour.

The public flower gardens are very large, and planted with every kind of trees, flowers and grasses. In them are reared all sorts of birds, beasts, insects, fishes, and people go there to see women with children holding on to their skirts in a continuous crowd. Some take with them needle and thread, and embroider there, sitting in a circle, laughing and jesting, as though no men were by. In the streets women will pass to and fro side by side, from morning till evening. Husband, wife, and children—the whole family in short—lock their doors and come out. I do not know what all the bustle is about. Wealthy people every day at four o'clock get into a carrirge and take an outing, elegantly dressed and shod. Fathers and sons pass by laughing and chatting, in a stream of carriages and a procession of horses. When their pleasure has been thoroughly gratified they disperse. At the Hall of Myriad Lives (the Zoological Gardens) are reared living birds and beasts, scaly creatures, insects, and reptiles, each class being brought up apart and after its natural mode of life, so as to permit the closer study of its habits. The Waxmen's Hall imitates in wax the figures of men so as to make them appear living. Each has a seperate room, and people are allowed to inspect them. The majority of the figures are those of celebrated statesmen and generals, or men of worth or learning; but among them are included any who have in past or present times become notorious. Their appearance is so lifelike that they seem as though they would come out if there were called upon. The theatres aim at great size, there being some which will seat close on ten thousand people, and which cost millions There is no separation of the sexes. When an actor first appears on the stage he must remove his cap, and incline himself towards the seated audience as a mark of courtesy. The audience then drum upon their hands to signify their approval. An actor who has gone off the stage must appear again, and by bowing towards the audience express his thanks. Their plays, like ours, are divided into "civil" and "military." The civil plays consist either of music solely—when the sound if as of a boo-hoo—or solely of mimicry. The majority are taken from the history of the country. The scenery is marvellous. When one scene is finished the curtain is dropped and the scenery changed. Below the stage music is played during the interlude. In the case of these old romances several scenes are brought together to form a play, and if this play is acted to-day, it will be acted again to-morrow, so as to let everyone see it. When no visitors come to see, another play is substituted, or the troupe removes to another theatre. Military plays are those in which acrobats are engaged. The theatres in this case are somewhat larger and also known as circuses. The sovereign frequently comes down in person to a theatre to see a play. Each theatre must reserve, against his arrival, a room near the exit from the stage. Opium paste is only kept at the druggists' shops for the reason that all pills and liquid medicines contain the drug. When natives of the Middle Kingdom go to purchase it for smoking, and ask for several ounces, the druggist will at first be startled, then, on hearing that it is to be inhaled at a lamp he smiles and lets them have it. Doctor's fees are very heavy. If you call him to your house to attend you, you will have to pay him three pounds, or at the very least one pound. If you go to his door and consult him the fee is not more than 20 or 40 cents.

INGENIOUS RUSES.

Many of the most entertaining anecdotes of ingenious ruses are told of criminals who, in pursuit of their object, often display remarkable skill and craft. A very recent example comes from Paris. An English pickpocket, who for the scale and daring of his transactions, may be said to stand in the same position with respect to others of his fraternity as a merchant adventurer stands with regard to a detail trader, took it into his head that he would act as host to some of the many thousands of visitors to the great Exhibition in Paris. Intent upon these hospitable thoughts, he hired a hotel for a few weeks, and by means of judicious advertising, affable manners, and moderate charges, soon succeeded in filling his house. Needless to add, his guests went empty away, and would never have suspected the true cause of their losses had not their thievish landlord, not content with his already heavy spoils, ventured to try his skill in public places. Many of the lower-class Parisians readily avow their belief that all Englishmen are pickpockets—a word they have borrowed from our vocabulary—and yet, Chauvinist like, they boast the superior daring and adroitness of their thieves. This is not a point for international controversy, and we readily concede to Frenchmen this undesirable pre-eminence. One or two cases may be quoted in support of this belief. A well-dressed gentleman dropped down in a fit in front of a depot of the Paris Municipal Guard. He was carried into the guard-house, where a crowd of good-natured people proceeded to administer restoratives. Suddenly the line was broken by a lady, who forced her way through the crowd, "My husband; my poor husband!" The sympathetic onlookers drew back while the distressed lady, leaning over the prostrate and unconscious form, called upon them to give him air, untied his cravat, and performed other offices of the kind. The gentleman slowly recovered consciousness, and was immediately congratulated upon the possession of so admirable and attentive a wife. "Wife!" exclaimed the gentleman? "I have no wife." "She must then have been your daughter, for she wept bitterly" was the reply. No, he had neither wife nor daughter; and even the lady who had claimed him for her husband had disappeared, taking with her his watch and purse! The French have another story that they tell, less perhaps in praise of native skill than in proof of English vanity and stupidity. An English tourist, walking in the streets of Paris, was accosted by a polite Frenchman, who, with many apologies, bows, and raisings of the hat, desired him to favour a lady amateur, at a window of a house over the way, with an opportunity of taking his photograph. The Englishman was flattered, and allowed himself to be put in position. One moment was sufficient, and the tourist went on his way glowing under the warmth of the Frenchman's thanks—and minus his watch!

THE BLACK SEA FLEET.

Great activity has prevailed all this summer in the dockyards of Odessa, Sebastopol, and Batoum, and it now transpires (the Vienna correspondent of the *Times* says) that orders have been issued by the Russian Admiralty to build a great many torpedo-boats and prepare a number of transports as quickly and as secretly as possible. The Russian newspapers are not allowed to publish anything about these additions to the navy, and accurate information as to the extent to which the shipbuilding is being carried on is difficult to procure, but trustworthy reports which have lately reached the British and the Turkish Governments have impressed on both Governments the absolute necessity of guarding the Bosphorus promptly against possible surprises. In the opinion of naval experts Constantinople was a short time ago almost defenceless and would have lain at the mercy of any fleet steaming out suddenly from Odessa. Even now it will require some time and no little money before the Turkish ironclads, which were allowed to be inactive and to rot during ten years in the Golden Horn, can be made fit for service. In the meantime should any sudden attack be made on Constantinople from the Black Sea, Turkey will certainly require a naval ally, and one not unprepared.

STRATEGIC MOVEMENTS.

First Boy—"See here? Didn't I see you running down street with Bill Bounce after you, wantin' to lick you?" Second Boy—"Y-e-s." "What did you run for?" "I—I was only running so as to get him away from home, so his mother couldn't see him fightin'; but by the time we was out of sight of his house we got in sight of our house; and then, as my mother would see me if I stopped to hit him, I went in, so as to be out o' temptation."

Sweet Girl—Oh, this is so sudden. You must give me time to reflect—a week at least. Fond Lover—Certainly. Even if you should accept to-night it would take a week to get an engagement ring made. Sweet Girl—Um—perhaps you'd better take the measure of my finger, George.

NO BOOM WANTED.

The Wonderful Progress of Pacific City.

A Western Town where Booms are Discouraged and the Inhabitants Go Slow and Sure.

"Can you direct me to Pacific City?" asked the Buffalo man of a station-agent in Dakota as he left the train at a "huddle" of four or five houses. "Right across the street for information, sir," was the reply; and the stranger walked across to a shanty bearing the sign of "Real Estate," and put the same question to a red-haired man who was busy folding and sealing a prospectus. "This is it, sir, was the calm reply. "Why—why——" "You are disappointed, of course?" "Well—rather!" "You expected to see a city of at least five thousand inhabitants, with parks, schools, factories, churches, and all that?" "Yes, I did." "That's the way with many others; but it is not our fault. Our object is to go slow and sure, and not create anything like a boom to give fictitious values. We have done remarkably well thus far. One year ago this was the only structure in the city. Now look round!" "Now I can count seven." "Exactly!" That's what our latest prospectus says—improved 700 per cent. in one year. Can you ask a town to go ahead faster than that? Don't confound this wonderful progress with a boom, however! Booms have killed half this Western country. We don't want any!"

"How's real estate?" queried the Buffalo man after a while. "Advancing, of course. "Six months ago I offered lots on Washington Avenue for 10 dols. a foot. To-day I am asking 20 dols. That's 100 per cent.—isn't it?—and nothing like a boom. We are simply growing on our merits alone. That's the proper way for a town to grow." "Any factories here?" "There are. A year ago we had none; now we have a blacksmith and a shoemaker. That's an increase of 200 per cent., and I want you to find a town to match it. There has been no boom however—remember that; it's just a natural growth." "What's the population?" "That's one of the strong points in my new prospectus. A year ago I was here alone. To-day we number twenty-two souls. Think of the tremendous per cent. of increase? All legitimate and on its merits, and no boom to cause a rush!" "Are the future prospects flattering?" "Exceedingly so! This climate is good for catarrh and a check on billiousness. Our seasons are very mild, and a farmer can get sixteen hours a day out of the hired men. This is a great distributing point for trade and the centre of manufactures; and we shall seek to have the national capital removed here. We expect six railroads and two canals to cross here, three large universities have asked for sites, and, before the end of the year, Congress will be asked for a public building to cost not less than a million dollars. Flattering? I should remark! But we ain't doing any crowing about it. It might start a boom—

THE LATEST LONDON SONG.

The most popular song in England just now is monopolized by the London idol, Miss Vesta Tilley, and is entitled Bachelors. Miss Tilley is a drawing favorite both for herself and her manager. For him she draws all the dudes of the metropolis to spend their money in the music hall, and for herself she draws $200 to $500 per week.

The song runs as follows:

I want a girl of flesh, not stone;
Chorus—So do I!
Whose heart will beat for me alone;
Chorus—Oh, what joy!
A tender, pure, unselfish maid;
Chorus—Hard to find!
A comforter when sorrow comes;
Chorus—Brave and kind!
A John Bull's daughter, like her dad;
Chorus—Good and true!
Until I find one I shall search England through.
Chorus—And I'll not go away to Yankeeland,
To seek out there a lady's heart and hand!
An English girl, if win her love you can,
Is good enough for an Englishman.

HOW TO MAKE AND HOW TO SPOIL TEA.

It seems a simple thing enough, yet of the millions who use this refreshing and agreeable beverage a very small proportion understand how to prepare it. But if not properly made tea is deprived of a great deal of its value, and sometimes rendered absolutely injurious. The water to be used should boil and it should be poured on the tea immediately it boils; if allowed to overboil the peculiar property of boiling water which acts upon tea evaporates and eventually disappears. Tea should not be a decoction, but an infusion. If allowed to stew it becomes little better than a decoction of tannic acid. Tea that is overdrawn is hurtful to the nerves and to the digestion. As to the precise number of minutes, which should be devoted to the process of drawing, some people will say five minutes, some seven, some will go as far as ten, but our experience is in favor of six; this suffices to bring out the flavor, quality and strength. Just as much tea is wanted should be made—no more. Make fresh tea as often as it required. The replenishing of the teapot with fresh hot water is very objectionable. As the thorough heating of the receptacle is of the first importance, the teapot should be made thoroughly hot before the tea is put in it. The earthenware teapot is preferred to all other by connoisseurs, and it is superfluous to say that whatever utensil is used for this purpose should be immaculately clean.

Tea is an extremely delicate article. Its susceptibility to the odors of commodities near it is a source of danger and deterioration, as it readily takes up the smell of coffee, cocoa, spices, cheese, bacon or other articles of pronounced odor. The complaints sometimes made about tea would probably not arise if always kept in places free from from such contagion. Tea should be stored in a warm, dry place; unnecessary exposure to the air should be avoided. Even when securely packed in the leaded chests in which it arrives in England, the change from the glowing heat of Eastern skies to the damp and humid atmosphere of this climate deprives tea of much of its beautiful fragrance. Tea of much better quality than is generally dispensed at our railway stations and refreshment rooms can be bought at two shillings per pound. A pound of tea would make 128 cups. This is considerably less than a farthing per cup. You may well ask why it is that we should be still charged four and six farthings "for a little hot milk and water slightly flavored with undesirable tannin."—*London Telegraph.*

WICKED WOMEN.

It is the blonde woman who does the mischief, says the Hartford *Courant*. Lucretia Borgia had yellow hair, so, according to Grant White, had Lady Macbeth, who was petite and slight. The mischief maker, Mme, Montbazen, was a real blonde. Mme. Simon's blue eyes looked unflinchingly at the guillotine when the still fairer head of the innocent criminal, Maria Antoinette, fell into a basket. Bloody Mary was slight and fair. Marie de Medici was a fleshy blonde woman, though her hair was streaked with gray when she died on her straw litter at Cologne, and Catharine of the same noble house was either fair or stained her tresses to make her appear so. I dare say the daughter of Herodias who danced before Herod, was yellow haired—the old masters made her so (those high born Jewish maidens had the blonde tint)—and nobody doubts that Deliah's blue eyes bewitched the secret out of the soft-headed, soft hearted, black bearded giant. And it seems that Mrs. Maybrick is yellow haired, slight, and before all this terrible experience had a peach like bloom. Now, it is true, she has lost it and the good looks that Sir Charles Russell so much depended on as an evidence of her innocence, and has grown heavy and dull eyed. After all, her fate is not an enviable one. For nine months she will be kept in solitary confinement in some county jail in England. During that time she can see no one, receive no letters, neither read nor write, and the only mercy extended her is such work as she can do in her cell. When this probationary time is over she will be taken out of the jail, and in her coarse blue convict dress and shaker bonnet make her first outing. It will be to one of the female penitentiaries, but which no one will know until the day of her departure, and there she will live and die, If she has not torn her hair or bruised her frail body, or frantically cursed the keeper who brings her daily food, if in fact, she has "been good," she may in the next year receive one visitor and one letter. As time rolls on she may even become good enough to earn three letters and three visitors each year.

The Baroness Roques, her mother, whose shameful life and whose attained blood are her heritage, returns to Paris, and the other criminal, Brierly, has arrived in this country as the agent of several Liverpool merchants, he is reported to have said, to make a comfortably living in the South. A Mobile lady, who knew Mrs. Maybrick when she was a child, told the *Observer* recently that "she was a pretty little fair haired girl, with shy ways." So justice to three equally responsible persons is meted out. We will agree, I think, that it is not with the woman who was only a few yearsago described as a "pretty little fair haired girl, with shy ways."

CHRISTIANITY AND POLITICS.

There are multitudes in France who were angry at Mr. Gladstone the other day for calling France a Christian nation; there are numbers in England who chafe at every remaining link that binds the English constitution to the Christian Church. Those who belief in revelation, and who have studied God's dealings with His ancient people, must recognise that He raises up, in His own time, fitting instruments to do His work in the State as much as in the Church. If that be so, politics are not something separate from and outside Christianity, but, as Mr. Sewell showed nearly half a century ago, in his admirable work on "Christian Politics," part of the whole duty of man. The burning questions which are pressing daily solution—semi-social, semi-political, semi-ecclesiastical—may suddenly admit of no delay or *dilettante* treatment. Those who know the condition of our large cities are aware that at any moment a match may be lit which may bring on a revolution, the results of which none can forecast. The "wickedly rich," as Canon Rowsell has well called those who amass large fortunes and give scarcely a penny of it to pious and charitable uses, may live to rue the day when they were blind alike to their temporal and eternal interests; but not less are those good folk to blame who hold aloof from politics, and who do not carry out into practice the petition they offer that "the course of this world may be so peacefully ordered by God's providence that His Church may joyfully serve Him in all godly quietness." We must use means to attain that end, and for that purpose the quiet, industrious, steady and religious portion of the people must not stand aloof, indifferent, careless, and hopeless, till a godless education, a creedless Church, and an irreligious State bring England to as sad a condition as that which has befallen fair France.—*Church Review.*

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

TAKEN BY SIEGE.

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CHAPTER XVI.

IN the meantime the work of unearthing the murderer of Rose Effington was becoming more interesting. The man Johnson had come in from the west, and was sharing the vigils of Rush and Martin. The journalist and the detective anticipated an early denouement. They were assured of one thing, which was that the apartment of Mme. Fanny, Countess de Paris, was the place where they would be most likely to capture Costello. Martin had worked up a number of clews, and he was thoroughly satisfied that Costello would be caught under Mme. Fanny's roof. He learned that he had been a lover of Mme. Fanny, and that, although he had lost his taste for her, she was still enamored of him, and for the sake of seeing him occasionally and being in his confidence she was even willing to help him in his affairs with other women.

What most surprised Rush about this establishment of Mme. Fanny's was that apparently respectable women visited it. They usually came closely veiled, and there was one whom he had seen as she passed his door whose figure haunted him. He certainly had met that woman somewhere, but where he could not tell. He thought of putting himself in her way some day, to see if she recognized him, but then he remembered that he did not want to be recognized, so he avoided meeting her, though his curiosity was aroused to the highest pitch. This mysterious lady was dressed in mourning and wore a long thick crepe veil, and he noticed that she came in a hired coupe which waited for her a few doors away.

While awaiting developments in the Costello case Rush had plenty of time to think. He would have had time to read, too, if he had wanted to, but he couldn't bring his mind to it. As a usual thing he could find diversion in "Henry Esmond," but somehow or other he could not keep his mind on the page. He could read no name but that of Helen Knowlton in the lines before him, so he set the book aside and thought. He thought of the woman's wonderful fascinations—her beauty of face and figure, the set of her head upon her neck, the round whiteness of her arms and their exquisite texture, for once by an accident his hand had touched her arm, and he had never forgotten the sensation he experienced. It was as though he had touched a damask rose just picked from some cool garden spot.

He thought of all her little ways; of her true womanliness, with its strange combination of childlikeness; of her position in the world; of the men who, if there was anything in gossip, were madly in love with her; of West Hastings in particular and his probable relations to her. Could it be possible that she really loved this cold, selfish man of the world, whose only attractions were his wealth and a certain polish that long contact with society had given him? She was worthy of a better man. And then he wondered at his own conceit. Wherein was he more worthy than West Hastings? He might not be quite as selfish, certainly he was not as cold, but he had neither the polish nor the wealth of his rival. "The polish be hanged!" he said to himself; "but the wealth I'll have or perish in the winning. Perhaps not so much, but if I can't earn enough money to keep my wife in the manner she has been accustomed to and take her off the stage, I'll try some other business."

Then he would weigh his chances in case the field was clear, and in the mornings, when he felt bright and the world looked easy to conquer, he would feel greatly encouraged. Other days he would feel so blue and despondent that if he had not been young and healthy he would have ended his doubts and misery by jumping off the dock. But for some reason or other these dark days were few, and as a rule he looked upon his success with Helen Knowlton as merely a matter of time. He had heard Aunt Rebecca say that Helen was in no hurry to marry, and that she would not entertain the subject seriously until after she had "made her career." Just what Aunt Rebecca meant by this phrase he did not know, but it seemed to make his chances better, and he thought of it every time one of his despondent moods came on. Still, his chances did seem to be pretty poor compared with those of West Hastings, and when he thought of Helen's approaching trip to Europe with Hastings as a passenger on the same ship, his heart sank within him.

Archie Tillinghast, too, was in despair over the affairs of his heart. Bessie Archer seemed to get farther away from him every day. Her interests were not his interests, and she was becoming more and more intimate with O'Hara and Mrs. Pryor—a pair for whom Archie had the most violent contempt. What could possess a clever, refined girl like Bessie, that she should associate so intimately with these two? He put it down to disease—a disease of the brain, induced by misdirected mental activity. She craved intellectual excitement, and, as there was little to be got in the ordinary course of her life, she sought it in unnatural channels. Bessie Archer was a girl of strong character, but her strength had never been properly developed. As Archie said, "she had a morbid hankering after 'the great Why?' and the lesser 'Why Not?' and between the two she fell to the floor."

Helen was too much absorbed in her profession to give any time to occult philosophies, so she and Bessie had not been much together of late. Helen had not only something else to think about, but her mind was too well balanced to have any leaning towards these follies of idle brains. She tried to take an interest in them for Bessie's sake, but the more she saw the less she cared for them. "Didn't it ever occur to you, Bessie," she said to her friend, "that if there was as much in these 'isms' as you think there is, a different class of people would be interested in them? that scientists rather than scatterbrains would be their investigators?" But Bessie replied that some of the most intellectual people she had ever met were believers in the unseen. Helen saw that argument would be useless; all she could do was to wait until Bessie's mind should take a new turn.

Owing to his love for Bessie, Archie could not possess his soul in patience. He wanted to strangle O'Hara, throw Mrs. Pryor out of the window, and fight a duel with Rush. On this last point he had some doubts, for he couldn't exactly make out a case against his friend. He had an idea that Bessie was more than partial to him, yet he had to acknowledge that he had never seen Rush playing the role of lover. With these thoughts rankling in his breast he rang his uncle Archer's bell one morning, determined to "have it out with Bessie," as he expressed it, and learn whether it was because she cared for some one else that she didn't care for him. James, the Archer factotum, answered the bell, and told him that Miss Bessie was out; but, seeing an expression of disappointment pass over Archie's face, he added, "I don't know, though, but you might find her, sir; I heard her order William to drive to No. — East Fourth street."

"No. — East Fourth street! Are you sure you heard aright, James?"

"Yes, sir, perfectly; and if you'll excuse me sayin' so, sir, I remember it partickler because I was surprised that Miss Bessie should be goin' to such a neighborhood."

"It's all right, no doubt, James; she must be going to visit some poor people, you know Miss Archer is very charitable."

"Indeed she be, sir; a more charitabler young lady I never know'd."

So Archie ran down the steps, and James shut the door.

"This is some of Mrs. Pryor's work," said Archie to himself. "She has dragged Bessie off to some of her mediums. A nice business, by Jove!—the daughter of Tillinghast Archer visiting a den in East Fourth street! 'Tis outrageous! I'll stand out in front of the damned place and be ready in case of trouble." And he turned his aristocratic feet towards that unaristocratic quarter of the town.

Rush, Martin the detective, and the man Johnson were in a state of great excitement this morning. They had heard Mme. Fanny, Countess de Paris, telling one of her confederates that she expected Costello there that very morning; that he was going to bring a young lady with him, "a great swell," whom he wanted to marry; that her father was a man of wealth, but that both he and the mother were prejudiced against Costello, although they knew nothing to his discredit. Costello, on the other hand, was determined to marry her. She had given him sufficient encouragement to make him believe that he could get her; and she was too great a prize to let slip through his fingers. "I am to give her the benefit of a trance, in which I am to tell her that it is written in the stars that she is to marry a certain man; and then I'll describe Cos. She will be overcome by the coincidence, while I will take no notice of it, but go on and tell of the great things that will come of this union foreordained by heaven." And Mme Fanny broke into a harsh, vulgar laugh.

"And where do you come in? What do you get for this job?" asked her confederate.

"Oh, just you leave me alone for that. Cos has promised me a good slice out of the dot.

"Cos' promises are not selling above par nowadays, and don't you forget it."

"You needn't abuse Cos to me. He pays up when he can, but living with the swells is an expensive luxury and takes almost all he can earn."

The other gave a grunt of contempt which showed that she did not share Mme. Fanny's good opinion of Costello. Rush's indignation waxed high at this conversation, and he said to Martin that if he could get hold of that poor girl he would warn her in time.

"You would get no thanks," replied the detective. "Women have to find those things out for themselves."

They talked awhile on general subjects and smoked a cigar apiece. When they had finished they heard footsteps on the stairs and a peculiar rap on Mme. Fanny's door, which was quickly opened. A whispered conversation ensued, carried on in very low tones. This was followed by one voice speaking. The men in the back room could hear nothing that was said, but they had come to know the front room sounds pretty well, and they recognized Mme. Fanny's trance voice. For a moment Mme. Fanny ceased speaking and they heard a man's low tones. Johnson sprang to his feet.

"By heaven, that's Costello's voice! I would know it in hades!"

Martin put his hand over Johnson's mouth and whispered to him to keep still or he would spoil everything. Rush, too, became very much excited, for the voice sounded very familiar to him, though he could not place it. In a moment Mme. Fanny went on with her trance, and then for a few minutes there was a pause. The three men stood by the door. Martin was to give the signal to Rush to burst it open, and Johnson was to stand by Mme. Fanny's hall door to prevent Costello's escape. The three men were screwed up to a high pitch of excitement as they stood silently waiting the word of command. Suddenly they heard a sharp, quick cry from a woman's voice:

"Don't touch me! Help! help!"

Rush recognized the voice in a second, and his blood ran cold in his veins. Without waiting for Martin's signal he put the edge of his jimmy in the crack of the door and gave it a fierce wrench. It rolled quickly back on its hinges, and the occupants of the darkened room stood before him. Rush forgot all about the man he was looking for and sprang to the woman's side.

"In God's name, Miss Archer, what are you doing here?" he exclaimed, in horror.

Pale and trembling, Bessie clasped his arm, too nervous and frightened to speak. But Costello, who was none other than O'Hara, stepped forward, and in his low, oily tones said:

"This lady is in my care, Mr. Hurlstone; I will see that she gets home in safety." And he put out his hand as though to take her with him.

"You infernal scoundrel," said Rush, flinging him across the room with one hand, for Bessie was clinging to his other arm, "lay your finger on this lady and I'll dash your brains out against the wall!"

O'Hara smiled a smile of forgiveness, as one who felt sorry to see an amiable young gentleman possessed of so violent a temper.

"I'll take charge of this gentleman," said Martin, stepping up to O'Hara and displaying his badge. "Dennis Costello, I arrest you for the murder of Rose Effington!"

Costello's face became livid, and he crouched against the wall, but soon found voice to speak.

"You have mistaken your man, my good sir. My name is Dionysius O'Hara, and I never before heard the name of the lady you mention. If you will excuse me, I will bid you good morning. I am an artist, and I have a distinguished sitter waiting at my studio." And he made a step towards the door.

Martin had no thought of letting him go, but he didn't mind playing with him a moment.

"Your name is not Dennis Costello, you say?"

"No, sir, my name is not Dennis Costello; and with your permission I will take my leave." As he advanced towards the door Rush made a movement as though to stop him, but Martin winked at him and at the door, the knob of which Costello hastily turned. As the door opened the giant form of Johnson appeared in the hall.

"At last!" exclaimed Johnson, whose face was almost black with rage. "At last! Dennis Costello, murderer of Rose Effington, I have got you!"

Martin sprang forward and released Costello's throat from Johnson's grasp, for he didn't want justice to be outwitted in this way. Costello saw that there was no use in denying his identity any longer. Johnson knew him and he knew Johnson. He stepped back out of his assailant's reach and gently touched his throat with his fingers as though to see if any harm had been done.

"Your friend is a brute, my dear sir," said he, turning to Martin. "I thank you for your assistance."

"Don't you talk about brutes, Dennis Costello; a man who could murder an inoffensive woman is too vile a brute to live. I have traced this story to its end, and I have found you the murderer of Rose Effington." And Johnson looked very much as though he was going to fly at Costello's throat again.

"Of the two of us," said Costello, quietly, "I think that our violent friend here looks the most like a murderer. His accusation is false. I will not deny an acquaintance with the lamented Miss Effington, but I deny that I had any hand in her untimely taking off. It was a clear case of suicide, poor girl."

"You will have a chance to prove this in the courts if you can; in the mean time I must ask you to come with me, and I am afraid you will have to wear these," said Martin, taking a pair of handcuffs from his pocket.

"I will go with you if it is any accommodation," replied Costello, "but don't ask me to wear those. I can't bear to see a man with bangles on his wrists; it is really too effeminate. Besides, I should like to smoke a cigarette, with your permission." And, taking a Honradez from a little case in his pocket, he rerolled and lighted it. "Now, sir, if you are ready, I am. Before I go, however, I should like to have one word alone with this lady," motioning with his cigarette towards Bessie, who only clung the tighter to Rush's arm.

"You scoundrel," said Rush, "don't you dare even to turn your eyes in this direction."

"As you will," said Costello. "I am sorry to have offended you, Miss Archer. I think I could have explained away this mystery if you had allowed me; but I never force my society upon a lady. Good morning and good-by." And he made a courtly bow as he reached the door. Then, turning suddenly, he said, "How rude of me! I had forgotten Fanny. Fanny, my dear, where are you? are you going to let your Cos go without saying good by?"

This was too much for Mme. Fanny, who had hid behind a curtain when the trouble began. She loved Costello in her way, and she knew enough about the Effington affair to know that she would never see him again. With the tears streaming down her painted cheeks and her hair awry, she came out from behind the curtain and was in the act of throwing herself upon his bosom when he held her gently back.

"Don't be so demonstrative, Fanny; it's vulgar, my dear." Taking her hand, "Good-by; you have been a faithful friend." And putting his arm through Martin's he left the room, followed by Johnson, who did not intend that Costello should escape him this time. Mme. Fanny threw herself upon the rickety sofa and Rush hurried Bessie out of the room, saying: "This is no place for you; you must get home as soon as possible. I will take you, of course."

"The carriage is waiting for me a few doors below," said Bessie in a trembling voice, speaking for the first time.

They soon found it, and Bessie and Rush got in and drove off.

But not unseen.

Besides the ragged urchins who stood along the curb gazing at the unusual sight of a fine carriage and a lady and gentleman in East Fourth street, there was a man standing in the shadow of the house across the way who watched them and ground his teeth. This was Archie Tillinghast, who had been haunting this neighborhood for the last half hour. He had kept his eye on No. — and on the carriage. He had not seen Bessie go in, but had seen her come out, and with Rush. He saw that she was pale and agitated, and that she clung tightly to Rush's arm. What did it mean? Had Rush Hurlstone, his friend whom he had always supposed to be an honorable gentleman, taken Bessie Archer to a low fortune teller's rooms? It looked very much like it. The world had indeed gone wrong. Whom could one trust after this?

Grieved to the heart, miserable and unhappy, Archie went down to the office of his paper, got a leave of absence, and took passage on a steamer sailing for Bermuda that afternoon. He would at least have a change of scene for a few days; he might feel better when he got back.

When Bessie found herself alone in the carriage with Rush, she put her hands over her eyes and sobbed passionately. He said nothing, because he did not know what to say. He thought of fifty different things, but they did not seem quite adequate to the occasion and he left them unsaid. Bessie was the first to speak.

"I don't know what to say, Mr. Hurlstone, how to explain my presence at that place, nor how to thank you for rescuing me."

"Neither explanation nor thanks are necessary, Miss Archer; it is enough for me to know that I have been of service to you."

"But I feel that I owe you both, and I will not be satisfied until I have at least made an effort to pay the debt."

The eyes she turned upon Rush were filled with tears, and their usual "I-can-take-care-of-myself" expression was gone.

"I believed Mr. O'Hara, or whatever his name may be, to be a clever man, whom men disliked because women liked him. That he seemed to be so thoroughly posted in occult sciences interested me. I am an idle girl, Mr. Hurlstone; I have no outside interests to occupy my time or mind; and when he talked to me of things I knew nothing about I was fascinated and wanted to know more. He told me of a wonderful Mme. Fanny who could tell strange truths while in a trance, and he got my curiosity so aroused that I promised I would go with him to see her. He didn't urge me, but he played upon my curiosity and finally a day was named. Mrs. Pryor was to chaperon us, but just before we reached the medium's house she remembered something that she had to attend to, and said that if we would go on she would rejoin us before we had time to miss her. I now believe that she had no intention of rejoining us. From the moment I crossed Mme. Fanny's threshold I began to feel uncomfortable. I had never been in such a place before, and it frightened me. Mr. O'Hara was very reassuring, however. He said it was a pretty hard looking place, but that we should only be there a short time, and he thought I would be repaid for my venture. The very look of Mme. Fanny was enough to disgust one before she spoke a word, and when her assumed trance commenced I wished myself anywhere but there. She began by dealing in glittering generalities, and then she became personal, saying that there was a man waiting to marry me, that we were much alike and very sympathetic—Bah! I cannot think of it without a shudder! Finally O'Hara came across the room and took hold of my hand and asked me if I could any longer doubt that he was the man whom fate had selected for my husband. The room was almost dark, but I could see his cat-like eyes shining close to my face. I screamed for help; you came, and I was saved." She sank shuddering among the cushions. "I make no excuse for myself. I acted the part of a fool and I was punished for my folly, but I tremble to think what might have been the consequences if you had not been there."

Rush told her how he had been searching for weeks for the murderer of Rose Effington, but that he never dreamed that O'Hara and Costello were one and the same, and he could not help rejoicing that the man was to be dealt with according to his deserts. For taking a young lady into a vile den, however, he could not be punished. Rush might have horsewhipped him, but that would only have led to a public scandal. Rush regretted that Bessie should have had such an experience, but he felt that it had not been lost, as it would end her longing for the "occult." When they arrived at Gramercy park Rush left her at her door. To her father and mother she made a full confession of what had happened, but, except Rush, no one else knew of the adventure in East Fourth street until some years later, when she made a clean breast of it to Archie.

After leaving Bessie Rush went down to the Tombs, where he found Johnson and Martin with Costello. The latter was committed to await trial, and Rush, brimming over with the excitement of the day, hurried to the office of The Dawn, where he told the city editor of his success and sat down to write out his story. He wrote steadily until he had turned out enough copy to fill half a page of the paper, including, of course, a quarter of a column "display head" which the city editor put over the story.

It was a capital story. He rehearsed the career of the popular actress, telling how she disappeared from the public gaze and remained unheard of until the fact of her death became known. It was said that she died in a miserable tenement in Newark, N. J. How she got there no one knew, nor what caused her death. Some thought it was from malpractice; others, that she had taken her own life; others, again, that she had been murdered.

Then Rush told the romantic story of the man now in jail accused of her murder; how under an assumed name he had lived a double life, and at the time of his arrest was the most popular painter in New York city, with half the young women of wealth and fashion waiting to sit to him for their portraits. Rush was wrought up to a high pitch of excitement, and his pen flew across the paper. He threw in just the right amount of light and shade, and made a story that was copied far and wide. Bessie Archer's connection with the affair he, of course, never mentioned, nor did he even hint that there was a lady in the murderer's company when he was arrested. As it was, the article made a profound sensation. If it had been known that Tillinghast Archer's daughter was with Costello in Mme. Fanny's den, society would have had a still choicer morsel to discuss.

When a copy of the paper containing this story reached the proprietor of The Dawn, in London, the Duke of Bellefort was breakfasting with him in his gorgeous house in Park lane. "What do you think of that?" said Plummett, handing him the paper. The duke had known Rose Effington well, and he glanced carefully over the article.

"It's a damned good story, and damned well told."

After breakfast Plummett cabled to the managing editor to give Mr. Rush Hurlstone a check for five hundred dollars and make him foreign editor on a salary of seventy-five dollars a week. Rush was delighted that his work had pleased his chief, was thankful for the five hundred dollars (which, by the way, John borrowed and forgot to return), but he was rather staggered by his appointment to the foreign editorship, and so expressed himself.

"A Dawn man is supposed to be equal to any situation," said the managing editor. "The fact that you are not particularly well posted on foreign matters does not prevent your becoming so. You will be good enough to report for duty at the foreign desk on Monday. This is Wednesday. You have an intervening time to enjoy yourself in."

Rush was too anxious to do himself credit in his new position to devote these few days to enjoyment; so he spent most of the time in reading the files of the foreign exchanges; for during the past few weeks his attention had been devoted to local rather than to foreign matters.

CHAPTER XVII.

WITH all his fondness for a good time, life was a very earnest thing to Rush Hurlstone. He had a winning post to reach, and the whole bent of his energies was in that direction. Whatever he did in the line of his profession he did with enthusiasm, not only because it was the profession of his choice, but because success meant Helen, and Helen meant all in life that was worth having. He knew that his chances of winning her as a successful man were better than his chances as an unsuccessful man; and then he had no patience with men who did not get along in the world. Some of his friends thought this indicated a slight touch of hardness in his nature, but it did nothing of the sort. He believed that a man with health and strength and a fair amount of intelligence ought to be able to make his way as well as the next.

With such an ingrained belief as this he was pretty certain to get along; for, as I heard a wise old fellow once express it, "your cock-sure man is bound to succeed." If it had not been for this trait in his disposition Rush would have retired from the contest for Helen Knowlton's hand before he had entered upon it. He was not such a fool as to think that he only had to tell his love to Helen to have her confess a reciprocal passion. He knew that if he was to succeed in his pursuit of her it would be after a long siege.

He knew his youth to be a serious obstacle in his path. He was at least five years younger than Helen, though to the casual observer he seemed quite as old as she did, for she had been kept very young, and he had always seemed older than he was.

On this point of disparity of years he had been gathering statistics of late, and he was surprised to find how many marriages were made where the husband was younger than the wife, and he was delighted to find that the great majority of such marriages were happy. His grandfather Hurlstone was ten years younger than his grandmother, and to the end of their days they were a loving couple. At 75 she appeared quite as young as he did at 65, and, although she died first, he did not survive her many months. Rush intended to use this illustration with fine effect when the time came, but just now he was busy preparing himself for his new department. He entered upon his duties as foreign editor with zeal, and, as the foreign department of the paper was the one in which its proprietor felt the greatest interest, his work was brought conspicuously to that great man's attention. Rush knew enough French to read the French papers, and he could make out fairly well with the Italian exchanges.

"Why don't you study German?" said Helen, when Rush told her of his new position and his plans. "You will find it a great help in your profession."

Rush, delighted to think that she took enough interest in his affairs to make a practical suggestion, secured a German teacher the very next day and went to work with a will. Some of the older men on The Dawn smiled at his enthusiasm.

"Why, my dear fellow, you may be put at police reporting to-morrow—you can't tell from one day to the next what your position will be on this paper—and then what good will your languages do you?"

"Quite as much good as at the foreign desk," replied Rush, with a smile; "for you know the mixed nationalities of our criminal classes. But, seriously, I do not consider that the study of languages is ever thrown away; and, again, as long as I hold a position on The Dawn I want to learn all that appertains to it."

So he went on with his German and Italian, which, if not absolutely necessary to his position, were of very great assistance. Helen highly approved of his thoroughness, and was genuinely pleased at his promotion. Aunt Rebecca, for her part, said that she was "prouder of him than of any of her boys." Rush would have been in a very happy frame of mind if it had not been for Helen's impending departure. The evening before she sailed he spent at her house, and, while it was always an ecstatic delight to him to be in the same room with her, he would have enjoyed it more if there had not been so large a party—Bessie Archer, Archie Tillinghast, Uncle Lightfoot Myers, Mary Dick Griswold, West Hastings, and half a dozen more whom Rush did not know as well.

He saw very little of Helen; she was monopolized first by one and then by the other, so that he had no chance of seeing her alone. West Hastings was very devoted; and Uncle Lightfoot told him it was "deuced selfish" of him when he was going to cross over in the steamer with Helen, while the rest of them were going no farther than the gang plank; so Hastings retired from the field with a smile which said as plainly as words could say it, "You see I could have her all the evening if I would, but I won't be too hard on the rest of you." From Helen he turned with the easy grace of a society man to Bessie Archer, who, though she did not care much for that style of man, found this particular specimen rather amusing.

This last evening at Helen's New York home was a very pleasant one, for Helen was a charming hostess. As it drew to a close they had some music, and Helen insisted upon Rush singing a song. He refused so flatly at first as to appear almost rude, but Helen knew this to be embarrassment. She wanted her guests to hear what a fine barytone voice he had; so she sat down at the piano and began playing the accompaniment of one of Rubinstein's songs.

"You will not refuse me the last request I shall make of you for months—possibly the last I shall ever make, for the ocean is very wide, end even the largest ships are frail." She said this with a smile, but more seriously than she intended, and Rush turned a shade paler at the thought.

"I never sang to a roomful of people, and I will not do so now; I will sing to you."

"Thank you very much," said Helen, pretending not to notice the meaning of his words. "I thought you could not refuse me." And she began playing the accompaniment again. She played it beautifully. Her accompaniments were an inspiration to a singer. Rush stood by the side of the piano where he could look at her and not face the room, though he did not turn his back to the guests. He had learned enough German to be able to sing the words in that language, and he felt freer in singing a sentimental song in a foreign tongue. On the first two or three notes his voice trembled slightly, but the words and Helen's presence warmed him, and he sang as he had never sung before, giving every word its full meaning, and looking straight into her eyes as the rich tones poured from his lips. He sang as he felt, and he threw such an intensity into some of the words that Uncle Lightfoot Myers, who knew a little German, looked at Aunt Rebecca and winked, as though to say, "Another victim."

When Rush finished singing every one in the room except West Hastings came up and complimented him on his voice.

"You never sang for me, Mr. Hurlstone," said Bessie, rather reproachfully.

"Why, Rush, old man, how you have improved!" exclaimed Archie. "I remember you used to sing college songs, but I never heard you sing them like that."

"Where did you get this beautiful voice you have been hiding under a bushel, and who is your teacher?" asked Mary Dick, taking his hand and shaking it enthusiastically.

"The voice, such as it is," said Rush, slightly embarrassed, "I suppose I came by naturally, but my knowledge of music I owe to the best of teachers, for Miss Knowlton has been kind enough to give me most valuable instructions."

"Nonsense!" said Helen. "I heard him sing a little song one night, and I saw that he had a musical ear and a very sweet quality of voice; so I made him bring his music around here, and gave him a few hints, which fell upon good soil, for they have borne fruit a hundred fold."

Rush's singing had certainly made a sensation, and they would not let him off until he had sung another song, into which he threw even more passion than he did into the first, for it was "Bid Me to Live."

"If Dick Griswold had ever sung to me like that," remarked the vivacious Mary Dick to Uncle Lightfoot, "I wouldn't have kept him waiting so long for an answer as I did."

West Hasting didn't enjoy this part of the performance at all, and remarked to Bessie Archer, with an emphasis that made her smile in spite of herself, that he despised a singing man and thought German a beastly language. If he could not sing to Helen he was determined that she should sing to him, and when she sat down at the piano again he put the music, a pretty French love song, on the rack, and stood immediately in front of her as she sang it. Now, as all singers like to have some one at whom they can look when singing, Hastings turned the pages and caught the glances he coveted and was content.

When the evening broke up, as the pleasantest evenings will, Aunt Rebecca called Rush aside and said she wanted to say a few words to him after the other guests had gone. His heart beat high in expectation, for the thought crossed his mind, "Perhaps she has discovered that I adore her niece, and is going to tell me that she will be my friend." Helen stayed in the drawing room after her guests had gone only long enough to thank Rush again for his songs and say that she should expect to see him at the steamer. "So now addio," she said, giving him her hand. He took it and raised it reverentially to his lips. She thought nothing of this, for they were very good friends, and then she had lived a good deal among foreigners.

"Now, Mr. Hurlstone," said Aunt Rebecca, taking him by the arm and leading him to the sofa, "I think I understand you pretty well" (Rush blushed to the roots of his hair), "and I feel that I can speak to you plainly, and not waste time in beating about the bush."

"You can certainly depend on me, Miss Sandford. I am proud to be your confidant," answered Rush, in a steady voice, though he thought it was going to tremble.

"Well, then, to the point. I see that you are fond of Helen"——

"I a—" Rush was going to say, "I adore her," but Aunt Rebecca, who was thinking her own thoughts, went on as though he had not made an attempt to speak: "And I believe that her interests will be safe in your hands. You are the foreign editor of The Dawn, I believe."

"I have that honor."

"Well, then, if our agent sends you an occasional cablegram from London about Helen's success will you put it in your paper? You know The Dawn is the most important paper to a public singer. What do you say?"

"I shall be delighted," answered Rush, though his hopes had been suddenly dashed to the ground. "Anything your agent sends me about Miss Knowlton shall be double leaded and have a display head."

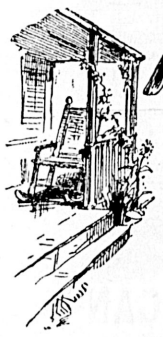
"Thank you very much. I shall not take advantage of your kindness, but I am glad to have a friend at court—one who will see that the truth gets into print. I'm sorry to have kept you so long, but business is business, and I might not get so good a chance to-morrow, when everything will be hurry and bustle. By the way, why can't you go down with us? There'll be plenty of room in the carriage. Good idea! I'm sure Helen will be pleased. You need not hesitate; you can make yourself useful as well as ornamental; so we shall expect you to be here at half past 11 sharp. The steamer sails at 1. Good night; I'll see you in the morning."

Rush shook hands good night, and promised to be punctual; and he was. The drive to the dock was not particularly gay. Helen felt homesick at leaving all her friends and her beloved New York for a strange city and a strange people. When they arrived at the steamer, however, there were a number of friends to see them off—the guests of the night before, and some others who were strangers to Rush—and there was a great deal of laughing, and the usual amount of small talk and frolic that are part of such an occasion. Helen's stateroom was filled with flowers, and there was a brilliant horticultural display on one of the tables of the dining room. Telegrams poured in upon her from every direction, and there was also quite a collection of letters from friends who could not get to the steamer, but who wished to say bon voyage. The most gorgeous flowers she received bore West Hastings' card.

Rush knew that he could not compete with her wealthy admirers, and that it would be foolish for him to make the attempt, so he had bought a curious Chinese vase covered with dolphins and little fishes and filled it with growing forget-me-nots. Helen was more pleased with this than with anything else she received; "for," said she, "it will give me something to take care of during the voyage, and every time I water it or break off the dead leaves I will think of you, and I will wonder how you are getting along in your new position. You must write and tell me all about it. I will not promise to answer your letters, but Aunt Rebecca will, and you will get a much more entertaining letter from her than I could write."

Rush fully realized that Helen was going away. The active preparations for departure gave him the most melancholy feelings, which it required all his manhood to keep him from betraying. When the bell rang and the order "All ashore!" was shouted he had serious thoughts of staying aboard and taking his chances, but the impulse was only momentary. He was the last of Helen's friends to say good-by to her, and when he took her hand her eyes were filled with tears. Tears did not disfigure Helen's eyes; on the contrary, they heightened their charm. How he longed to take her in his arms and kiss them away! What he did do was to give her hand a formal shake, and smile mechanically as he bade her good-by. Then he ran along the dock and out to the bow of a ship moored there, so that he had the last sight of her, and was in turn the last friend she saw in America. She threw him a rose as she passed and it fell in the water. In a moment he had pulled off his coat and sprung into the river, where he picked up the flower and waved it to Helen as the steamer passed out of sight. He saw the frightened expression on her face when he dived and he was repaid. A man in a rowboat picked him up, the crowd on the dock cheered, and he carried the rose home in triumph.

CHAPTER XVIII.



AUNT REBECCA was as good as her word, and wrote Rush an amusing letter from London. She had a keen eye for the ridiculous, and the portraits of distinguished people she gave him with a stroke of the pen were as characteristic as they were clever. While these amused him he was more interested when she spoke of Helen. "The dear child scores a triumph every night she sings; but her heart is true to Poll, and the applause of all the crowned heads of Europe could not thrill her as do the plaudits of her own countrymen in the dear old Academy." Sometimes Helen would send a message or add a line to Aunt Rebecca's letter, which was a great consolation to Rush, for it showed that she still thought of him. He was delighted to know that the vase of forget-me-nots was still blooming, and that Helen, who was devoted to flowers, kept it in her room and tended it every day with her own dear hands.

During the long summer days Rush worked hard at his desk in the office of The Dawn, and time did not drag with him. Helen was coming back in the fall; there was that to look forward to. In one of her letters Aunt Rebecca mentioned in a casual manner that West Hastings had gone over to Paris with a party of Americans, and that she thought he was quite enamored of a western miss, one of their number. When Rush read this sentence he wanted to turn a hand spring in the editorial sanctum, for it was proof positive that Hastings was not engaged to Helen, that he should leave her to go to Paris in the train of a western beauty. That was the best news he had heard in many a long day.

When Rush's two weeks' vacation came he accepted the very cordial invitation of Mr. Archer to spend half of it at his country place on the Sound; the other week he devoted to his mother and sisters at Farmsted. Mr. Archer's place was about two hours from New York by the boat and stood upon a high bluff overlooking the Sound. It was a large, rambling, old fashioned house, with numerous additions that had been made from time to time for convenience and comfort. Archie Tillinghast was there at the time of Rush's visit, much to his annoyance, for he could not get it out of his mind that Rush was in love with Bessie. The thought troubled him, and he could not help showing it. Bessie saw that he was jealous of Rush, but she knew well enough that he had no cause. One night when Rush and Archie were sitting out on the moonlit veranda enjoying their cigars after the rest of the household had gone to bed, Archie put the question plainly to his friend.

"Rush, old man," said he, "I think it better 'to speak out in meeting' than to let anything rankle. The question I'm going to ask you is not a usual question, but I don't ask it out of curiosity, but because I must know the truth. Are you in love with my cousin Bessie?"

"Why, bless your heart, Archie, I never dreamed of such a thing!" And Rush, who was thinking of his love for Helen Knowlton when he spoke, laughed at the absurdity of the question.

Archie resented his tone.

"You couldn't love a better girl if you tried," he said; "and I think your manner extremely offensive."

He threw his cigar on the grass and arose to go inside.

"Why, Archie, old friend," said Rush, taking his hand, "there is no woman in the world for whom I have a more profound regard than I have for Miss Archer; but I thought you, who used to twit me with it, knew of my love for another woman, and it seemed to me so absurd to think that I could love any one else, that I could not help laughing as I answered your question."

"I'll forgive you, old boy," said Archie, reseating himself and lighting a fresh cigar; "and since you are so confiding I'll confide in you in turn. I love my cousin Bessie. She really isn't my cousin, you know; no more relation to me than you are; and as she gives me no encouragement I supposed it was because there was another man in the field. You and she seemed to be so intimate that I have looked upon you as a successful rival for some time past, and have only been waiting to call you out; but now I gladly acknowledge my error. If you are not my rival I know I have none, and I'll go in to win now, or know the reason why. I did once think of challenging that blackguard O'Hara, or whatever his name was, but the law took him in hand and saved me the job. Imprisonment for life he got, wasn't it? I thought so—the rascal! Hanging would have been too good for him. But tell me, old man, are you still really and seriously in love with the Knowlton?"

"Really and seriously, Archie. But I wish you would not call her 'the Knowlton;' that sounds as though she was nothing but a public character, when really that is the least part of her. It is as a woman that I admire her, though I consider her the greatest singer of our time."

Rush's experience of prime donne was limited, but he had heard this statement advanced by excellent authority and felt safe in echoing it. "My confession to you to-night," he continued, "is in the most sacred confidence. No one suspects what I have told you, Miss Knowlton least of any one; but I am going to win her or die in the attempt."

"I admire your pluck, old man, for it it is plucky of you, deuced plucky, when you have to fight against so many suitors. I give you my blessing; go in and win. You possibly think, with becoming modesty, that if you win Helen Knowlton you are the one upon whom congratulations are to be heaped: certainly you deserve some; but Miss Knowlton is the one whom I shall congratulate. And now to bed, and to dream of our sweethearts—God bless them! You have made me a happy man, Rush, or perhaps I should say a comparatively happy man."

And the friends pressed each other's hands and said good night.

The next and last week of Rush's vacation was spent with the dear ones at Farmsted. It was the middle of August, and all the village was in a flutter of excitement over the arrival of so distinguished a townsman. Old Bennie Miles, the seedsman, said that he "knowed Rush Hurlstone was going to make a place for himself in York. There was the right kind o' seed in him. Just give it a chance, and see how it 'ed grow." And old Aunty Stout, the village charwoman, said she "could hev told any one that that there young feller was born for a marbill palish; and if what she hearn tell was true, his office in New York was nothin less than marbill from its front stoop to its lean-to."

The approaching wedding of John Hurlstone to Amy Bayliss was no less an occasion of local excitement. John hadn't been in Farmsted since he went away "to take keer o' that gold mine," as the villagers expressed it, but Amy had heard from him regularly, and he had at last fixed the wedding day. It was to be September the 3d, and great were the preparations then going on. Amy's brother Tom was to be the best man, John's two sisters the bridesmaids, and both Dr. Bayliss and the bishop of the diocese were to perform the wedding ceremony. Farmsted was in a flutter of excitement over the event, and the church was receiving some needed painting and upholstering in anticipation. John wrote that he would not be on until the very morning of the wedding, because he was busy getting his affairs in order, so that he might take a wedding trip to some new and far off place. Rush had seen little or nothing of John in New York during the summer, and he was delighted to know that he had settled down and was determined to marry the devoted girl to whom he was engaged.

In the meantime, the affairs of the Mutual Dividend Mining company were becoming more and more involved, and the nature of the work that John was called upon to perform by Col. Mortimer would not bear the light of day. John was getting more and more reckless. He drank deeper and played higher, and didn't seem to care much what became of him. He only went to see Leoni occasionally, and she—poor girl!—was worried to death about him. He told her that luck was against him, and that it always was against him when he tried to do what was right; and that is what he tried to make himself believe. When Rush came back to New York from his visit to Farmsted, John invited him to dine with him at the "Club," and questioned him closely as to the wedding preparations. Rush was seriously alarmed by John's appearance and manner. There was a restless, wild look in his eyes, and he started at every strange sound. When Rush asked him if he was not well, he said that he was never better in his life. He ate very little, drank a good deal and talked incessantly about Amy and the approaching wedding. "So I am to be married September third, am I?" he said. "Well, I suppose I shall have to give up my bachelor ways and settle down as a family man. They're all waiting for the wedding day, you say. Well, it's coming; you can't keep it back. I don't say that any one would keep it back. I only say that no one could keep it back. Do have a brandy and soda, Rush; it will do you good. You fellows who stick to one wine through a dinner are too prudent by half. Good brandy never hurt any one. You are going to be there, Rush. Every one's going to be there. We'll have a jolly time at the funeral — I mean the wedding; but where's the difference? They both start you into an unknown country. Queer world, eh, brother? Now tell me something about mother and the girls. I know they are well, but are they happy, Rush?—that's the point; are they happy? You may be bursting with health, but what's health without happiness? They are happy, are they? I hope they may always be so, Rush; I hope they will never be made unhappy on my account; but it takes so little to make mothers and sisters unhappy. They are naturally nervous—a great deal more nervous than fathers and brothers. Well, Rush, old boy, you can't refuse me this toast" (rising unsteadily to his feet): "Here's to the dear ones at home, and may they always love us, Rush, always love us as we—what do I mean?"

"As we deserve," suggested Rush.

John knit his brows for a second. "More than that, Rush. That might do for you, but it would never do for me. 'May they always love us, no matter what comes'—that's it, Rush. 'No matter what comes, may our mother and sisters always love us.' "

Then he sat down and pulled his hair over his forehead and said nothing for some moments. Then he broke out again:

"Queer things families are, Rush. Look at you and me. No one would ever take us for brothers; we are as unlike in feature as we are in character. You know your duty, old fellow, and you do it like a man; I know mine sometimes. God help me, but I can't do it. When I die, Rush, I want you to have me examined. You'll find my heart in the right place; but when you examine my head you won't find my moral qualities what they ought to be. Then you'll forgive me for lots of things, won't you? You'll say, 'Poor fellow! His heart was all right if his will wasn't as strong as ours; we mustn't be too hard on him.' You'll say all this, won't you, Rush?"

And John leaned across the table and seized his brother's hand with a tight grip, and gazed with an expression of intense longing into his face.

Rush knew, of course, that he was flushed with wine, and he supposed that all this talk was merely the result of his potations. To humor him, and because he really loved him, he replied:

"Have no fear on that score, John; we know too well what a warm heart you carry about with you to be hard on you for a misstep."

He supposed his brother alluded to his increasing habit of drinking.

"Thank you, old man; thank you more than words can tell. I'm nervous to-night. You mustn't mind me; another pony of brandy will set me all right." And, suiting the action to the word, he drank one down without winking.

"Suppose we walk around Madison square," he resumed. "My head is on fire: these August nights are beautifully cool; perhaps the air will help it."

On their way out they met Mortimer in the hall. He looked dogged and sullen. Seeing John, he beckoned him aside and exchanged a few whispered words with him. At something he said John started back as though he were going to fall, but he clutched the railing of the staircase and recovered himself. He looked so frightfully ill when he rejoined Rush that the latter proposed that they should go home at once; but John said there was nothing the matter with him—he only needed the fresh air out under the trees of the square.

"Mortimer seemed to have something unpleasant to tell you," said Rush, as they seated themselves on a park bench. "I wish, John, that if you have any business troubles you would confide in me; I might help you."

"Thank you, Rush, for your kind offer; but it's nothing—a mere nothing; just a fluctuation in mining stocks that may hurt us, that's all. To-morrow, for all we can tell, they may look better than ever. It's a worrying business. Take my advice, Rush, and keep out of stocks—particularly mining stocks."

John lighted a cigar, puffed it once or twice, and threw it away. Then he sat for several minutes with his hat off, engaged in his old trick of pulling his hair over his forehead. Jumping to his feet suddenly, he took his brother by the arm.

"Come along, Rush; I've kept you up

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late enough; it must be after 1 o'clock. I'll walk down to your lodgings with you."

They walked the whole distance in silence, which was broken by John when they reached the door of the house. He took Rush's hand, and holding it tightly, said: "Good night, Rush; pleasant dreams." Then, suddenly, "We've always been good friends, haven't we, Rush? We've never quarreled, have we? Philip and I have had little fights once in a while; but you and I, Rush, were always good friends. When I die I'll depend upon you to defend me against my enemies; you'll do that, won't you, Rush? You'll see that I have a shred of character left—just enough to bury me in."

"I wish you'd stop talking about dying, John; you'll live to put a monument over all our graves—a big, hearty fellow like you." And Rush tried to laugh; but his brother's manner, even more than his words, impressed him unpleasantly, and he couldn't shake off the impression. It hung over him all that night, and all the next day, and long afterwards.

(To be Continued.)

HEREDITY.

The conclusions at which living inquirers, such as Professor Weismann and Mr. Francis Galton, have arrived is that a child is literally an offshoot from its parents. Its life is the result of the union of two infinitesimal particles, not produced by the parents, but received by them from their parents, and transmitted to their offspring. The child thus becomes practically identified with the parents, though it may partake more largely of the characteristics of one than of the other. This circumstance explains at once family likenesses and dissimilarities, and the risk arising from intermarriages in the same family. Structural and functional modifications which are injurious can be transmitted as easily as those which are of service; and where both parents are subject to a family imperfection, the same may be intensified in the children. For the continuity of the essential germ is not affected by the fact that variations which may arise in the development of an individual may be preserved and perpetuated in his offspring by hereditary transmission.

FRUGAL FARE OF THE CZAR.

The Vienna correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* sends an account of the Czar's "frugal fare" at Fredensborg. It appears that his Majesty breakfasts at nine upon boiled eggs, ham, roast beef, omelette, and tea, while at noon he recruits his exhausted energies by a luncheon of chicken broth with an egg in it, cutlets, cold fowl, game, river fish, vegetables and cake. At two the Czar consumes a dish of rice boiled in milk. This is a pretty example of "frugal fare." The fact is that the Czar has a truly Gargantuan appetite, and he drinks oceans of champagne at and after dinner, but at the midday meal he contents himself with a bottle of either Boadeaux or Rhine wine.

MARK TWAIN AND HIS WIFE.

Mark Twain lives an idle, easy-going sort of existence during nine months of the year. Unlike most authors, he works in summer and rests all the remainder of the year. His home, at Hartford, Conn, is a handsome red brick Queen Anne villa, the principal attraction of which is a large library on the first floor. Here Mark Twain may be found any day during his loafing season, sitting in a comfortable arm chair, with his feet on the window sill, partly hid by a cloud of tobacco smoke. Mrs. Clemens is a sweet, lovely, refined woman, but a serious drawback to her husband's happiness is the fact that she cannot appreciate his jokes.

VISITORS AT THE PARIS EXPOSITIONa

More than twice as many visitors paid to see the Paris Exposition between its opening in May and Sept. 30 as were admitted to the Exposition of 1878 during the same period. The exact figures are:—In 1878, 9,646,482: in 1889, 18,331,580.

SCRAPS.

A TERRIBLE PROSPECT.

Mrs. St. Louis (to her pastor)—How glad I am that you have come, dear soul! I am in deep distress. My youngest son actually contemplates——

Mr. Longpsalm—Not suicide, I hope, dear sister?

Mrs. St. Louis—Worse than that. He contemplates—let me whisper it that the walls may not hear it—he contemplates marrying a Chicago widow.

GOOD MATERIAL.

Mr. Rusher (to a new school teacher)—About this boy of mine, now. I want you to bring him along, bring him along; if he doesn't get away ahead of the class, it will be your own fault; he's any easy boy to teach; he'll believe anything you tell him.

A NATURAL REQUEST.

"I must beg the congregation to forego the usual donation party this year," announced the minister. "I have nothing to give. The last crowd cleaned me out of eatables for six months."

ITS VALUE INCREASED

Wife—Mother wants to come and make us a visit, John, but I'm afraid she never will as long as we have the parrot. She detests parrots."

Husband—Does she?

Wife—Yes; and you know you have a standing offer of $50 for that bird.

Husband—My dear, I wouldn't sell that bird for $150.

WOMAN'S WAY

Fanny—The Browns are still lovers, although married ten years.

Frank—Oh, don't talk that kind of rot.

(Indignantly)—"Rot indeed! I saw her run down the steps last night and kiss Mr. Brown when he came home."

"Pshaw! She wanted to find out what he'd been drinking.

Old Philisopher—Eh? Engaged yourself to Miss Pretty? Why, she wastes half her time ever that horrid, little pugdog of hers. Young Philospher—Yes, but I notice the dog does just as he pleases.

HIS NOTIFICATION.

How Thornton Executed His Commission.

"She'll have to go; ain't no way out o' *that*. She'll have to skip," said Dave Kinney. He squinted in a cross-eyed manner at the cracker-crumb on his tawny, scraggy beard, and transferred it carefully to his mouth. There was a wedge of cheese on his left knee. When the Fence Corners School Board—originally Fennett's Corners, but thus aptly abbreviated—held a meeting, it was, by general agreement, in old Hanks' grocery, where crackers and cheese, and mayhap a herring, might relieve its tedium. But to-night there was an alleviating interest.

"About the size of it," said Silas Saunders. He preferred tobacco, and rolled a quid under his tongue. "This ain't no place fer her *here*. Why, *I* wouldn't answer for the consequences if she staid; there ain't no tellin' what might happen, ner what deviltry them boys *might* be up to. Look at Corny Rourke, six foot two or three if he's an inch, and chuck full, chuck full, chuck full! He's always *be'n* the one to put the teachers out, and there ain't no doubt but what it's his idee this time. Barricadin' the school-house right out bold first day o' school; now, who but Corny'd 'a' thought o' *that?*"

There was something of contemplative admiration in his tone.

"Goin' to be done, whoever's doin' it," said Kinney, exploring his cracker-bag. "Goin' to git in at eight o'clock to-morrow mornin' an' shut up the door and fasten the windows, and any teacher that gits in 'll have to git in through the key-hole er a crack; what they *said*."

He had told it before; He had called the meeting for the purpose of telling it. But it was interesting to dwell upon.

There was an impressive silence.

wiped them off mechanically with his rough, strong hand. He did not know whether they were from pity of her or of himself; he know not which was the stronger within him; he was not clearly conscious of either, but of a dull unhappiness such as he had never known.

He looked down at his clothes with faint shame; they were not his best ones. He had a ready-made suit at home, but these his mother had made. He wished they looked better. The light in Bissel's window cast his long shadow on the white ground. It wavered there, shrinking and lingering; then it pushed on and up to the door.

It was not the custom in Fence Corners to rap; it would have been looked upon as a useless formality. He stepped into Bissel's large, scantily furnished, rag-carpeted best room.

He gasped as he stood there. He had vaguely hoped for a little reprieve, but she sat there by the lamp, alone, bending over some work. She rose at his entrance, and came forward a little to offer her hand; but he did not see it, and she dropped it back in awkward haste.

"Won't you take a chair?" she said.

She brought one forward. Thornton sat down. He dropped his hat as he did so, and picked it up with a red face. Then he sat still. He would have tried to speak, but he knew he could not; his tongue felt thick and immovable.

"It's snowing, ain't it," said the schoolteacher; she bore the marks of diffidence herself in her timorous voice and look.

Thorton nodded; it was all he could do. He stared at her fixedly, almost vacuously. His mind wandered back and strove to anchor itself to something. Once he had spent an evening at Bissel's, on the occasion of a sociable, and taken her hand in one of the games; once he had overtaken her, in a wagon, on her way to school and given her a lift. That was all. He thought it might have been less hard for him if there had been something more, but that was all his morbid self-distrustfulness had allowed him.

The ticking of a clock on a corner-stand filled the silence. It was a round, nickel clock, and it ticked so loudly as to force itself upon them.

"That's my school-clock," said the teacher. "I am all ready for to-morrow. There are my books over there with it and the register.

The school director dropped his miserable eyes to the faded stripe in the carpet at his feet, but he did not see it; his hat shook with the trembling of his hands.

"I've be'n thinking how many I'll have, likely," the school-teacher went on. His misery imparted itself to her in a degree of nervousness, and she let her work drop. "I had twenty-five this summer; there's always more winters, ain't there?"

He managed to say yes. His eyes were wandering about the room now, his lips parted as if for air. He saw a new pane in the window, clumsily puttied—a camphor bottle left on the melode on—a break in the cane seat of a chair—a small tub filled with white asters still in bloom. He continued looking at these.

"They're real late, ain't they?" said the girl. "They're mine. I potted 'em myself and I guess they'll last best part of the winter; I've heard they will, took care of. Do you want one?"

She put down her work and went and picked one. Then, with a shy laugh, she took her scissors and went back to them.

"May be your mother'd like a few; she hain't got 'em, has she?" she said.

She made a bunch and tied it with her black thread. Thornton watched her; a slight girl in a cheap and well-worn dress, her dark hair in a girlish braid, and her eyes mild. This she was, but who shall tell what he was? His agony rose, culminated

"Wall, we'll have to give her notice. You're jest the one to do it, Thornton—eh?" Saunders observed to the third member of the board. He was himself uneasy. "She got along fust-rate, summer term," he added. He appeared to feel a vague and wholly impotent regret. "Needs the money, should jedge."

"She need't 'a' made no calculations to teach no winter term *here*—not to Fence Corners," Kinney responded, with some contempt. "If there h'ain't be'n a winter fer five years but what there's be'n a rumpus, and gener'ly school shut up, w'y, she needn't 'a' looked fer there *goin'* to be."

It was unanswerable, but the store-keeper entered a weak suggestion over his motley counter.

"I should think that gang ought to be broke up," he said.

He expected no rejoinder, and got none. The School Board's attention centered upon no such whimsical irrelevancy.

"Reckon *you're* the one to notify her, Thornton," said Saunders, again.

He wriggled unquietly on his stool.

Thornton sat motionless. Whether in fact or by a trick of the ill-burning lamp on the counter, his good-looking face with its heavy, light moustache, appeared pale. He sat with his arms crossed on his knees and his eyes on the floor, silent.

"Jest so," said Kinney, with an air of impartial decision. "You can git it off better 'n Saunders or me, Thornton. You're a better lookin' man, anyhow, and you're better rigged up," he concluded, with politic amiableness.

They made an attempt at a careless dismissal of the subject. Kinney got up and threw his cheese rind in the stove. Thornton passed his hand over his mouth and swallowed hard.

"You can jest put it easy," said Kinney, encouragingly. "You can tell her jest how 'tis, and how it's fer her own good, and ain't to be put off ner avoided. You can tell her she done first-*class*, summer term. W'y you can tell her jest what you're a-mine to," cried Kinney, magnanimously.

Their colleague arose. He was a tall and powerful young fellow, but there was an odd laxity in his movements now as he went toward the door. He held his hat-brim to his lips, too, and turned his face away from the light. Hanks stared after him till the door closed.

"I s'spose you've found out that Jim Thornton's about the bashfulest feller in town, ain't you?" he queried.

There was no response.

"And you've prob'ly suspicioned, same as other folks, that he's kind o' sweet on the school-ma'am, er would be if he dast?" pursued the store-keeper.

The School Board was silent.

"Wal," he concluded, with a grin, half of disgust, half of admiration, "you couldn't 'a' hired *me* to be'n that mean to a yeller dog—not to a yeller dog!"

* * * * * * *

Thornton made his way up the road through a warm and lightly falling early snow that whitened and softened and beautified it, dark as it was from the infrequency of buildings and hubbly with the frozen mud. He forgot to put his hat on till he met a man in a wagon, who stared at him. His face and hair were damp with melted flakes He went slowly, almost creepingly, for there was in his heart a terrible, sinking dread of what he must do. It was almost more than he could master.

Where was she? Bissel's; he knew she boarded at Bissel's and it was not far; he could see its light through the snow laden trees. The pain at his heart was all but physical; he winced, and kept his hand on his nervous mouth; there was a mist in his eyes, and it grew into tears. He was not surprised at them, nor ashamed of them; he as she turned to him; he clutched his hat till its stiff brim cracked. She was coming toward him with the flowers.

"There, may be she'd like a few," she repeated, faint-heartedly; but he did not hear her. He felt his face aflame like fire, and a choking in his throat. He struggled to speak, and did make an inarticulate sound, at which she looked at him in wonder. He looked up at her pitifully—and then fell stumblingly on his knees at her feet and buried his face in her skirt, and groping for her hands, pulled them down till they pressed his throbbing head and rested there, her happy, wondering tears falling upon them.

* * * * * * *

"Bashful?" said Dave Kinney to Hanks, the store-keeper. "I'd like to know what's your *idee* o' bashfulness. W'y, Jim Thornton walked out o' this store that night and up to Bissel's straight as a string, and told that school-teacher that, owin' to circumstances that he didn't have no control over, she couldn't have the *school* this winter, ner likely there couldn't nobody else neither, but if it'd be any consideration to her, she could have *him;* told her that right up and down, and didn't make no bones of it. If Jim Thornten's bashful, w'y, the feller that ain't t's what *I'd* like to see."—Emma A. Opper, in Leslie's Newspaper.

Galled.—The verb to gall is a metaphorical allusion to the helplessness of a young bird (gaul, yellow, from the color of the down of an unfledged bird.) The French use the word niais, a nestling, to signify one easily galled. The Italians use the word pippione, a young pigeon, in the same sense. We have borrowed the latter, and use the word in the case of a pigeon, one who has been duped at cards or any other game.

To Trumpet One's Good Deeds.—The allusion is to one of the Pharisaic sect called the alms-giver, who had a trumpet sounded before them, ostensibly to summon the poor together, but in reality to publish abroad their abnegation and benevolence. In the phrase, 'you sound your trumpet,' the allusion is to heralds, who used to announce with a flourish of trumpets the knights who entered a list.

In one of those mountainous districts of Bavaria, there is a town called Mittenwald, shut in by snow-clad peaks and dense forests, in which every yard is crossed by a labyrinth of ropes and poles, on which hundreds of violins are hung up to dry. For a couple of centuries the entire industry of the town has been violin making, for which the surrounding forests produce the best of material. Men, women and children all have their allotted share of the work, and violins, cellos, bass violins, zithers and every stringed instrument, from a copy of some old and priceless, Stradivarious, perfect in form, color and tone, down to the cheapest banjo, are exported in great quantities, all hand made, to every quarter of the globe.

A Swiss surgeon has invented a novel and alleged painless mode of extracting teeth. A thick square of soft rubber, perforated in the centre, is pushed over the offending tooth until the upper part of the root is well enveloped. The contraction of the rubber excercises a steady and persistent but nearly painless pressure, gradually sundering the nerve and vessels, and lifting the tooth from its bed without troublesome hemorrhage. The process requires four or five days, but is not accompanied by any serious liability to inflammation.

Early last summer a young girl at Summerside, Prince Edward Island, wrote her name and address upon an egg, which subsequently found its way to Boston, Mass., among other shipments. The parents of the young lady visited Boston recently, and, strange to say, were introduced to the young Bostonian who had received the egg and asked them if they knew the young lady—their own daughter. Explanations followed and a correspondence was opened. The wedding is to take place in December.

Free Trade in Neighborhood News.—Brown—I always make it a rule to conceal nothing from my wife; I tell her everything. Jones—Yes, and I can't say that I like you for it. Brown—How so? Why not? Jones—Why, your wife tells everything you tell her to my wife, and my wife just rakes me over the coals for it.

De Ruyter—Clara, you've started the fire with one of my MSS! Pull it out—quick! His Spouse—Pull it yourself. I won't be made the catspaw to take your chestnuts out of the fire.

It is not generally the girl with the most beaux who gets married first. It is the little grave, demure girl who sits in the corner with one young man and hangs on to him.

Invalid Chicago Lady (to her lawyer and administrator)—And now remember, when I die I wish to be laid by the side of my husband. Lawyer—Yes'm; which one?

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Lv Seattle - 9:45 a.m	Lv Pt. Town'd 10:00a.m
Ar Pt. Town'd 1:15 p.m	Ar Seattle - 1:30 p.m
Lv Pt. Town'd 2:00 p.m	Lv Seattle - 2:00 p.m
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nov10

NOTICE.

THE APOLLINARIS COMPANY (L'D), of London, England, having information that spurious waters have been manufactured and sold in this Province as genuine "Apollinaris" waters, in infringement of the Company's trade mark duly registered in Canada, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that proceedings will be instituted against all persons who after this date shall manufacture or offer for sale any liquid under the name of "Apollinaris" other than that put up by and bearing the genuine trade marks of the Company.

THE APOLLINARIS COMPANY L'D.

By Drake, Jackson & Helmcken, their Solicitors.

Victoria, B. C., 14th October, 1889. oct15

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 11,

To take effect at 8.40 a.m. on Tuesday, October 15, 1889. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH. READ DOWN.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays only.	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only.	STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays only.	No. 5. Passenger Saturdays only.
	De 8.40 A.M	De 2.20 P.M	P.M.	VICTORIA	Ar 1.21 P.M	Ar 5.58 P.M	
	" 8.44	" 2.24	De 10.00	RUSSELLS Ytc.W	" 1.20	" 5.54	
	" 8.53	" 2.44	Ar 10.15	ESQUIMALT	" 1.10	" 5.44	
	" 9.21	" 3.19		GOLDSTREAM	" 12.43	" 5.19	
	" 10.17	" 4.11		SHAWNIGAN LE	" 11.48 A.M	" 4.24	
	" 10.28	" 4.22		COBBLE HILL	" 11.36	" 4.14	
	" 10.45	" 4.39		MOPHEE HILL	" 11.20	" 3.59	
	" 10.57	" 4.44		KOKSILAH	" 11.07	" 3.49	
	" 11.02	" 4.54		DUNCANS	" 10.52	" 3.34	
	" 11.12	" 5.16		SOMENOS	" 10.26	" 3.12	
	" 11.28			CHEMAINUS	De 9.24		
	Ar 12.40 P.M	" 6.14		NANAIMO	Ar 9.15	" 2.14	
	De 12.45			NANAIMO	De 9.10	De 1.59	Ar 7.15
	Ar 1.01	Ar 6.29		WELLINGTON			De 7.00

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a Single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents. Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt

my29

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH.

A 25 cent Meal!

OF THE BEST—AT THE

COLONIAL HOTEL, Johnson St.

oct12-tf

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

THE TRUE

TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTE

—BETWEEN THE—

PACIFIC AND THE ATLANTIC

Its Dining Cars and Hotels

Provide the best quality of food in unlimited quantity at reasonable rates. The

Variety and Grandeur of Scenery

along its line is unequalled, and in the details of track, train service, etc., nothing is omitted that can add to the Safety and Comfort of its patrons.

All in all, it gives the best and most serviceable line of travel, whether for business or pleasure, between *Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria, and all Pacific Coast Points*, and *Winnipeg, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, St. Louis, Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal, Boston, New York and all Eastern Cities.*

THROUGH TICKETS

Are issued to all principal points in United States, Canada & Europe, at Lowest Rates.

For detailed information apply to

ROBT. IRVING, Freight and Pass. Agent.

D. E. BROWN, Gov't St., Victoria, B.C.

Asst. Gen'l Fr't & Pass. Ag't, Vancouver.

fe23

THE GREAT

Transcontinental Route

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD

The Dining Car line. The Direct Route. No Delays. Fastest Trains. Lowest Rates to Chicago and all points East. Tickets sold to all Prominent Points throughout the East and Southeast.

Through Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars Reservations can be secured in advance.

To East Bound Passengers:

Be careful and do not make a mistake, but be sure to take the

Northern Pacific Railroad

And see that your ticket reads via THIS LINE, St. Paul or Minneapolis to avoid changes and serious delays occasioned by other routes.

Through Emigrant Sleeping Cars run on regular express trains full length of the line. Berths free. Lowest rates. Quickest time.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Pass. Agent, 82 Gov't St., cor. Bastion, Victoria.

A. D. CHARLTON, Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt., 121 First st., cor. Washington, Portland, Or.

jnly21

Canadian Pacific NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited)

Time Table No. 11 Takes Effect March 23, 1889.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a m,

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's, and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2, going east Monday.

For Plumper Pass—Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Saturday at 7 o'clock

Fraser River Route:

Steamers leave New Westminster for Hope and Way Landings every Wednesday.

For CHILLIWHACK and Way Landings every Monday and Saturday at 7 o'clock, during river navigation.

Northern Route:

Steamship SARDONYX will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports when sufficient inducements offer.

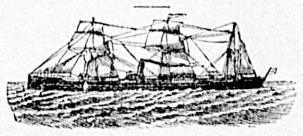
The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table without notification. Steamers leave by standard time.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

March 21st ly25

O. R. & N. CO.



Str. "MICHIGAN"

WILL SAIL FROM

Portland for Victoria

DIRECT

Tuesday, - - October 29th.

GEO. A. COOPER, Agent.

oct12

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

Steamer ISABEL

JAS. BENDRODT, Master

On and after July 16,

the Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows,

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Lv Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesday, 7.00 a.m
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'sday, 6.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Thursday, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Comox, Friday, 6.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Saturday, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Sunday, 7.00 "

For freight or passage apply on board. feb5

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Work of Train Wreckers.

KOKOMO, Oct. 25.—A freight train on the Lake Erie and Western road was wrecked here this morning by the engine striking an obstruction at the switch. Ten cars were thrown from the track and twelve oil tanks exploded, setting fire to other cars. Engineer Mehl, fireman Edward Burnett, and brakeman John Spellman were thrown under the oil cars and burned to a crisp. The victims lived at Peru, Ind. The accident was the work of train wreckers.

Dun's Weekly Report.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly report will say: Failures throughout the country during the last seven days number for the United States 188, and for Canada 37, a total of 225 failures as compared with 223 last week, and 214 the week previous to last. For the corresponding week last year the figures were 254, representing 222 failures in the United States and 32 in Canada.

A Prisoner's Escape.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Oct. 25.—This morning, William Campbell of North Adams, who was serving a short sentence in the county jail, left his work in the shoe shop, and during the momentary absence of the guard, removed his shoes and climbed the lightning rod, crawled over the roof, slid down the water pipe and escaped to the woods.

An Epidemic of Diphtheria.

SPARTA, Kan., Oct. 25.—The Russian settlement five miles west of here, is affected with an epidemic of diphtheria which bids fair to depopulate the place. There are 300 Russians in the settlement, and there are now twenty-seven cases of the disease. Six persons died last week, and eight so far this week. The situation is very bad, and the Russians take no precautions to prevent the spread of the disease.

The Pan-American Visitors.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 25.—It was a rather cold and damp day that the Pan-American visitors spent in Minneapolis, but the local committee contrived to make it interesting for them. The party arrived from St. Paul at 9 a. m., and after a welcome at the Chamber of Commerce they inspected the city, educational institutions, flour and lumber mills, and were driven about the city. There was an elaborate lunch at the West Hotel, and to-night a reception at the same place, after which the party left for Sioux City.

More Wives than One.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 25.—The will of the St. Louis lawyer, Frank J. Bowman, who was recently killed by B. W. Chambers, was filed in Kings County surrogate's office to-day. It is dated a few days after Bowman's marriage to Estelle Platt, of this city, and leaves all his property to her. It will probably be contested by Bowman's other wives.

Death by Electricity.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 25.—When sentence of death by electricity was pronounced to-day upon murderer McIlvam, his counsel excepted to the sentence as unconstitutional, and gave notice of appeal. The appeal will operate as a stay of execution until it is decided.

Injunction Denied.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—In the supreme court to-day, the motion of the American Atlantic and Pacific Ship Canal Company for an injunction restraining the Maritime Canal Company, of Nicaragua, from constructing its canal through territory in which petitioners claim rights under old Nicaragua grants, was denied.

Railroad Extension.

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 25.—The Suncook Valley Extension Railroad, a five-mile continuation of the Suncook Valley from Pittsfield to Barnstead, and the first link in the new route to Lake Winnipiseogee and the White Mountains, was formally opened yesterday in the presence of many thousands of visitors, including leading people from all parts of the state. Ex-Governor Fredrick Smith, president of the Concord and Montreal Railroad Co., and Col. Thomas Cogswell, of Golmanton, were among the spectators.

Tried! Tested! Proved!

A Year ago last summer I was troubled with dysentery. I procured Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and took according to directions, which completely cured me. ROBERT E. GREEN, Lyndhurst, Ont. This medicine cures all looseness of the bowels. sw

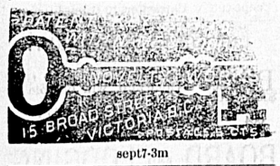
Severely Attacked.

I WAS severely attacked with diarrhœa and vomiting, the pain was intense and I thought I could not live till morning. Six doses of Dr. Fowler's Wild Strawberry cured me and I have not had the least symptom since. MRS. ALICE HOPKINS, Hamilton, Ont. swf

Victoria Employment Bureau.

No. 23—TIM KEE—Store St.
Can supply all kinds of Chinese help—cooks, housekeepers, etc., at wages to suit. Chinese Guides furnished to Tourists.
"CONTRACTOR."
Labor guaranteed. Telephone No. 580
No charges made against Employers of labor. ap26-12mo

W. BREDEMEYER, DR. PH., (late partner of John McVicker), Mining Engineer, Provincial and United States Surveyor and Assayer, Masonic Temple Block, Vancouver, B. C. Reliable reports, underground surveys and maps of mines executed at low rates. Assays made on all kinds of minerals, Gold and Silver bars. Thirty years experience in mining in Asia, Europe and United States of America. Speaks ten languages. Assays from a distance promptly attended to. Address Vancouver, B. C. All business strictly cash in advance. m31tf



sept7-3m

GEO. A. SARGISON,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant & Agent,
48 LANGLEY ST.
aug27

C. DUBOIS MASON,
Solicitor, etc. Notary Public,
—AND—
PATENT AGENT,
57 Government Street.
my12-6mo

LAND FOR SALE
VICTORIA WEST.
The Cheapest Residential Property yet offered.
Land in the above desirable locality for sale, cleared and ready for immediate occupation, in lots 60×120, or ½ acre, to suit purchasers. Water mains 150 feet distant.
For maps and terms apply to
JNO. J. AUSTIN,
street, Victoria.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short-weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 107 Wall Street, New York. au15-1y

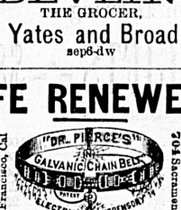
S P Q R
Small Profits Quick Returns.

Art Plushes,
Art Silks,
Stamped Felt Goods,
Linen Goods,
Embroidery Silks,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
Fancy Work Materials
SUITABLE FOR THE COMING
'XMAS TRADE.
HAMPSON & TERRY,
Cash Dry Goods,
COR. YATES AND BROAD STS.
sep14-1yr-dw

DEVLIN
THE GROCER.
Victoria Blend of Coffee
Put up in one pound tin packages (full weight) suitable for best family and Hotel trade, and retailed at 50 cents per pound.
TRY OUR BLEND
As usual 40 cents per pound. Take Samples FREE and try it.
-:- TEAS -:-
AS USUAL.

5 Lb. Box Genuine M. M. Tea, -	$1.75
10 Lb. Box " " " -	3.25
5 Lb. Box My Own Blend, (Black),	2.25
10 " " " " " "	4.25

A full line of fresh and well assorted Groceries, Flour, Feed, Etc., in stock.
Am not selling at cost, but try to average the profit all round, so regular customers will find it profitable to give me their entire trade.
DEVLIN,
THE GROCER,
Cor. Yates and Broad Sts.
sep6-dw

LIFE RENEWER!
The Only RUPTURE REMEDY Worth Having. DR. PIERCE'S Pulse Electric Truss is the only genuine Electric Truss. Sealed Pamphlet & Circular Free. Address, Pulse Electric Truss Co., 704 Sansome St., San Francisco, Cal.


$6 and Up. Patented Oct. 11, 1887.
DR. PIERCE'S New BODY-BATTERY with Electric Suspensory for Men, is far superior to all others, and gives a current which can be INSTANTLY FELT BY THE WEARER. This BELT will POSITIVELY CURE without medicine—Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Spine, Liver and Kidneys, Female Weakness, Impotency, Lack of Power, etc. For full particulars call or send stamp for Sealed Pamphlet No. 2. Address:
"GALEN'S PILES" APPLIER. An Instrument for Home treatment CURES ALL Diseases of the Rectum. New Invention! 704 Sansome St., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
mar15-eod-dw-1yr

MARVELOUS MEMORY DISCOVERY.
Only Genuine System of Memory Training. Four Books Learned in one reading. Mind wandering cured. Every child and adult greatly benefitted. Great Inducements to Correspondence Classes.
Prospectus, with opinions of DR. WM. A. HAMMOND, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases, DANIEL GREENLEAF THOMPSON, the great Psychologist, J. M. BUCKLEY, D.D., editor of the *Christian Advocate, N.Y.* RICHARD PROCTOR, the Scientist, HONS. W. W. ASTOR, JUDGE GIBSON, JUDAH P. BENJAMIN, and others, sent post free by PROF. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y. ap6-eod&w-3m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 200 acres of land, more or less, situate near the head of Rivers Inlet, commencing at the N. W. corner of Section 10, Range 2, thence south 40 chains, thence west 50 chains more or less to the eastern boundary of Lot 6, Range 2, thence north 40 chains more or less to the south shore of Rivers Inlet, thence following the shore line of Rivers Inlet in an easterly direction to the place of commencement.
JAMES McLAUCHLIN.
22nd August, 1889. oc18-2mo

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. McCallum
HAVING OPENED A
TAILOR SHOP
—AT—
No. 43 Fort Street,
Respectfully asks a share of Public Patronage.
Mr. McCallum has had many years experience in California, and can guarantee a perfect fit and the very latest style.
A complete line of
English, French, Scotch and Irish
Imported Woolens of the latest designs on hand.
Remember the address,
43 FORT STREET.

Having sold out our business in Calgary, we will be delayed a few days longer, as one of us had to go East to buy Goods.
DAVIDSON BROS.,
Yates street, next Poodle Dog.
sept19

$10 REWARD.
LOST—DARK BAY HORSE, WHITE face. "S" branded on shoulder.
G. C. MESHER,
oc18-w 52 Second street, Work Estate.

DELMONICO
Restaurant-:-and-:-Oyster-:-Parlor,
109 Government Street, Victoria.
Mr. H. B. Rendal has just completed the frescoing and decorating, and the seating capacity has been enlarged so as to accommodate 200 people, making it the largest and handsomest on the Pacific Coast. Inspection invited. Also private entrance and
DINING-ROOM--FOR--LADIES.
Eastern Oysters a Specialty, arriving by every Steamer. Private Dinners and Parties Furnished on Short Notice, all over the City.
E. ESCALET, - Proprietor.
oct8-1m

UNION CREDIT AND PROTECTIVE Association—Head quarters, 455 Main street, Winnipeg, Man. For collection of old and worthless accounts anywhere in the world, and no charges if not collected. O. E. COLLINS, Manager and Treasurer. All applications to be made to Winnipeg offices. ap14-12mo

—FOR—
FINE LINES
—OF—
STATIONERY,
Sheffield Cutlery,
Combs, Brushware,
Notions and Toys,
Call on Us!
JAS. J. DALEY & CO.
111 Government Street.
jly25

JAMES & FURNESS,
Produce-:-and-:-Commission
MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
Mess Pork, Bacon, Hams, Lard, Butter, Dried Fruits, Cheese, Eggs, Potatoes, Hops, Grain, Baled Hay, and All kinds of Produce,
72 Colborne St., Toronto, Ont.
Fish, Game and Poultry handled in Season. Advances made on Consignments.
Consignments of all kinds of Produce Solicited. sep4-3mo

The Perry Creek Gold Mining Co'y,
(LIMITED LIABILITY.)
Oct. Assessment, Due 16th Nov., 1889.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that at a meeting of the Trustees of said Company, held on the 17th October, 1889, an assessment of Five (5) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable on or before the 16th of November, 1889, to the Secretary of the company, at the company's office, Victoria, B. C. Any stock upon which said assessments shall remain unpaid on the 18th of November, 1889, shall be deemed delinquent and will be duly advertised for sale at Public Auction, and unless payment shall be made before will be sold on the 28th of November, 1889, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.
HENRY JACOBY,
The Company's Office, Government St., Victoria. Secretary. oc19

NOTICE.
WE BEG TO NOTIFY THE PUBLIC that we have no connection whatever with an agent or agents canvassing the city and vicinity selling contracts for photographs to be made sometime in the future. *We are doing a straight-forward business*—first-class work at remunerative prices. *We came to this city to stay;* we do not intend to get money in advance and then leave the country. Our prices are $6 per pozen for cabinet photos. Our samples are our own work, and *we guarantee our pictures* equal to our samples.
JONES BROS.,
[Photographers,
oc11-1w Douglas street, Victoria.

REMOVAL!
The undersigned has removed his Drug business to the brick block adjoining the Poodle Dog Hotel, and almost opposite his old stand.
oct9 J. TEAGUE, Jr.

To be Raffled For.
A PURE BRED
JERSEY COW
(Pedigree on view.)
Imported by Capt. Reveley. Winner of prizes at Provincial Fairs.
Tickets $2 Each, may be obtained of Mr. F. Pauline, 57 Gov't St., Victoria. o13

TENDERS.

TENDERS WANTED,
Not later than the 5th November, for clearing 80 ACRES, more or less, of land at BOUNDARY BAY.
Specifications to be seen on application to Wm. McDowell, Ladner's Landing, or to the undersigned.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
E. M. JOHNSON,
81 Government st., Victoria, B. C.
Oct. 1889. oc16

NOTICE.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO NOON of the 28th instant, for the purchase of the following properties, viz.: In WELLINGTON DISTRICT 1 farm containing 165 acres, valuable farming land, of which 40 acres, more or less, are in cultivation. It is contiguous to the famous Wellington Coal Mines, therefore a market for all produce is provided. It overlies a considerable portion of the far-famed Wellington Old Slope Coal. Tenders may be given for surface alone, minerals alone, or both. Also, in NANAIMO, that valuable piece of property, Block LVIII, Lots 1, 2 and 3, situate and fronting on Bastion, Commercial and Wharf streets, together with dwelling house containing eight rooms and kitchen, stable, cellar, and usual outhouses, and a large general store. This is a splendid chance for a syndicate to invest, as it is unrivalled as a building site for a very large hotel, and is not undermined, there being seven feet of coal underneath the entire property. Also a large and valuable stock of merchandise contained in said store, comprising English, French and German importations of dry goods of all kinds; also a large stock of clothing, boots and shoes, groceries, crockeryware, etc. Also 1 Lot on Esplanade and Fry street, cleared, dimensions 66 x 200 feet, commanding a splendid view of the Gulf and Harbor. Also one-third interest in the wharf usually known as Johnston's, and owned by Messrs. D. W. Gordon, R. Nightingale and James Harvey. Terms, two-thirds cash, balance within 12 months on approved security. No tender necessarily accepted.
Address, JAS. HARVEY,
oc16 Commercial street, Nanaimo.

TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to November 15, 1889, on behalf of the Kootenay Valleys Co., (Ld), of London, England, for
The widening of the Kootenay Lake Outlet
near Nelson, B. C., by removal of loose rock and boulders situated above low water mark by means of travelling derrick, (approximately 17,750 cubic yards).
Plans and specifications with further particulars respecting tenders can be seen at the office of the undersigned company's engineer at Kootenay Lake up to November 1st, 1889. Personal inspection essential.
Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
The ground is now being prepared for work. Address tenders to
C. W. BUSK, Assoc. M. Inst. C. E.,
care of Bank of British Columbia,
oct1-6d-2w Victoria, B. C.

PETER HANSEN,
CITY SCAVENGER, YARDS AND cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s, Robert Porter's Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets, residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ap12-12m

Great Inducements.
ARE offered to any acceptable person desirous of starting a weekly newspaper in a new and rising town in British Columbia. For further information address Box 379, Victoria, B. C. oc3-6t

MUNICIPAL.

MUNICIPAL.
TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the undersigned, up to Wednesday, October 23rd, at 4 p. m., for the construction of a fence at the School Reserve.
Plan and specification may be consulted at the City Surveyor's office.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Hall, Oct. 4th, 1889. oc17 C. M. C.

A BY-LAW
To Amend "The Revenue By-Law, 1889."
WHEREAS it is expedient to amend "The Revenue By-Law, 1889,"
BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:
1. That section 4 of schedule A of the said By-Law is hereby amended by striking out the words and figures "$50 for every six months," in the ninth line thereof, and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures "$25 for every six months."
2. That section 11 of the said schedule is hereby amended by adding at the end of the said section the words and figures following, namely: "except every person (other than a farmer selling produce grown or raised by him in the Province of British Columbia,) engaged in peddling or hawking any fish, game, or farm produce, $10 for every six months."
3. This By-Law may be cited as "The Revenue By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1889."
Passed the Municipal Council the 2nd day of October, A. D. 1889.
Re-considered and finally passed the Council, this 16th day of October, A. D. 1889.
[L. S.] JOHN GRANT, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. oc17

MUNICIPAL.
To Tradesmen and Others:
From and after this date I will not accept any orders from workmen or contractors employed by the Corporation.
CHARLES KENT, Treasurer.
Victoria, Oct. 8, 1889.

MUNICIPAL.
PARTIES having cellars along the line of the Johnson Street sewer and desiring sewerage connection for the same, will kindly inform the city surveyor of their depths without delay.
By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
Victoria, Sept. 30, 1889. oc1

GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S RECEPTION.
WILL the gentlemen whose names are first mentioned on the various sub-committees to arrange matters in connection with the reception to Lord Stanley kindly call their respective committees together for the transaction of business at the earliest date possible.
W. J. DOWLER,
City Hall, Oct. 9th, 1889. Hon. Sec. oct10

REAL ESTATE.

E. M. JOHNSON,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Notary Public and Conveyancer.

(ESTABLISHED TEN YEARS.)

The following Properties, Town, Suburban and Country are good investments:

1 acre	Gorge Road, water front.
2 1-2 acres	Cadboro Bay Road.
3 acres and House	Saanich Road.
5 acres	Cedar Hill.
14 acres and House, etc.	Gordon Head.
17 acres	Cadboro Bay Road.
25 acres	Gorge and Burnside Roads.
40 acres and House, etc.	Gordon Head.
100 acres do.	East Saanich Road.
103 acres	South Saanich.
200 acres	Head of Saanich Peninsula.
200 acres	Shawnigan District.
300 acres	Prospect Lake.
373 acres	North Arm, Burrard Inlet.
400 acres	James's Island.
485 acres	Shawnigan District.
670 acres	Sooke---Timber.
900 acres	Lake District.
970 acres	Osoyoos District, with 15,000 acres Grazing.
1000 acres	Metchosin District.
1100 acres	Happy Valley.
4350 acres	Fraser River.

Building Lots in town, from $200 to $35,000.
2 Corners on Government Street.
4 Corners on Douglas Street.

RENTS AND INTEREST.
Special attention given to collection of Rents and interest, and prompt returns made. Highest references if required.

CONVEYANCING
in all its branches cheaply and expeditiously carried out.

MONEY
To be lent on freehold mortgage and investments found for capitalists on first-class securities.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE.
We can offer choice of two of the leading enterprises of the Province, long established and running profitably. Capital required in each case about $250,000 00.

Maps, detail plans, and all information at
Office, Cor. Government and Bastion Streets,
VICTORIA.

PROFITABLE FARM AND STOCK FOR SALE.

200 Acres at Somenos Railway Station,
AND ON THE TRUNK ROAD TO NANAIMO,
With stream through the property. Good fishing in vicinity. 70 acres under cultivation. 30 acres pasture and stumps. 100 acres in timber, not heavy; 5 room House, brick chimneys; 2 Barns, one with stable 70 x 30—one with hay carriers, fork, etc., 60 x 72. Dairy, Granary, Chicken house, woodshed, etc., etc. 20 Head of Stock, with Bull; 8 Horses and Colts, with Stallion; Harness; 1 heavy and 1 light Spring Wagon; 2 Buggies; 1 Dump Cart; 2 Ploughs; 3 Harrows; Horse Hay Rake; 2 Mowers; Self Rake Harvester; New Binder; and usual Farm Tools; Pitt's Mounted Power, and Separator; Poultry, and or 7 sheep; Store and Dwelling near the Station.
Capital opening for Business and Summer Hotel, in a settled district—Crown Grant Titles.
This property is one of the finest farms on the Island.

MISCELLANEOUS.

E. G. PRIOR & CO.
Gilpin and Buford Sulky Plows,
Prairie Queen Breaking Plows,
Essex Centre No. 30 Jointer Plows,
WHIPPLE WHEEL, ACME, AND DISC HARROWS,
Hoosier Seed Drills,
Pacific Seeders,
Chatham Fanning Mills,
MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN CLEANERS.
The Largest Assortment of Plows and Harrows in the Province.
Cor. Government and Johnson Sts, Victoria, B. C.
feb-1-dwly

DESIRABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE.
8 acres of thoroughly cleared land on the Cadboro Bay Road, with a comfortable house and a good garden. The soil is rich, and land has all been under cultivation. Terms easy.
—ALSO,—
Nearly 450 acres of rich Delta lands, near Mud Bay. A considerable portion is under crop and grass. There is a good dwelling-house and extensive farm buildings. This property can be visited by stage three times a week from New Westminster.
For further particulars apply to H. E. CROASDAILE,
je2 Land and Financial Agent, 42 Fort street.

THE STANDARD
Life Assurance Company
ANNUAL REPORT, 1889.
The Sixty-Third Annual General Meeting of the Company was held at Edinburgh on Tuesday, the 23rd April, 1889.

AMOUNT PROPOSED FOR ASSURANCE during the year 1888 (3379 Proposals)	$9,125,554.60
AMOUNT OF ASSURANCES ACCEPTED during the year 1888 (for which 2972 Policies were issued)	$7,282,205.07
ANNUAL PREMIUMS on new Policies during the year 1888	$281,964.93
CLAIMS UNDER POLICIES during the year 1888, inclusive of Bonus Additions	$2,867,352.40
AMOUNT OF POLICIES ISSUED during the last five years	$31,313,145.60
SUBSISTING ASSURANCES at 15th November, 1888 (of which $6,882,060.00 is Re-assured with other offices	$101,258,149.14

ACCUMULATED FUNDS, $34,019,523.27
ANNUAL REVENUE, - $4,525,703.13
W. M. RAMSAY, Manager.
THOMAS KERR, Inspector.
ROBT. WARD & CO., - Agents B. C.
sept26

THE POODLE DOG
The only FIRST-CLASS HOTEL AND RESTAURANT IN VICTORIA, B. C.
mar27

Now Landing,
EX BARQUE "NORCROSS,"
FROM LONDON,
FIRE BRICKS,
FIRE CLAY,
COKE,
PIG IRON,
ALKALI,
Etc., Etc.
TURNER, BEETON & CO.
oct16

Now is the time to fix your DOORS and WINDOWS, Keep out the Cold and Rain,
—BY USING—
RUBBER CUSHION STRIPS,
—FOR SALE BY—
McKillican & Anderson
WHO ARE ALSO AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
RICHMOND WEATHER-:-STRIP
For Bottoms of Outside Doors.
oc25-3mo

MACHINERY FOR SALE
1 Twin Cylinder Hoisting Engine (new) 700. 1 Gang, Edger, 4 moveable and one Stationary Saw, $750. 1 New Turning Lathe, 20 in. swing with counter shaft. 1 Second Hand Moulding Machine, large size. 1 Pump boring Machine, complete with augers and rimmers, rubber belting, steam hose, piston packing, etc. 1 New Post Bracket Band Saw (G. & McC. make), $125.
Address:
F. G. STRICKLAND & CO.,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,
Dealers in High Class Machinery o every description.
jy3-6m

F. JEUNE,
Sail-Maker and Tent
MANUFACTURER,
HAS REMOVED
—TO—
Second Floor of the Brackman & Ker Building,
CORNER JOHNSON & GOVERNMENT STS.
sep28-1m

WOOL! WOOL!!
Highest Price paid for Wool.
LENZ & LEISER,
aug3-dw Government st., Victoria.

E. G. PRIOR & CO.,
Sole Agents for British Collumbia
Corner Government and Johnson streets,
sep30-1yr-sun-th-sat-dw VICTORIA, B.C.

HOMŒOPATHY.
DR. J. HALL, LATE OF TORONTO, where he practised 30 years, has opened an office at 82 Pandora street, 3 doors above the Presbyterian Church, where he can be consulted daily—excepting Sundays and holidays—from 1 to 4 p. m. Visits to patients will be from 10 a. m. till 12½ p. m. Chronic and Children's diseases a specialty. my17-tf

NOTICE.
All claims against the estate of the late Rupert Silva, trader, Hope, B. C., must be in by 1st November, 1889, to
JAMES WARDLE,
oc2-1m Administrator, Hope, B. C.

S. S. HYAMS, OPTICIAN, 27 FORT ST. near Government street. Received, a consignment of Spectacles and Eye Glasses to sell at 25c. and 50c. pair. Every Glass guaranteed to suit the sight. ☞Beware of Pedlers and irresponsible persons representing themselves as my Agents, they will impose on you and ruin your sight. sep27-1yr

PICTORIAL TOURISTS' GUIDE
—AND—
HAND BOOK
—TO—
BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Publishing Co.
NOTICE.
SEASON OF 1890
THE PICTORIAL TOURISTS' GUIDE, now being prepared for the press, will be profusely illustrated with finely executed maps and illustrations of views, scenery, etc., of British Columbia, and will be placed before the public as an attractive work of art.
A large and constant circulation is guaranteed throughout the United Kingdom and on the continent, by special arrangement, through the medium of well-known tourist agencies in all the principal cities of Europe. It will be a sure means of advertising hotels, hunting and pleasure resorts, real estate, lands, investment projects, mining, and all schemes in connection with the development of the country and its natural resources.
For advertising space and terms apply to
P. O. Box 208, Victoria, B. C.
oct15-6mo

ELECTRIC CALLS,
For Office and Household Use.
No house is complete without the Electric Calls. If you are building bear this in mind. We are placing them in many of the fine residences now in course of erection, and for service and cheapness they are beyond comparison.
Any information required will be cheerfully given at our office, Trounce street, or by our Agent, MR. PHIL R. SMITH.
se27-1mo R. B. McMICKING & CO.

NIGHT-:-SCHOOL
Night School every Evening
BY AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER.
Terms Moderate.
76 YATES STREET--Room No. 1.
oct8 H. SIDDALL, B. A.

REAL ESTATE, VICTORIA.

The time has come when VICTORIA, the Paradise of the Pacific Coast, is asserting herself. Grand chance to make fortunes. Invest in Real Estate while there is yet time.

BOURCHIER & HIGGINS

Have for sale the largest and most desirable tracts of land, viz.: On CADBORO BAY ROAD, the eastern Terminus of the TRAMWAY; ESQUIMALT ROAD, CRAIGFLOWER ROAD, OAK BAY AVENUE, LAKE HILL ESTATE, Beacon Hill, Dallas Road, etc. etc.

We are one of the largest holders of suburban property in the City, and have Lots ranging in prices from $200 upwards, and Acreage property from $60 upwards. TERMS EASIEST EVER OFFERED.

BOURCHIER & HIGGINS, - - "Colonist" Block.

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1889.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. OLYMPIAN, from the Sound—C H Prescott and wife, L D Campbell, Miss Campbell, F C Smith, G A McTavish and wife, H D Helmcken, John McTavish, B Varuhart, Miss Gregg A C Moistalk, F J Stannard, J W Fairbanks, R H Hammond, G A Ellenguist and wife, Miss V Garnet, M Hardy, F Saunders, D Buffington and wife, Mrs Goodall, Chas Harding and wife, A J McAllister, J Cowie, L Hill, Dr Mills, Mr. Semple, Mr Speed, J Heigh, H L Gilleau, B T Gillespie and wife, F Weeks J T Meunie, E N Mow, D Hickey Miss McGuire, J P Slade and wife, J McKinney and wife, G S Strowbridge wife and son, Miss McKinney, Miss Northrup, J Mallette, L Garver, Robt McCann and wife and child, F Farner, J Jones, J Hall, Miss Minton, F Classen, Miss W H Bone, G Eckland, J A Bradley, T J Baker, Mr. Fisher, A H Cook, H S Norton, W Howard, G W Bigger, G W McCrea, W Cichworth, Mrs Saunders, W Herman, Captain Morgan and wife, Thos Wall, D Moore, J Ferris, L Levy.

Per Steamer ISLANDER, from Vancouver—F A Felley, D R Harris, Uriah Nelson, I Glendening, D E Voss, Capt Wm Grant, Jas McVicker, L Mong Kow, G D Robertson, W Fernie, Miss Furneternare, Capt Urquhart, R Chambers, J S Yates, Long Tai, T Lodge, Miss Lawes, J T Moss, Jno Henderson, A Caglis, Jno Sparrow, H W Bowen, Miss Kate Madigan, R E Norton, G H Gould, A Steward, R Sinclair, L Johnson, J Stewart, J Tyson, F Rechter, C Campbell, Capt Babington, T B Williams, W H Black, W T Rutherford, W Williams A McT Campbell,

Per Steamer LOUISE, from Westminster—Mrs D Robson, Mrs Poole, Mr and Mrs Faulkner, J McAllister, Portineau.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer ISLANDER, from Vancouver—R P Rithet & Co, Ames, Holden & Co, Shears & Page, C P N Co, W W St Wood, Jas Mitchell, Geo Powell, H L Salmon, Mrs E Frank, R W Smith, H Saunders, J H Baker Simon Leiser, R Maynard, A Cameron.

Per Steamer LOUISE from Westminster—R E Jackson, Mrs Jags, R B & Son, John Grant, S Leiser, Nicholles & R, F Norris, Lung Chung & Co, Ames Holden Co, W P. Losee, A Cameron, Kung No Lung, J Parker, G Tollick, Wah Yuen, Jno Dooley, R P Rithet, Lowen & Erb, Smith & McIntosh, B & Kerr, R Colstord, Mrs Kettle.

Per Str. OLYMPIAN, from the Sound—Langley & Co, W H Cobury, Marvin & T, Jacob Sehl, J Weiler, E M & Co.

DIED.

WESTCOTT—In this city on the 26th inst., Charles H., only son of Charles H. and Ada S. Westcott, aged 8 months and 13 days.

The funeral will take place to-day at 3 o'clock from the Revere House, Pandora street. San Francisco papers please copy.

WANTED,

2,000 lots of ladies' and gents' new and cast-off clothing, by the 1st of Dec. N. POINTER, No. 85 Johnson street, cor. of Broad. Also a big lot of swallow-tail coats for sale. *

Ice Cream and Ice Cream Sodas

Every day at the CHICAGO CANDY FACTORY. Parties and Picnics supplied at short notice. 46 Government street. *ap9-6mo

Electro-plated goods at CHEAPSIDE. *

High Art.

Nothing to equal the display of picture mouldings, etc., at SOMMERS', 48 Government street, has ever been shown in Victoria before. *my5-6m

The Caligraph speaks for itself.
* T. N. HIBBEN & Co., Agents.

15 dozen Brooms to be cleared out at cost. DALEY'S, 111 Government street. *

Carpenter and Gardening Tools at CHEAPSIDE.

Go to CHEAPSIDE for Stoves and Tinware.

Pocket cutlery, gold pens and pencil cases, photograph albums, toilet sets, writing desks, etc., at
* T. N. HIBBEN & Co.'s.

One set of Bancroft's History of Pacific Coast, at half publisher's price.
* T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

When Baby was sick,
We gave her Castoria
When she was a Child,
She cried for Castoria
When she became Miss,
She clung to Castoria
When she had Children,
She gave them Castoria

Public Balls

And private parties supplied with programmes of the latest and most fashionable design. Also programme pencils and cords and tassels, at THE COLONIST office.

One 7 drawer Tucker File for sale by
* T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

New Seattle,

Look out for the sale of Lots to-day, in the New Town of Seattle, B. C., on the Fraser River, at the Mission Bridge. Prices will be advanced within thirty days BOURCHIER & HIGGINS, Agents. *

Dr. Child's Pile Ointment instantly relieves and permanently cures Piles, Pruritus and all hot and itching sores and eruptions. Price, $1. Of druggists. je13-d&w

A Cure for Toothache.

Gibbons' Toothache Gum is guaranteed to cure toothache instantly. Prepared by J. A. Gibbons & Co., Toronto, and sold by druggists. Price, 15 cents. july20-12m-w

Williams' Cities Directory, 1890,

$1.25, including Street Directory of Victoria. A home production. Publication office, 28 View street. *1m.

"The Jury," vol. 1, No. 1, San Francisco's latest in the funny paper line has just arrived; an excellent specimen of artistic printing, genuine fun and good caricature.

JOHN DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER

Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Mr. G. Downey's, cor. Blanchard and Fort sts, Bossi Hotel, Yates st, or J. Finlayson's, Fort st, will be promptly attended *ap26-1y

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

Nominations.

At noon to-morrow nominations will be received by the returning officer, Sheriff McMillan, of a candidate to represent Victoria in the Dominion Parliament.

Sunday Lectures.

W. J. Colville will lecture this afternoon in Harmony Hall at 2:30 on "Jonah and the Whale." In the evening, at 7:30, the subject will be "God and His Book, or the truth about the Bible." Everyone is invited.

Trunks and Valises.

A large shipment just to hand, all sizes and prices. We have also a full stock of men's, youth's and boys' clothing, furnishing goods, etc., etc. We invite inspection and comparison of prices. Cameron the cash clothier, 55 Johnson street.

Trade Notes.

The steamer City of Puebla, which sailed for San Francisco yesterday afternoon, carried from Victoria 700 tons of mixed merchandise, 200 tons of pig iron, 4000 sacks of oats, 1000 sacks of wheat, 2800 sacks of flax, 300 sacks of flour, and 11,535 cases of salmon.

The Islander's cargo last evening consisted of one carload each of whiskey, candies, and general merchandise, and two carload of tramway rails.

A Curio For Ottawa.

The totem pole which the Maude brought down from Metlakahtla yesterday had to be divided in three pieces to go aboard the steamer. When these pieces, which are to be shipped to Ottawa, are put together the pole will be over forty feet in height. It is a very fine piece of Indian legendary carving.

Provincial Voters.

All persons desiring to register their names on the Voters' List for Victoria will please call at the Revisors' office, Duck's building, (upstairs) Johnson street. The office will also be open from 6 to 8 o'clock in the evening. Persons with whom forms have been left for signature, should forward same to the Revisors without delay.

Real Estate.

Messrs. Bourchier & Higgins report the following sales for the week: Four lots, Fowl Bay Road, $1,800; ten acres, Cadboro Bay Road, to a syndicate, $10,000; Two lots, Beckley Farm, $1,400; three acres, Dallas Road, to a syndicate, $13,000; four lots, Oak Bay avenue, $1,200; eighty acres, Port Angeles, section 12, C. E. Mallette, trustee, $6,000. Total, $34,200.

Accident at Nanaimo.

An accident occurred on the bark Bundaleer at Nanaimo yesterday, whereby a sailor named Jas. Brown had his leg broken near the ankle. He was engaged in hoisting lumber from a boat alongside the vessel when a plank fell out of the sling, striking Brown on the leg and breaking it. He was taken to the Nanaimo hospital where the fractured limb was set.

A Charge of Assault.

A Norwegian sailor named Nordberg, belonging to the crew of the steamship Geo. W. Elder, has laid a complaint in the U. S. Court at Portland against the first mate of the vessel, charging him with assault. While the vessel was at sea the mate kicked Nordberg in the groin, rupturing him. A doctor says he will be crippled for life. Nordberg says he will sue the steamship company for damages.

On James Island.

Two provincial policemen have been sent up to James Island to take charge of an unfortunate man named John Marcowitz, who has lately become insane, and has for the past week or so been wandering about the island perfectly nude. Marcowitz was formerly an inmate of an asylum and is subject to periodical fits of lunacy. He is perfectly harmless, but his antics are the cause of considerable uneasiness in the neighborhood.

Southward Bound.

The following passengers from Victoria sailed for San Francisco by the City of Puebla yesterday: Robert H. Hind and wife, C. Kerr and wife, G. B. Harris, N. M. Bittraun, Mrs. Westcott, Mrs. Chamberlain, A. J. Anderson, Ben. Young, Hon. T. B. Humphreys, Mrs. H. Russell, Fred. W. Moseby, J. Isaacs, T. McLennan, A. G. McEwen, H. Moss, Jno. Smith, James Fisher, Henry Ella, H. J. Scott, A. H. Symonds, C. E. Redfern and Alex. Dunsmuir.

Music at the Park.

The Philharmonic Band will perform the following selection of music at the park pavillion this afternoon, weather permitting, commencing at 2 o'clock:

Grand March—Reception..... Hare
Religious Fantasia—"The Mystic Chime"..... Linter
Overture—Guy Manneriz...Sir H. Bishop
Selection—Iolanthe.....C. D. Albert
Fantasia—"Queen's Jubilee"...R. D. Lacy
Sacred March—Meet me at the Fountain.....Nerotore
Potpourri—Queen o' Love.....Gortz
Grand Selection—National...J. A. Browne
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Simpson-Thomas.

A large number of friends of the contracting parties assembled at Christ Church Cathedral yesterday afternoon to witness the marriage of Mr. George Simpson, of Saanich, to Miss Lillie Thomas, second daughter of Mr. George Thomas, also of Saanich. The ceremony was performed by the Lord Bishop of Columbia, the bride being given away by her father. Miss Flora Meiss acted as bridesmaid, and the groom was attended by Mr. J. T. Harrison. Upon the conclusion of the marriage ceremony the happy couple were driven to the residence of the bride's cousin, Mrs. Crogan, on Chatham street, where intimate friends had gathered to warmly congratulate Mr. and Mrs. Simpson, and where a dainty repast was spread. Some very pleasant hours were passed, and in the evening the newly-married couple went on board the Islander for Vancouver, and from there will visit the Sound before returning home. The presents to the bride were numerous, handsome and costly.

A Lost Anchor.

When the Dominion steamer Sir James Douglas was leaving her anchorage near the Customs House yesterday, her anchor became fouled with the anchor of the Tythonus. It was finally abandoned, and could not be recovered by the bark which dragged it as far as the Outer Wharf in going out.

Naval Notes.

On Friday evening Admiral Heneage gave a dinner party, among the guests being Mr. Stavely Hill, Q.C., M.P., Mrs. Hill, Mrs. Stokes and the captains of the fleet. The poop-deck awning was spread, decorated with flags and illuminated by the electric light, while the string band, under the conductorship of Mr. H. E. Loseby, discoursed some pretty music.

H.M.S. Champion left the harbor for Vancouver for the Vice-Regal party yesterday.

Changes in the Bank of B. C.

Mr. J. Keith-Wilson accountant at Victoria, will open a branch of the Bank of British Columbia at Seattle about the 15th of next month. Mr. T. S. Milligan assumes the position vacated by Mr. Wilson in the Victoria office, while Mr. Wyld, the present teller here, proceeds to New Westminster as accountant. Mr. Barnes, the agent at Kamloops, takes the position of accountant at Portland, and Mr. Dockerill, of the New Westminster branch, succeeds Mr. Barnes as agent at Kamloops. While congratulating Mr. Keith-Wilson on his promotion, Victorians regret that they lose him as a citizen. In this case particularly Victoria's loss is Seattle's gain.

New Saw Mill for Burrard Inlet.

It is understood that arrangements have been made for the erection of a large saw mill, similar in size and capacity to that of the McLaren-Ross mill at New Westminster, a short distance east of Hastings. The company, which is practically composed of the shareholders in the Westminster concern, and to be known as the North Pacific Lumber Company, has purchased 100 acres of Senator Reid's property as a mill site. Operations on a large scale will commence shordy and be prosecuted with vigor.—News-Advertiser.

Fruit Growing and Dairying Project.

A number of gentlemen in Westminster and Vancouver have taken the preliminary steps to form a joint stock company for the purpose of entering into the fruit growing and dairying business on an extensive scale. The site chosen for the farm is at Nicomen, and about 1,100 acres of land have already been secured on which it is proposed to begin work extensively at once. A large acreage will be set out in orchard and small fruits, and the remainder will be devoted to the dairying interests of the company.—Columbian.

Annual Halloween Concert.

The public are to be treated to a splendid performance next Tuesday evening, at the above concert, given under the auspices of the Y. P. L. A. of the First Presbyterian Church. The very best talent has been secured to assist. Special features of the entertainment will be the pieces by the choir, the violin solo by Mr. Loseby, bandmaster of H.M.S. Swiftsure; Prof. Sharpe's piano solo, and Mr. Brown's solo "Golden Hours," written by Mr. Loseby, and which was so warmly received on its first rendering by Mr. Brown a few weeks ago. The management of the concert is entrusted to Mr. Brown, and nothing will be wanting under his care to make the occasion a pleasant one for all who may attend. A great many tickets have already been sold for which seats will be reserved until 7:50 p. m.

A Large Cigarette Factory.

The Kinney Tobacco Co., of New York, enjoys the reputation of being the leading cigarette and cut tobacco manufacturers of the United States, with factories at Richmond, Va.; Danville, Va.; Baltimore, Md, and New York.

The output of cigarettes alone amounts to over a million daily, which find their way into every country of the world.

Two years ago Kinney Bros. conceived the idea of establishing a branch in Canada with the view of still better introducing their famous brands to the Canadian public, thus saving the heavy import duties levied on their cigarettes and tobaccos, and being enabled to place their goods at considerable reduction in price before consumers.

The American Cigarette Co., under whose management this enterprise is conducted at Montreal, P. Q., have been successful in their endeavors, and their steadily increasing business is evident proof of this.

We understand this firm intends to push the sale of their goods throughout British Columbia, one of their managers having recently passed through this territory, and reports having booked a number of orders from our largest firms.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. my31-eod-w

Liberati Coming—Musical Festival for Victoria.

Next Friday and Saturday evenings, with a special matinee at 2 p. m. Saturday afternoon, the world renowned Signor Liberati, with his full band of leading musicians, assisted by his elegant concert company, headed with the beautiful soprano, M'lle Sofia Romani, will positively appear in a select programme. The following is something about the most attractive concerts ever given at Saratoga: The attendance at the Liberati concerts in Congress Spring Park yesterday was very large. People are beginning to appreciate that Liberati's band is one of the finest, if not the finest organization of that sort in the country. It is competent to play good music and to play it so intelligently that it appeals to any hearer possessed of refinement or good taste, whether a musician or not. The programmes are not heavy, but made up of real music, which contrasts to great advantage with the frothy stuff with which the country is perennially flooded. The band in itself would be an attraction anywhere, but Signor Liberati has four of the best vocalists to be found anywhere.—Saratoga Union, Aug. 15, 1889.

Arrival of the Port Augusta.

The steamship Port Augusta, from Hong Kong, arrived off the harbor at 3,40 a. m. yesterday, took on her pilot and passed up to Vancouver, arriving at the latter place at 11 a. m. Following is the report of the voyage furnished by the purser: Steamship Port Augusta, Capt. James Hogg, has again arrived. Her dates being Hong Kong, 27th Sept.; Amoy, 28th; Foo Chow, 30th; Kobe, 7th Oct., and Yokohama, 10th. In Kobe experienced a hard gale, causing her to leave the pier for 24 hours and delaying cargo. After leaving Yokohama experienced strong head winds up to the 12th inst. From then hard westerly gales, with lowering sky and heavy beam sea, having violent squalls of hail, sleet and rain up to the 20th. Thence strong head winds with a continuation of rain and fog at short intervals up to Victoria, where we received pilot on 26th Oct. at 3:40 a. m. Proceeded up the inlet to Vancouver, arriving at 11 a. m. The Port Augusta brings a large mail, and amongst other merchandise an abnormally large consignment of silk, opium and tea. Saloon passengers: Rev. and Mrs. Winchester, Toronto; Dr. Power, New York; Mrs. Strauss, London, Eng.; Mr. Ermantinger, Vancouver. Steerage: Ten Japanese, 65 Chinese.

A Through Route to Chicago.

The conveniences and comfort of travel to the East are constantly being added to. On the 1st of September last the Norther Pacific and Wisconsin Central instituted a much better service between Chicago and the Pacific Coast. Up to that time the through passenger from Chicago was compelled to change from one sleeping car to another at St. Paul. Now a through Pullman is run from Chicago to Tacoma and Portland, and coast passengers can take a car at Chicago and remain with it right through. For this service fourteen Pullman sleepers, the handsomest ever built, were placed on this route, and the traveling public is already appreciating the convenience. It is also stated that the Northern Pacific will soon control the Baltimore & Ohio road, when they will run through cars from New York to the Coast. This will place them far ahead of all other American roads and on a par with the Canadian Pacific, which is at present the only line offering a through sleeper from Montreal to the Pacific coast. The dining car service of the Wisconsin Central and Northern Pacific is also unapproachable, and the general service of this through line to Chicago is of the very finest character. During the whole year, the Northern Pacific through train from St. Paul has left that city in several large sections, and the great influx of visitors and new population into the Pacific coast states is, at this late season of the year, still making this division of trains necessary. The Northern has never experienced a more prosperous year, and it has taxed its passenger and freight rolling stock to the utmost to handle the great traffic that has come to it, and there is every reason to believe that this traffic will constantly increase. The western country is rapidly filling up, and as a consequence railway business is created.

Street and Limits Extensions.

The making over to the city of twenty feet of the Royal Hospital property and twenty feet on the opposite side has rendered it possible for the corporation to carry out a much needed improvement. At the present time, the only roads leading to Spring Ridge and beyond are Yates and Chatham streets, and the continuation of Pandora street from the head of the avenue to the Fernwood road will enable traffic to that section of the city to take a more direct course, and will be a great and long required convenience. At present Fort street and Edmonton street are the only thoroughfares by which it is possible to reach Richmond Road. It is expected that the rapid growth of the city in the near future will make it necessary to open Pembroke street and Pandora street as far as Richmond road. This accomplished, there would be four thoroughfares leading from the business portion of the city through to the eastern suburbs, and public convenience will soon demand that it be done. It will first be necessary, however, to extend the city limits, and it is trusted that this important step will be taken very shortly. Under the old municipal act, all that was required to push the limits out half-a-mile was the application of the corporation to the government. Under the amendments of the past session, introduced by Mr. Beaven, it is requisite that the consent of both parties be first obtained.

Sweet Caporals differ from other makes in that their ends do not fall into the mouth.

LITTLE LOCALS.

Mrs. Dickenson's dancing class had a pleasant evening together last night.

Owing to the threatening weather yesterday, there was no football match or foot-race at Beacon Hill.

Prof. Foster had a grand opening last evening, with three set-tos with the gloves by his pupils.

The construction of the arch at the corner of Government and Yates streets will be commenced to-morrow.

Entries are coming in freely for the Victoria Jockey Club's inaugural race meeting on the 2nd and 4th prox.

The Maude on her recent trip north fell in with Mr. T. Pamphlet and Mr. C. P. Bloomfield, who are up north on a prospecting trip.

Two young gentlemen are to appear for trial in the Provincial Court tomorrow, on a charge of shooting pheasants out of season.

Croquet Sets at Daley's, No. 111 Government street. *

For Style and Finish, "We Lead." HALL & LOWE, Photographers, Government street. *

The Tacoma Morning Globe has been sold to a syndicate of Tacoma capitalists who contemplate materially improving the paper.

A married couple from the east, with 22 children of all sizes, left for the Sound yesterday. They arrived here on Friday night's boat.

A carload of heating and other stoves just received by McLENNAN & McFEELY, 70 Yates street. *

Owing to wet weather the Chinese exhibition of fireworks was postponed last evening until further notice. Tickets bought for last night still hold good.

The Nanaimo Free Press reports the unexpected departure from the city of Mr. and Mrs. B. Miller, of the Britannia Restaurant. Liabilities between $700 and $1,000.

James Barry was in the city police court yesterday charged with obtaining some brass taps under false pretenses from Messrs. Braden & Stamford. The case was laid over until to-morrow.

The handsomest mantel in British Columbia to-day, may be seen for a few days at McLeman & McFeely's 70 Yates street. *

At San Francisco, John Hendrickson, Richard Fredrickson and Wing Lee, have been indicted for an attempt to smuggle ashore 302 five-tael boxes of opium from the ship Wilna on the 17th inst.

The son of Mr. John Smith, whose barn was burned on Friday night, called at THE COLONIST office last evening to contradict the statement published in the Times that he had been smoking cigarettes in the barn.

C. E. Mallette is not cutting prices, but he has any amount of the best Wellington coal for sale at current rate. Try some. o19-1m

Police Officer Hawton last night arrested a young man named John Lee on a charge of stealing two pair of blankets from Messrs. Gilmore & McCandless' store, on Johnson street. The blankets were found in his cabin.

CUTTING prices on Furniture seems to be the order of the day. Not wishing to be outdone by anybody, JACOB SEHL has decided to enter the cutting field and cut down prices 10 per cent. lower than any other firm, on the largest and best assorted stock in the province, of furniture, carpets, linoleum, matting, window blinds, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc. Call and convince yourself at Nos. 66 and 68 Government street. *

It is not yet known whether the recent change of proprietorship in the Tacoma hotel will mean a change of management. Mr. W. Tyler has made himself such a great favorite with the traveling public, and has directed the hotel so well that The Tacoma is highly spoken of everywhere. In Tacoma, too, Mr. Tyler is esteemed for his many good qualities, and his hosts of friends trust that he will be retained to direct the fortunes of The Tacoma.

The ties and poles for the electric tramway are already cut; but that is nothing compared with the cutting that HASTIE & LOCKHART are now doing in the prices of furniture, upholstery, carpets, linoleums, mattings, etc. A call at their furniture emporium, 62 Government street, will convince you that they have the finest assortment of goods ever offered to the public, and at the least money. Specialties in upholstery and bedroom suites. Call and see us. No trouble to show goods.

MARINE.

Steamer Corona is due from Alaska.

Steamer Walla Walla sails for Victoria from San Francisco to-day.

Tug Pilot came off the ways yesterday and towed the bark Tythonus to Esquimalt, returning with the Dochra.

Steamer Michigan arrived yesterday morning with freight from Portland, and after discharging passed on to Nanaimo and Vancouver.

CHURCH NOTICES.

The Calvary Baptist Church will hold their usual Sunday services in The Victoria at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Subject of sermons—Morning, Waxing Fat and Kicking: evening, What Then?

F. W. Morris, general secretary at Port Townsend, will address the afternoon meeting in Y. M. C. A. hall today.

In Many Forms.

DYSPEPSIA assumes many phases, all disagreeable to the sufferer, yet it takes no form which from two to four bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters will not cure. B.B.B. cures dyspepsia, tones the weak stomach, aids digestion, sharpens the appetite and renovates the entire system.

Cannot Fail.

MRS. John E. Thompson, of Shelburne, P. O., writes: My two children received great benefit from Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for Diarrhœa and summer complaint. I gave it according to direction and they soon recovered. Be sure and get the genuine. swf

A popular article at a popular price is Sweet Caporals.

PERSONAL.

G. A. McTavish has returned from New York.

Alex. Dunsmuir left for San Francisco yesterday.

P. Hickey returned last evening from Port Townsend.

L. D. Campbell and wife, of Tacoma, are at the Driard.

J. S. Yates arrived over from Vancouver last night.

Ald. D. R. Harris returned from the mainland last evening.

Uriah Nelson was a passenger from Vancouver last night.

Capt. Wm. Grant came home last evening by the Islander.

Mrs. D. Robson, of New Westminster, came over last evening.

W. Williams and W. F. Rutherford, of Winnipeg, are visiting the city.

Capt. Morgan and wife, of Port Townsend, came over last evening.

Ben. Young, the salmon king, left for San Francisco by the City of Puebla yesterday.

Fred. W. Moseley, of Montreal, spent a couple of days in Victoria, and left for San Francisco yesterday.

H. J. Scott, of the Hamilton Powder Co., was a passenger to California by the direct steamer yesterday.

A. McT. Campbell, of Winnipeg, general agent of the Canada Life, arrived on the Islander last night.

C. H. Prescott, second vice-president of the Northern Pacific Railroad, with Mrs. Prescott, arrived in town yesterday.

H. D. Helmcken and Mrs. McTavish went over to Tacoma yesterday to meet Mr. McTavish on his return from the East.

A MURDERER'S CONFESSION.

One of the Highwaymen Who Shot Young Crosby at Tacoma Confesses.

TACOMA, Oct. 26.—It is learned today from city officials that one of the three suspects now confined in the county jail for the murder of Enoch Crosby in this city some time ago, named Stowe, has confessed to a fellow prisoner placed in the jail to pump these men, that he and Hoyt were the two men who murdered Crosby. It is alleged they simply stopped him for robbery, and were not waylaying any prominent citizens. Hoyt held a revolver and Stowe was to have rifled his person. When young Crosby made an effort at defense, Hoyt fired the fatal shot. They then ran down to the railway track and thence beat their way to Portland. The officials are reticent as yet, but it is thought a written confession will come out to-morrow.

Merit and merit only is what is claimed for Sweet Caporals.

Put a Pin in the Spot,

And bear in mind that the best value in Waterproofs, Umbrellas, Ulsters, and Jackets is at the Lansdowne House, Yates street. *

ELEGANT NEW DINING CARS

will run daily, commencing Aug. 22, over the Oregon Railway and Navigation Co., Oregon Short Line and Union Pacific Ry., between Portland and Missouri River. The cuisine and service are unexcelled. a21-1m

HORSES! HORSES!

Just received from Alberta, 18 splendid Young Horses, comprising Draught, Carriage, Baggy and Riding horses, from 4 to 6 years old and 15 to 16 hands high, many bred from imported English sires.
For price and particulars apply
TLEY PARK.
oct6-3-5t

Re Estate of Augustus Christopher, deceased.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the above Estate are requested to present the same to the undersigned, duly authenticated, within thirty days from date. All persons indebted to said Estate are required to make immediate settlement.

EBERTS & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for the Administrators.
Victoria, B. C., Oct. 25th, 1889. oc26

W. J. COLVILLE

Will Lecture at HARMONY HALL on

Sunday, Oct. 27, at 2:30 p. m.

SUBJECT:
"JONAH AND THE WHALE,"
An Ancient Fable with a Modern Lesson.

Also at 7:30 p. m.

SUBJECT:
"GOD AND HIS BOOK, OR THE TRUTH ABOUT THE BIBLE."

ALL SEATS FREE. COLLECTIONS.

MEDICAL COUNCIL.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS of the B.C. Medical Council will be held in the City of New Westminster on Saturday,

The 9th of November next,

Commencing at the hour of 9 a. m. Full particulars will be given by addressing the Registrar.

G. L. MILNE,
oc19-2w Registrar and Secretary.

EDUCATIONAL.

PRIVATE TUITION.

MISS CATON, WHO HAS TAUGHT in country families in England, has first-class certificates and has acquired the languages of France and Germany, by studying them for several years in their respective countries, has opened morning and afternoon classes at 56 Vancouver Street, opposite Richardson street. Only a limited number of pupils can be received. There are still a few vacancies.

For further particulars kindly apply by letter or on Saturday afternoons. sep17

THE WESTSIDE

DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT.

From this date MRS. V. A. LE PRINCE, so well and favorably known to the ladies of Victoria, will have charge of this department.

MANTLE AND CLOAK MAKING.

MRS. CAMPBELL continues to have full charge of this branch of the business, which is a guarantee of artistic work and assures perfect satisfaction.

In stock, a full line of Sealettes, Plushes, Plain and Fancy Mantle Cloths, Trimmings, etc.

WANTED---DRESS AND MANTLE MAKERS,
Only first-class workers need apply.

THE WESTSIDE.

J. HUTCHESON & Co.

19th October, 1889.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Get your NEW STOVES from, and have your OLD STOVES fitted up by

McLENNAN & McFEELY,

They have a large assortment of Parlor, Hall and Kitchen Stoves, and use

SHIPE'S PATENT 6-IN. STOVE PIPES

In fitting them up. These pipes are made by machinery, are nicely polished and resemble Russian iron, every joint a perfect fit, the ornamentation is new. No rivets are used, and in the Spring the pipes may be slipped apart and fifty joints can be easily stowed in the stove on which they were used. Same price as common misfitting pipe.

70 Yates Street. my4-12mos Telephone 454.

Russell, McDonald & Co.'s

Fifth Annual Premium Drawing.

$850 -:- WORTH OF GIFTS -:- $850

1st Gift, Gold Coin	$100 00
2nd Gift, Dinner Service, 103 pieces	50 00
3rd Gift, Gents Stem Winding Gold Watch	50 00
4th Gift, China Tea Sett, hand painted	25 00
5th Gift, China Tea Sett, hand Painted	25 00
6th Gift, Iron Wheel, Silk Upholstered Baby Carriage	25 00
7th Gift, Gent's Silver Watch	25 00
8th Gift, Black Silk Dress	20 00
9th Gift, Sett of Agate Ware	20 00
10th Gift, Silk Dress or Velvet Dress	20 00
Ten Gifts, Valued at $20 each	200 00
Ten Gifts, Valued at $15 each	150 00
Ten Gifts, Valued at $10 each	100 00
Ten Gifts, Valued at $5 each	50 00

Customers receiving one ticket for every dollar's worth of goods purchased.

Drawing takes place December 26th, under the entire management of a committee of ticket holders.

Our Fall Stock of Dry Goods

Ladies', Misses' and Childrens' Ulsters; Mens' and Boys' Overcoats and Clothing is now complete and will be found to be twenty per cent. cheaper than any other stock in the city.

We have added some new lines to our immense stock of Boots and Shoes, viz: Ladies French Kid Op Toed Slippers at $1.50, and Hand Turned, French Kid Gaiters at $3. also a lot of new goods in Childrens' wear.

RUSSELL, McDONALD & CO.,
oct 1 Opposite Iron Church, Douglas Street.

Acre and Half Acre Lots on the

TOLMIE ESTATE

THE CHEAPEST AND MOST DESIRABLE BUILDING SITES IN VICTORIA.

For Sale on EASY TERMS.

ROUTLEDGE, SWINERTON & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE BROKERS,
Next Bank of B. C. sep22 52 Government street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR RENT—One or two furnished rooms. 202 Fort street. oc18-1mo

FOR SALE CHEAP

A large Hall's Safe. Nearly new.
Apply at "The White House." o26-1w

FURNITURE FOR SALE,
AND
HOUSE TO LET.

The furniture of a newly furnished five-roomed house for sale, near centre of city. Apply "P.," this office. oct15

FOR SALE.

First-class Island Baled Hay and Oat Straw
Delivered at Current Rates.
Also, beginning of Oct., a lot of young pigs.
JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm,
Victoria, P. O. Box 302. au22-2mo

FARM FOR SALE

200 ACRES. 70 ACRES UNDER CULtivation. Apply to
MRS. GEORGE MILLS,
je22-tf North Saanich.

MUST BE SOLD.

Bay Horse and 2 sets Harness; 1 Express Wagon, half-spring; 1 Phaeton.
Apply to J. P. BURGESS,
sep4-tf Carpenter, 10 Broughton st.

Eor Sale! A Bargain!

PIANO—In use but a short time. Good as new. Value $450, will be sold for $350. Address
P. O. Box 132,
oc4 Victoria, B. C.

BOARD AND LODGING.

A GENTLEMAN and wife, or two three gentlemen or ladies, can be accommodated with board and room at moderate charges. Apply to Mrs. F. G. Richards, Sr., Rae street, between Blanchard and Quadra. oct10-1m

FOR SALE.

NEAR RUSSELL STATION, CORNER Frederick and Mary streets, four large lots, all cleared. New two-story house, nine rooms exclusive of halls, pantry and bathroom. Stone foundation. Woodshed, with eight cords of cut wood. Apply at Star shipyard or No. 10, 2nd street, Work Estate. oc23 1w

Choice Lots for Sale.

In Victoria City, from - - - $175 00
In Port Angeles, from - - - 50 00

SINGLE ACRE LOTS AT EXCEPTIONALLY LOW FIGURES.

Desirable Residences for Sale,
In this city, varying in price from $1,950 to $12,500.

100 ACRE FARM all fenced, together with horses, pigs, crop, implements, hay, straw and buildings, on Saanich road, only one hour's drive from Victoria. A bargain. Price, $3,250.

Farms and all description of property for sale or lease.

RENTS and ACCOUNTS collected; prompt returns.
au16 W. H. DANBY, 57 Gov't st.